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New Darkness In the Balkans

The Ghosts of Many Wars Are Haunting Refugees

By Roger Cohen New York Times Service

BERLIN - All is dark again in southeast Europe. Close your eyes and those long lines of ragged ethnic Albanian refugees struggling out of Kosovo fuse with so many other processions of the Balkan bedraggled: a million Greeks out of Turkey in 1923, 500,000 Turks out of Greece in the same year, more than 750,000 Muslims out of Bosnia in 1992 and 175,000 Serbs out of Croatia in 1995.

Where will it end? After 12 days of NATO air attacks on Serbia and Montenegro, confusion seemed absolute. NEWS A war begun to persuade President Slobodan Milosevic to agree to a peace plan offering autonomy to Kosovo's ethnic Albanians had become a battle to stop him from evicting all those Albanians under cover of the mayhem

A NATO air campaign with limited goals had begun to look like a full-scale war whose true target was Mr. Milosevic — and whose potential to spread to Macedonia

and Albania seemed real as more than 200,000 Kosovo refugees straggled across those countries' borders. Another somber possibility was that the alliance itself

Another somer possibility was that the altrance used could be threatened by the ignominy of failure on the eve of what had been billed as a glorious 50th birthday party this month at a gathering in Washington.

"The credibility of the alliance has been heavily damaged," commented Christoph Bertram in the German weekly Die Zeit. "And it is a bitter irooy that in the beginning it was concern for this credibility that was the decisive factor behind the attack." decisive factor behind the attack."

That attack has now gained an unpredictable momentum. "To say we are oot at war seems to me a statement too ridiculous even to refute." said General William Odom of the Hudson Institute. "And wars, as von Clausewitz noted, are acts of force to compel our enemies to do our will So let's get on with it before the

president inadvertently tears up our alliance. But America's will seemed unclear, even on such

A number of outcomes now seem possible, but one trend is inescapable. The history of the Balkans since the beginning of the 19th century is broadly that of the emergence of nation states.

In the place of the Austro-Hungarian and Ottoman empires, and later the multinational state of Yugoslavia, smaller countries of peoples claiming the same language, religion and culture have emerged. The process began with Greece, which rose against the Ottomans in 1821 and gained independence in 1930. More recently, the process has brought the establishment of Slovenia and Croatia in 1991.

Throughout, the intermittently bloody unscrambling of mixed populations who often had scant sense of nationality has been apparent.

The trend seems unlikely to stop. It suggests that the truncated, surviving Yugoslav federation is unlikely to fare better than its far larger predecessor. One day, Kosovo and Montenegro will probably go their own ways, allowing Serbia, at last, to proclaim itself once more a nation state, as it was in the 19th century. But in the interim, many scenarios seem possible.

The first critical issue, officials said, is whether to keep a diplomatic channel open to Mr. Milosevic that might permit some salvaging of an accord on antonomy for

For now, the channel remains, meager and reduced further by each new reported Serbian atrocity against the ethnic Albanians, but it has not been abandoned.

See BALKANS, Page 8

Survivors of a Kosovo 'Cleansing' Are Seared by Terror

KRUMA, Albania — Life's spiral turned slowly in the Kosovo village of Goden, a collection of 20 whitewashed stone houses with red tile roofs that rested on a gentle hill within sight of the Albanian border.

Goden had a small mosque and an elementary school, but no shops, and the villagers made weekly treks for supplies to the nearest big town, Djakovica. The families who lived in Goden farmed a few acres, mostly of wheat, tended vegetable plots behind their houses and raised cows and ehickens that

provided them with milk, eheese and eggs.
On March 24, after a day of feasting to celebrate a Muslim boliday, the villagers crowded into sitting rooms to time in Albanian television and watch the beginning of NATO air strikes against Yugoslavia. But there was no sense that violence

was at their doorstep. That night, the villagers slept well. About 9:30 the next morning, Rokmane Feraj, 33, was eating a breakfast with her five children when she heard gunshots. One of the family's two dogs was being killed in the courtyard. Yogoslav troops, led by a soldier wearing a yellow bandanna and carrying a knife with a 30 centimeter (12-inch) hlade, kicked in her door. They screamed at the family in Serbian, which the Ferajs did not understand. Then all six people in the house were bustled into the street.

So began the destruction of one Kosovo village. Goden was a peaceful place of no strategic importance. Its populatioo was eotirely ethnie Albanian, however, and that appears to have been eoough to condemn it to death. The residents of Goden were the first people from Kosovo to be herded to Albania by Serbian forces after NATO began bomhing Yugoslavia on March 24. Their forced march through minefields ahead of the guns of taunting soldiers was

See VILLAGE, Page 8

Aid Trickles In as NATO Hits Belgrade



Refugees reaching for food that was being distributed from a tractor on Sunday at the Macedonian border.

A Field of Horrors Camp in Macedonia Is Poor Refuge

By Carlotta Gall

BLACE, Macedonia — Every few minutes stretcher bearers struggled through the crowd, slipping and falling up the muddy slope in their haste to get another patient to the medical tent. Others literally ran with childreo in their

They were the very few who were allowed through the police cordon Sunday. Macedonian military and police troops formed a human barrier around the thousands of Kosovar Albanian refugees camping at Blace, beating back anyone who tried to get through.

Armed with automatic weapons, and dressed in riot gear with flak jackets and helmets, the security forces are keeping

about 30,000 people penned into a small stretch of land. Conditions have deteriorated alarmingly as thousands of refugees have poured in from Kosovo over the last few days and been detained by Macedonian police officers.

There is a growing sense of desperation among the people. Expelled at gunpoint and herded into train wagons, the refugees have arrived often with only the clothes on their

See REFUGEES, Page 8

Allies Step Up Action In Kosovo and Strive To Cope With Exodus

By Joseph Fitchett

PARIS - After predawn croise missile strikes that left targets in Belgrade aflame, NATO officials said Sunday that the alliance would reinforce its air offensive against Serbian forces in Kosovo and commit allied ground troops to help neighboring countries cope with a growing ethnic Albanian exodus from Kosovo.

As aid started to flow to the hundreds of thousands of refugees, and major U.S. reinforcements arrived in the area, the alliance seemed to modify its war aims. It implicitly acknowledged that it bad badly underestimated President Slobodan Milosevic's audacity and the teoacity of his military and special police forces.

Beyond its goal of destroying Serbian forces through air attacks, NATO also committed troops to ground relief operations, incorporating military protection, around Kosovo. The oced to preserve the ethnic Albanians' prospects for

returning to their bomes in Kosovo bas emerged as a leading war goal of the alliance, officials indicated. Alliance ground forces, including Americans, entered the

overall Western operation for the first time wheo they were ordered to deploy in Macedonia and Albania to belp deliver supplies and to stabilize the desperate refugee situation. Western officials stressed a need to prevent Mr. Milosevic

from succeeding with "ethnic cleansing" in Kosovo and to prevent the region from being destabilized by fears that the refugees might become a permaneot burden on oeighboring countries like Macedonia and Albania.

As evidence of Western commitment to resolving the crisis, the NATO spokesman Jamie Shea said Sunday that NATO nations planned to fly almost 100,000 refugees to Europe and North America.

The day after croise missiles hit government installations, including the Interior Ministry, in Belgrade for the first time and destroyed bridges said to carry military supplies and communications, the United States announced major reinforcements for the air war. These included sea-launched Tomahawk cruise missiles and the F-14 Tomcat fighterbombers aboard the carrier Theodore Roosevelt.

The expanded raids by cruise missiles, which can operate accurately against fixed targets even in the poor weather that has grounded most of NATO's 450 warplanes in the area, continued Sunday, knocking out a second bridge over the Danobe at Novi Sad and destroying a factory in Belgrade.

President Bill Clinton's administration has also agreed to

provide Apache attack helieopters - heavily armed gunships that could spearhead a drive against Serbian tanks and ground forces in Kosovo. The Apaches will go to Albania, which had said it would welcome NATO units.

"It's a logical expansion of the current air operation." said Ken Bacon, the Pentagoo spokesman, speaking in Washingtoo 'It gives us greater precision, all-weather capability, day or night, to go after the types of weapons that the Yugoslav Army is using to not only repress the Kosovar Albanian people but to drive them from their villages and to

shell and crush the villages."

The deployment of the Apaches, the army's low-flying guoship used to destroy tanks, carries a political risk in the

See KOSOVO, Page 8

AGENDA

BAGHDAD (Reuters) — Iraq said one person was wounded Sun-day when Western aircraft attacked targets in the Western-imposed southern no-flight zone. In Washington, the Pentagon said F-16 and F/A-18 fighters and British GR-1 Tornado aircraft had attacked a missile battery and communications sites after Iraqi violations of the zone. There was also an attack Fri-

U.S. and U.K. Jets

Attack Iraqi Sites

Page 11. Page 19. Crossword Page 10. . Pages 18-20.

day, the first since March 19.

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In China, a Plague of Fraud Leads to Tragedy

By John Pomfret

1.4

A burning thermal plant at Belgrade, hit by cruise

missiles, lighting the dawn sky on Easter Sunday.

QIJIANG, China - On Jan. 4, shortly before sunset, a squad of soldiers was jogging along the river in this county seat nestled in the mountains 100 kilometers from the grimy metropolis of Chongqing.

As the troops neared a footbridge, witnesses said, the squad leader stopped to tie his shoelaces, letting the rest of his men pass. That probably saved his life. As he looked on, 40 people, including 18 soldiers, were killed when the concrete and steel bridge, 140 meters (460 feet) long, tumbled into the roiling

waters of the Qijiang River.
The collapse of the Rainbow Bridge in Qijiang is one of scores of disasters befalling construction projects around China. Toppling bridges, roads, dikes, buildings and dams are raising serious questions about the success of China's efforts to spend itself out of a recession and sidestep Asia's financial ills.

Nationwide, news of dikes filled with mud instead of concrete, of buildings without foun-dations and of roads built on swamps is com-

In Chongoing alone last year, 1,600 people died because of shoddy work on construction sites or collapsing infrastructure projects. Beijing's western train station, completed last year but already crumbling, was the subject of press scrutiny until Chinese reporters linked its instruction contracts to senior leaders and further news stories were stopped.

Last month, Prime Minister Zhu Roogji devoted a chunk of his annual report to Parliament to corruption in the construction sector, promising to crack down oo "bean-curd projects," so named because they fall apart easily. The Ministry of Public Security recently ordered the police nationwide to investigate projects for inferior work.

And in a development designed to frighten officials into walking the straight and narrow, a trial of 31 officials from Qipang accused of

cutting corners and stealing money as they built the ill-fated bridge was aired live on Chinese television. On Saturday the court sentenced a local Communist Party official to death and 12 other people to prison terms ranging from three to 13 years. In a dispatch on the trial, the New China

News Ageocy said late last mooth that workers from the Three Gorges Dam project had been encouraged to watch the proceedings. That \$25 billion plan to dam the Chang Yang River is China's biggest and most cootroversial infrastructure project, involving the construction of one of the world's largest dams and the resculement of 1.8 million people. In December, Mr. Zhu expressed coocern about the

quality of engineering work there. Qijiang's flimsy bridges illustrate noe of the country's most bedeviling economic issues. For the past two years, in the face of slipping exports and tumbling foreign investment

See CHINA, Page 6



•Some young Serbian men are evading President Slobodan Milosevic's call to arms. Page 8. • A Kosovo Liberation Army commander hegged the alliance to supply weapons and ammunition to his guerrilla force. Page 8.

The cruise missiles that demolished two ministries in Belgrade demonstrated the devastating accuracy of these precision-guided U.S. weapons. Page 9. President Bill Clinton may seem worn these days,

but President Milosevic looks as if he is on top of his

Konpyutaa-Speak: Older Japanese Log On to Linguistic Challenge

By Nicholas D. Kristof

TOKYO - Toshiyuki Shimizu picked up a computer instruction manual and frowned. 'Look at this,' he complained. "'Start but-

ton. 'Click.' 'Start menu.' 'Device.' 'Slot.' This is all English!" Well, not quite all English but pretty close. The actual first sentence read: Sutaato botan (start button) o kurikku (click) suru, sutaato menyuu (start menn) ga hyoji sareru.

For many middle-aged and elderly Japanese, life these days is a perplexing struggle through what seems like an endless language school. In restaurants, in stores, in oewspapers, on television and in conversation with young people, they find themselves bewildered by what seems like an

explosion of foreign terms.

"It's very annoying when you walk down the street and you can't understand a word on the street signs," complained Hideko Nabekura, an 82-year-old fireball of a woman, gesturing furi-

"When my friends and I go to lunch these days, we can't understand the menu," Mrs. Nabekura continued. "One time I weot by myself, and I couldo't understand the items on the menu, so I picked what seemed to be the cheapest. And the waitress said, 'No, it's a kid's meal.'"

Restaurant menus are particularly challenging because, out of snob appeal, they translate the sounds of foreign words rather than the meanings. That results in offerings ranging from paati menyuu (party meno) or happii awaa (happy hour) at the simpler end to haabu-roosutochikin (herb-

roasted chicken) and ruijiana sutairu kurabukeeki (Louisiana-style crab cakes).

English words may seem challenging enough, but for many Japanese it is the menus of French restaurants that are the most baffling.

For example, l'Ecrin, a French restaurant in Tokyo, offers a fish and shrimp dish that is poware ju do omaaru. The chef explains that this is "poilee, jus de bomard," or sauteed in a special way in the juice of a lobster.

See TOKYO, Page 6

Algerian Editor Persists in Long Freedom Fight

By John F. Burns
New York Times Service

LGIERS - Omar Bellouchet's name is not on the ballot for the presidential election on April 15, an election that many of Algeria's voters see as a gateway to democracy. But many Algerians consider him and others like him at least as important to hopes of freedom as any of the presidential candidates.

Mr. Bellouchet, 46, is editor in chief of El Watan.

the most spirited of a dozen independent news-papers that have sprung up to the 1990s. He has been a champion of liberties that Algerians have been denied by a repressive oligarchy of generals and

For him, as for hundreds of Algerian editors and reporters, it has been a hitter decade. More than 70 journalists have been killed during the conflict that erupted in 1992 between the government and armed Islamic groups when the military canceled an election that the Islamists seemed poised to win. Some have died in car bombings, others from bombs that exploded at their offices, but most from shootings. Mr. Bellouchet has survived two assassination

attempts and a stint in police custody in 1993 on charges of printing "premature informatioo" about the killing of six police officers. The case is still dragging through the courts, although the report was confirmed within days. It is one of a dozen cases still pending against El Watan and its editor under a web of restrictive press laws. In two cases, including the one involving the killing of the policemen, he faces jail terms if appeals go against him.
In 1993, Mr. Belloucher's wife, Nacera, died of a

heart attack. She was 30 years old. He hlames the pressures his work brought oo his family, including an attempt by two gunmen that year to kill him while he was dropping off his two small children at school. In 1995 two other gunmen followed him as he left an Algiers courthouse, but he outran them and found sanctuary in the crowds.

With the tempo of the conflict with the Islamic rebels now sharply reduced and the generals promising to allow a democratic evolution through the presidential election, the pressures have dimin-ished, but they are not gone. Like many editors and reporters, Mr. Bellouchet continues to live in a heavily guarded compound on the outskirts of Algiers. His newspaper, like other independent pa-pers, has its offices in another high-walled compound in the heart of the capital.

pound in the heart of the capital.

"Entrenching press freedom in a country like this is a difficult business," he said. "You move forward, you get hit, you fall down; you get up, move forward, get hit again. It's a never-ending process. It's not something that happens in an intellectuals' salon, amid the niceties of fine debate."

The struggle entered a new phase after 1988, when riots in the streets of Algerian cities forced the military oligarchy to introduce a new constitution permitting opposition political parties and independent newspapers. But especially since the conflict with the Islamic rebels began, the liberties inscribed in the constitution have often proved more theoretical than constitution have often proved more theoretical than real. Apart from prosecutions on charges of impugning the armed forces or libeling senior officials



Many Algerians consider Omar Bellouchet of El Watan and other editors of independent newspapers as important to the prospects of freedom as any of the presidential candidates in the April 15 election.

with articles alleging corruption, restrictive laws have been used to close El Watan and other independent

newspapers for weeks, and sometimes months.
Editors and reporters, including Mr. Bellouchet, have faced long periods under "judicial cootrol," which requires them to report regularly to police stations and bars them from leaving the country.

Because the government owns all the country's

printing presses, it has been able to block individual issues, or to force the censorship of articles it has disapproved of. It has also favored some papers and disfavored others — by assigning advertising by state-owned businesses. Typically, papers that have taken an uncritical view of the government's tactics in fighting the Islamic rebels have been rewarded, and papers like El Watan have been starved.

TOR EL WATAN, a cooperative owned hy 18 of its editors and reporters, this has meant surviving on minimal wages, oow the equivalent of about \$300 a month for the

equivalent of about \$300 a month for the reporters. But the paper's circulation, currently 100,000 copies a day, has continued to rise, and Mr. Bellouchet and fellow editors at other independent papers have not been cowed.

Among other things, they have continued to raise what has become one of the central questions about the conflict between the government and the rebels, an issue known among French-speaking Algerians as "Qui tue qui?" — literally, "Who is killing whom?" One of the pending court cases against Mr. Bellouchet involves an appeal against a one-year jail term on charges of "impugning the security of the term on charges of "impugning the security of the state" by saying on French television that not all the journalists who have been killed have been victims of Islamic terrorists. He did not say whom he

With Terrorism Subdued, Tourists Flow Back to Nile

suspected, but just by raising the issue he touched on

suspected, but just by faising the issue he touched on
the most sensitive of all the government's nerves.

International human rights groups have suggested there may have been government complicity in
massacres of hundreds of villagers at a time in the
mid-1990s. But Mr. Bellouchet, after inconclusive
investigations by El Watan, believes most of the
massacres may have been the work of the rebels, and
that others may have been carried out by private

massacres may have been the work of the rebels, and that others may have been carried out by private groups settling vendettas or engaged in land-grabs. "Le Pouvoir has used violence to fight violence," he said, using a popular French word for the ruling generals that means the Power. "In some cases, doubtlessly, things got ont of hand; people pushed aside the law, and got involved in some umpleasant things. But I don't believe that Le Pouvoir would ever have said to the army, 'Go and kill whole villages, and make it look like the works kill whole villages, and make it look like the works of the Islamists. No, that I cannot believe."

Similarly, he is optimistic that the generals are sincere in promising to step down. One encouraging sincere in promising to step down. One encouraging sign has been the appointment of a new information minister, A bdelaziz Rahabi, a former diplomat who has begnn his tenure by licensing the establishment of independent printing presses, ending favoritism in the assignment of government advertising and—unheard of for government ministers in the past—taking editors like Mr. Bellonchet out to lunch.

"These are still dramatic and difficult times,"
Mr. Bellouchet said. "but their main characteristic

Mr. Bellouchet said, 'but their main characteristic is an overwhelming popular flight from all forms of autocracy and oppression, whether in the form of military authoritarianism or religious extremism.

The whole society wants to move forward, and

for the first time now those pushing forward are more powerful than those pushing back."

Libya Invites Officials To Witness Handover

New Sign of Pan Am Suspects' Extradition

CAIRO — Arab dignitaries have been invited by Libya to witness the handover of two suspects in the 1988 Pan Am bombing, a further sign their promised extradition is imminent, an Arab League

official said Snuday.

Ahmed Ben Heli, the Arab League's anmed Ben Hen, the Arab League's assistant secretary-general, said his delegation would fly to a Tunisian airport, Djerba, from where they would be driven to the Libyan capital, Tripoli. Representatives from six Arab countries also would attend the handover to a United Nations representative, he said.

"It is good news for the Libyans—

"It is good news for the Libyans -

"It is good news for the Libyans—indeed, for all Arabs—that this quandary is finally over." Mr. Ben Heli said before leaving Cairo, site of the League's headquarters.

The move followed reports that the chief UN legal counsel, Hans Corell, had left for Europe on Friday on his way to Libya to arrange for the handover. Lamen Khalifa Fhimah and Abdel Basset Ali Megrahi are to be tried under Scottish law in the Netherlands.

to the United States or Britain for trial, the United States agreed in Angust to a trial in the Netherlands. Libya said last month it would turn the men over on or before Tuesday.

before Tuesday.

The bombing of the Pan Am jet over
Lockerbie, Scotland, on Dec. 21. 1988,
killed 270 people — mostly Americans
and Britons — on the air and the ground.
The two Libyans, allegedly former in-

telligence agents, were suspected of planting a suitcase bomh on the plane.

Mr. Ben Heli said he would represent the League's secretary-general, Esmat Abdel-Meguid, who could not make the trip because of other commitments.

The Aigerian diplomat said the Libyan government also has invited foreign ministers of six Arab countries that formed a contact group set up by the League in 1992 to help negotiate an end to the crisis with the United States and

Libya to arrange for the handover.
Lamen Khalifa Fhimah and Abdel Basset Ali Megrahi are to be tried under Scottish law in the Netherlands.
After a decade of insistence that Mr.
Fhimah and Mr. Megrahi be extradited

Britain.

Mohammed Zaki Abu Amer, an Egyptian foreign minister's envoy, was to represent Egypt. Other countries expected to send high-ranking officials were Syria, Morocco, Tunisia, Algeria and Mauritania.

Lionel Bart Dies; Lyricist And Composer of Musicals

Up Your Daughters' that same year.

And then in 1960 came "Oliver!" orchestrations, rhythm and blues, rock based on Charles Dickens' "Oliver and roll and jazz.

based on Charles Dickens' "Oliver Twist."

The play had a long run followed by successfur revivals in 1967 and 1977. The show was also a hit in New York and Mr. Bart won Broadway's Antoinette Perry award (the Tony) for the music and lytics of "Oliver!"

Vera Tolstoy, 96, Granddaughter

And Last Living Link to Writer

NEW YORK (NYT)—Vera Tolstoy, 96, the last living link to her grandfather

and roll and jazz.

He always was on the cutting edge, never quite achievang fame but highly respected within the core of the profession.

He helped build Atlantic Records into a top rhythm-and-blnes label in the late 1940s and early 1950s, signing such stars as Ruth Brown.

"He first record came out. Bangl Records into a top rhythm-and-blnes label in the late 1940s and early 1950s, signing such stars as Ruth Brown.

"He always was on the cutting edge, never quite achievang fame but highly respected within the core of the profession.

He helped build Atlantic Records into a top rhythm-and-blnes label in the late 1940s and early 1950s, signing such was a hit. We got a group called the Clovers. Their record came out. Bangl Records into a top rhythm-and-blnes label in the late 1940s and early 1950s, signing such was a hit. We got a group called the core of the profession.

96, the last living link to her grandfather Leo Tolstoy, who became a teenage bride in Czechoslovakia, worked as a hairdresser in Prague, sang Gypsy songs in Paris, sold perfume in New York and spent 25 years with the Voice of America in Washington, died Monday in New Smyrna Beach, Florida.

To the world of the early 1900s, Tol-stoy was a literary giant. To his grand-daughter, who grew up on a nearby estate with her mother, Sophia, and father, Ilya, the author's second son, he was simply her beloved bushy-faced dedushka, the jolly grandfather in a peasant shirt who bounced her on his knee and

tickled her cheek with his whiskers. A small, lively woman who could affect a magisterial air, Miss Tolstoy dropped her hereditary title, countess. after she went to the United States in 1949, but as an aristocratic exercise of nohlesse ohlige saw no reason to correct friends who addressed her that way.

Jesse Stone, 97, Songwriter

Off 'Shake, Rattle and Roll'

ALTAMONTE SPRINGS, Florida
(WP) — Jesse Stone, 97, a major influence on 20th-century music who wrote "Shake, Rattle and Roll" and helped develop many of Atlantic Re-

The Associated Press cords' biggest hits, died of heart and LONDON — Lionel Bart, 68, the kidney ailments April 1.

LONDON — Lionel Bart, 68, the lyricist and composer who created "Oliver!" and other musicals, died here Saturday. He had been under treatment for cancer.

Mr. Bart played a large role in reviving the English musical at a time when American productions tended to dominate London's stages.

He also won dubions fame for losing his fortune from "Oliver!" and survived long years of alcoholism and excess.

Andrew Lloyd Webber praised his fellow composer.

"Lionel was the father of the modern British musical," Mr. Lloyd Webber said Saturday.

Mr. Bart's first musical, "Fings Ain't Wot They Used T' Be," premiered in 1959 and had a two-year commercial run in London. He also produced for "Lock Up Your Daughters" that same year.

And then in 1960 came "Oliver!" and surviver and roll and a career that spanned the spectrum: minstrels, folk songs, dance or chestrations, rhythm and blues, rock and roll and iazz

was a hit. ' Mr. Stone said in Associated Press interview.

'Everything we tonched after that went over hig. Sometimes we had four five records on the chart at the same.

JOURNES ETT C

It was Mr. Stone and Bill Haley who. had a Top 10 hit in 1954 with Mr. Stone's "Shake, Rattle and Roll," who paved the way for the acceptance among whites of what had been considered, "Negro music."

Lucien Aigner, 97, Pioneer In 35mm News Photography

NEW YORK (NYT) — Lucien Aign-er, 97, a pioneer in candid news pho-tography in the 1930s whose bestknown photographs include one of a rumpled Albert Einstein standing in front of a blackboard, died Monday in Waltham, Massachusetts.

In the 1930s, photographers like Mr.
Aigner, Erich Salomon, Alfred Eisenstaedt and Robert Capa used the unobtrusive 35mm Leica to take off-the-

Islamic one seemed to strike with regularity and impunity. The Luxor murders repulsed most Egyptians, ruined many businesses by scaring off tourists, and cost the movement of dustry suffered through one of its worst By Howard Schneider Washington Post Service CAIRO - If all goes according to huses and attempted assassinations of

plan, a group of American tourists will arrive in the Egyptian capital Monday. board a hus, and head south to tour antiquities in the provinces of Minya and Asyut.
Those areas have been at the center of

a Muslim extremist uprising that jangled nerves for five years and wrecked the tourist industry with the November 1997 massacre of visitors in Luxor. The hus trip will be the first of its kind

since the early 1990s, and is evidence of both the relative calm that has settled over Egypt since the Luxor attack and the quick rehound of the tonrist trade. Fifty-eight visitors, mostly Swiss, were slain in Luxor; the six assailants were also killed while battling the police and local residents who came to help.

If the trip is approved hy Egyptian security officials, and the tour organizer expects it to be, it will mark an important turning point in a country where, for much of this decade, groups trying to

political and cultural leaders. Clashes between Islamic militants

and police in places like Minya were frequent and frequently fatal. Over five ears of confrontation, an estimated 1,200 people, mostly militants and members of the security forces, are estimated to have been killed.

Since Luxor, however, violence linked to the country's militant Islamic movement has been almost nonexistent. a fact attributable to increased and improved Egyptian security and to an apparent change of tactics hy the main Íslamic group.

In a recent statement that analysts regard as its most meaningful yet, the Islamic Group said it was formally renouncing violence as un-Islamic and would work through more standard political and social channels to advocate a government based on Sharia, the legal code of Islam.

Critics note that the so-called ceasereplace the secular government with an fire may be largely a matter of necessity.

TRAVEL UPDATE

dearly in terms of its public standing.

Over the past year, Egyptian officials have been dogged, and apparently effective, in rounding up many of the group's leaders from hideouts scattered from the Balkans to South America. With many of the group's leaders in

jail, security improvements in place throughout major cities and tourist sites, and foreigners returning in droves, Ahmed Fakhry, the tour organizer, said the bus trip through the southern provinces seemed a natural idea.

By bringing tourists to Minya and Asyut, "a hig battle will have been won," said Mr. Fakhry, whose company, Travel Plus, wants to ensure that Upper Egypt is back on the tonrist agenda for millennium celebrations.

Asyut is thought to be the end point of the flight Jesus and his family made from Israel, and tour marketers want to make it accessible to Christian pilgrims plan-ning to visit Jerusalem and other re-

The decision to use soldiers follows

several crimes against tourists and the

murder last month of a German tour

operator at his husiness near Ocho Ri-

years. Hotel occupancy rates fell to as low as 15 percent in some of the major tourist venues, and even places like the port of Alexandria, largely unaffected by the violence, were dropped from cruise ship and tour itineraries.

The towns of Upper Egypt — so named, even though they are in the south, because of the direction that the Nile River flows - have been strictly off-limits because of tension between Islamic militants and the police. The site of several significant ruins, they also became known for the potshots that rifletoting locals sometimes took at passing trains or tourist boats.

Time, however, has apparently healed Egypt's image. Hotels say they are doing as good a husiness now as before the Luxor massacre; planes are packed; Nile cruise ships are fully booked fur their journeys between Luxor and Aswan. The plateau around the Great Pyramids of Giza is jammed with buses, and loud with the sound of lectures in German, A year ago, that probably would not Spanish, English and other languages.

WEATHER

Unsettled and cold from the Southwest into the control Rockies with rain and cool with just a shower mountain anow; heavy and cool with just a shower mountain anow; heavy or two Wednesday, then milder with some sun and snow across northern Arizona into Colorado. Thursday, Soaking rain Japan; Tokyo may have the Great Lakes region Tuesday, but niki and dry. Tuesday, but niki and dry. Tuesday, but niki and dry. Tuesday night and by Thursday. Wadnesday, then spraed to itsy Thursday. Gold in warm with sunshine in the Southeast.

10/15 pc 16/61 / 6/43 e 7/44 eh 17/62 pc 5/35 c 7/44 / 18/65 pc 8/46 eh

At the Madrid airport, the state-run airline Iberia canceled 36 flights because Traffic Jams in Spain

MADRID (AP) - Spaniards returnof the strike, which is scheduled to end ing from Easter bolidays clogged high-ways with huge traffic jams Sunday, while airports struggled to cope with a Monday. The rest of its flights were running 20 minutes late on average. pilots' strike on one of Spain's busiest

travel days. Traffic slowed to a crawl on many highways, especially those leading back to Madrid from coastal areas to the east

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Herald Eribune

THE WORLD'S DALLY NEWSPAPER

Defense Force spokesman said.

Jamaica Calls In Troops KINGSTON, Jamaica (AP) - Soldiers have begun patrols in the resort town of Ocho Rios to assist police, a Jamaican

The Breitling Orhiter-3 balloon cap-sule in which a Swiss-British team made

history last month hy circling the globe nonstop will be housed at the National Air and Space Museum in Washington, its sponsors said.

This Week's Holidays

Banking and government offices may be closed or services curtailed in the following countries and their dependencies this week because of national and religious holidays:

MONDAY: Albania, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Benin, Bosma, Bo Britain, Burkma Fuso, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad. Croatra, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Ghana, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Ivory Coast, Kenya, Laivia, Lebanon, Lucembourg, Malawi, Mali, Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Poland, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Swaziland, Sweden, Switzerland, Tarwan, Tanzania, Togo, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

TUESDAY: Bosnia, Hong Kong, Israel, Sanda Arabia, Thailand. WEDNESDAY: Armenia. Israel, Mozambique. THURSDAY: Azerbaijan

FRIDAY: Cyprus, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Greece, Lehanon, Liberia, Philip

SUNDAY: Albania, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Georgia, Lebanou, Macedonia

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North America
Unsattled and cold from the Southwest into the central Rockies with rain and

Field for President Is Fast Becoming Clear

By Dan Balz

WASHINGTON - With Vice President Al Gore aboard, Marine Two lifted off the grounds of the Naval Observatory a little before 7:30 A.M. on March 15, bound for Andrews Air Force Base in Maryland. Mr. Gore was headed for New Hampshire and lows on what his aides were billing as his first ex-cursion of Campaign 2000.

A chartered press plane, the only one of Mr. Gore's vice presidency, waited on the tarmac at Andrews to join the procession, a sign that this was no routine trip. Never mind that the voters were not paying any at-tention. With just 633 days left until Election Day 2000, there was no

Mr. Gore's sense of urgency re-flected the intensity of the opening round of the presidential campaign, a race that has developed earlier and more distinctly than many of the strategists on both sides expected.

By that morning, 10 Republican candidates were either in the race or at the starting gate; a handful of heavyweight Democrats once expected to run had dwindled to two: Mr. Gore and Bill Bradley, the former senator from New Jersey. Even before the dates of all the primaries were established, political talking heads were busy handicap-

ping a general election contest be-tween Mr. Gore and George Bush, Other events will intervene, as the

the Republican governor of Texas. the high stakes of the 2000 election—
the first open presidential contest there is a clear hierarchy in the Resince 1988, and the first time since publican race, despite a crowded field 1952 that both the White House and at of candidates. Republican strategists least one house of Congress have say the story on their side is, for now, been seriously in play in the same Mr. Bush against the field. On the Democratic side,

war in Kosovo already has demon-The flurry of activity underscored strated, to reshape the contest and

On the Democratic side, Mr. Gore and organizational demands of a was always destined to be the dom-

has crystallized along contradictory

lines, raising important questions. How strong is Mr. Gore in the race

for the Democratic nomination? And

how weak is Mr. Gore as a general

The early intensity has derived from a variety of factors. One has been the need to bank as much

money as possible, which has spurred fund-raising activity by all

the candidates. Another has been

election candidate?

Mr. Gore's sense of urgency reflects the intensity of the opening round of the campaign, a race that has developed earlier than many strategists expected.

nominating process that will produce Republican and Democratic standardbearers in the first 75 days of 2000. Some analysts have suggested the. intensity of the campaign also reflects

a desire to change the subject after a year of scandal, impeachment and political tunnoil. But if anything, the first chapter of Campaign 2000 has been shaped by those very events. President Bill Clinton's relationship with Monica Lewinsky injected character into the election equation. The Republican-led impeachment inquiry energized Republican conservatives but turned off much of the rest of the that the political parties and some of country. And the midterm elections their interest groups have begun actbelped to unite Democrats and throw ing as if the general election was

already well under way.

Republicans have seized on Mr. Gore's inflated claim about creating the internet, and his lyrical description of boyhood summers spent plowing steep hillsides in Tennessee, and clearing fields with an ax.

'Republicans were never able to pierce Clinton's political armor, no matter how much they tried," said Marshall Wittmann of the Heritage Foundation. "Now they believe Gore is susceptible to the most devastating weapon in politics, which is

On the other side, the National Abortion and Reproductive Rights Action League has run ads attacking Mr. Bush and Mrs. Dole for opposing abortion. The Democratic National Committee sent out a re-lease last week accusing Mr. Bush of inant figure. But as early polls have shown Mr. Gore trailing both Mr. Bush and Elizabeth Dole, the story hiding from reporters, something Republicans saw as an early conutermove hy the Democrats to raise the Texas governor's negatives.

The unexpected clarity of the Democratic race has forced both Mr. Gore and Mr. Bradley to rapidly organize support in the key states of Iowa and New Hampshire. This early start is crucial. If Mr. Bradley wins in either state, the race will change quickly and fundamentally. If he does not, it will end there. "The Bradley campaign is sort of down to a two-day sale," said Geoff Garin, a Democratic pollster.

POLITICAL NOTE

Reform Advocates Take Cash Anyway

PALM BEACH, Florida - Former Senator Bill Bradley devoted years to scoming the campaign finance system as riddled with loopholes and ruled by wealthy interests. But that has not deterred him from partaking in it himself.

At a recent reception at an elegant Palm Beach hotel, the New Jersey Democrat snagged moneyed members of his party between their bites of beef Wellington and seafood parfait and tried to persuade them to contribute to his presidential campaign.

Arizona, is also known for championing campaign reform. But there he Senior Chinese Aide was the other day at a fund-raising brunch in Washington, where, for \$250. donors were treated to a buffet and a China's military intelligence secretly

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speech by Mr. McCain, who is seeking the Republican nomination. For \$1,000, donors also got their photographs taken with the senator and hobnobbed with him at a reception beforehand.

Both candidates contend that the exboth have taken some steps to restrict the ways in which they collect money. Unlike many rivals, they did oot establish shadow organizations in states, which would have enabled them to raise large sums of unregulated money. Mr. Bradley has refused funds from political

Senator John McCain, Republican of Fund-Raiser Accuses

directed funds from Beijing to help re-elect President Bill Clinton in 1996, a former Democratic fund-raiser, Johnny Chung, has told federal investigators.

Mr. Chung says he met three times with the intelligence official, General isting laws leave them no choice but to Ji Shengde, who ordered \$300,000 dedevote much time to fund-raising, and posited into the California husinessman's bank account to subsidize campaign donations intended for Mr. Clinton, according to sources familiar with Mr. Chung's sealed statements to federal prosecutors. In their first meeting, on Ang. 11

1996, in Hong Kong, General is allegedly conveyed Beijing's interest in supporting Mr. Clinton. Mr. Chung quoted him as saying, "We like your president," sources familiar with his grand jury testimous said.

Mr. Chung was sentenced to five

ears' probatioo for his involvement in WASHINGTON - The chief of illegal campaign contributions in the

Away From

Politics

 Louis Farrakhan's condition has improved since doctors operated on his prostate cancer, and the Nation of Islam leader may be released this week from Howard University Hospital in Washing ton, sources said.

 Eight Mexican immigrants died and more than 50 were rescued from canyons in San Diego County after a spring storm dropped a foot (30 centimeters) of snow along a favorite route of illegal immigrants.

 Wholesale beef products from Rochester Meats in Minnesota were ordered recalled nationwide after in-spectors found a strain of E. coli in samples.

Careful Search After Louisiana Storm-

BENTON, Louisiana piles of wreckage, hoping to farm and rural land Saturday, find more survivors after a and hit two trailer parks in this than 3 miles long through this nity as well as the subdivision town and killed six people.

Teams with dogs had

searched through the night, looking for spots where survivors might be hidden.

Their work was slowed because many power lines were down, and there were several gas leaks in the areas that had

farm and rural land Saturday, tomado sheared a swath more northwest Louisiana commu-

> of Palmetto Park Six people were known dead, and hospitals had the Texas border. And a tortreated and released 100, said Parish. Area hospitals overflowed, and some people were neighborhood. The same

taken to nearby Shreveport. Oak trees were toppled,

been flattened by the twister. and pines were snapped. Cars The tornado, believed to be and trucks lay crushed, roof-Searchers speot Sunday care- about half a mile (1 kilome- ing tin was wrapped around) fully moving dehris from ter) wide, curved through giant pecan trees and fences were festooned with tufts of insulation.

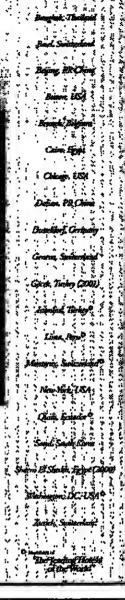
A separate tornado destroyed a church in Logansport, a DeSoto Parish town southwest of Shreveport near nado or severe wind damaged Larry Deen, sheriff of Bossier some homes and caused minor injuries in a Shreveport mass of storms caused flooding in southern Missouri.

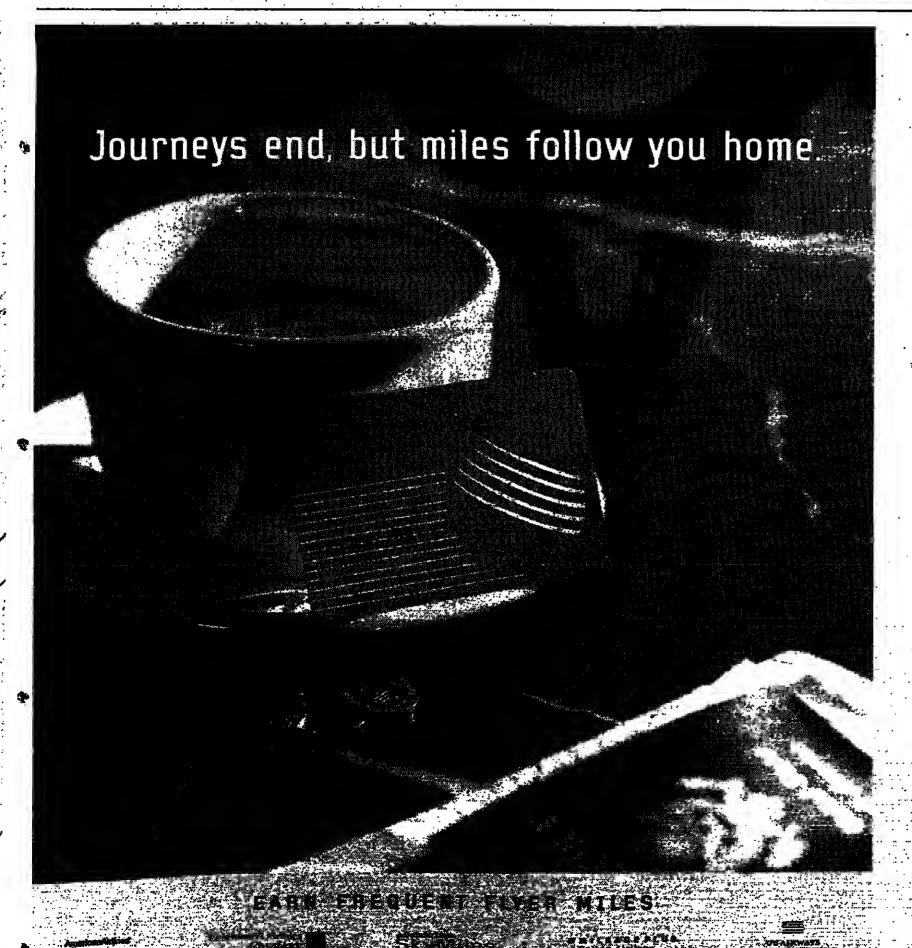


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Surprising Support, From Germany to Italy

By William Drozdiak

ment. He marched in the vanguard of street protests during the 1980s in op-position to NATO's plans to station cruise

and Pershing missiles in his country.

But now that he serves as foreigo minister in a coalition with Chancellor Gerhard Schroeder's Social Democratic Party, Mr. Fischer has taken a prominent reached the limits of its capacity to abrole in defending NATO air strikes sorb more immigrants and that a further against Yugoslavia. In an ironic twist of influx of refugees could exacerbate the fate, the former pacifist participated in dangers of civil unrest.

the historic decision to send German "We believe the refugees should stay the historic decision to send German since World War II.

'When you are confronted hy genocide and mass human suffering, you cannot sit passively with your hands folded and ignore the killing of innocent civilians." Mr. Fischer said in an in-

For a generation of Europeans who disparaged NATO strategy in the Cold War and hung white sheets from their across the continent

This time the war against the Serbs is only a short distance away, hat the street protests are strangely subdued. While many Europeans are troubled by seeing NATO's defensive alliance attack a sovereign nation without any mandate from the United Nations, their qualms have been stifled by countless tales of Serbian atrocities told by ethnic Albanian refugees who have been streaming into Al-bania and Macedonia by the tens of

thousands every day.

Since NATO war planes took to the skies over Yugoslavia oo March 24, public snpport for the operation has grown steadily across Europe. In Britain and France, a solid majority is now in favor of sending ground troops to Kosovo - even though their governments are still reluctant to do so - to stop Serhian forces from forcibly deporting the population and to clear the way for the safe return of refugees.

The shifting sentiments have been most pronounced in Germany, which unmost pronounced in Germany, which in-til recently refused to send any military forces abroad because of sensitivities dating to the Nazi era. A poll published Thursday by the weekly newspaper Die Woche showed that 62 percent of those surveyed supported the air strikes and approved of Germany's participation, while 21 percent were concerned. while 31 percent were opposed.

Despite such robust public support, the decision to join the allied effort bas caused a serious rift among the Greens. Party officials say more than 200 people have torn up their membership cards in disgust. A splinter group of pacifists has about the dangers of a protracted bombpolicies of air strikes and will lead the Easter peace marches this weekend.

in the consciences of many Germans.

Some German politicians fear public support may vanish if the war worsens and if the refugee crisis swells in such BERLIN - As a founding member of proportions that many of them would Germany's Green party, loschka Fischer require shelter in Western Europe. Gercut his political teeth in the anti-war movemany took in 350,000 refugees during the war in Bosnia-Herzegovina and is loathe to accept new ones from Kosovo, particularly because their presence could fuel xenophobic sentiments behind a steady surge in right-wing extremism.
Interior Minister Otto Schily has

warned that Germany has already

planes into combat for the first time as close as possible to Kosovo," said Deputy Foreign Minister Guenter Verheugen. "Our assumption is that we will soon achieve our political goals and the refugees will be able to return to their homes in Kosovo." He said if Western civilians." Mr. Fischer said in an interview. "I believe there are certain human values that are more important than pacifism, and those are rooted deeply in

the Serbian ethnic cleansing drive. But Mr. Fischer and other Green leaders say governing responsibilities have opened their eyes to the need to take a firm stand against genocide. "If you are called windows to show their dismay with "cowboy imperialism" in the 1991 Gulf war against Iraq, the allied bombing campaign against Yugoslavia has generated a surprising degree of support support a surprising degree of support with the support of the surprising degree of support with the support of the surprising degree of support with the support of that in my case, the answer is yes."

In Britain, the government of Prime Minister Tony Blair has displayed none of the Labour Party's legacy in favor of unitarial disarrament and other parisits to the control of the control cifist causes. Only a week ago, aides at 10 Downing Street expressed anxiety about losing public support if the air strikes lasted much beyond a week. But instead, surveys show that two-thirds of the British people now favor a major escalation of the war effort, including the dispatch of ground troops to help the refugees go home. A Guardian/ICM poll published Friday indicated that those who favored seoding in troops had surged 19 points in the past week.

In Paris, the conservative president,

Jacques Chirac, and the Socialist prime minister, Lionel Jospin, have set aside their political animosities and the French frostiness toward NATO to line up behind the bombing, Public opinion has hacked them up: 58 percent of the French people support the allied war effort, in-cluding possible use of ground troops. Twenty-nine percent are opposed.

Nonetheless, there are lingering donbts about following an American lead and possibly getting embroiled in a Balkan quagmire, Mr. Jospin has struggled to maintain unity within his leftist cabinet, as communist and Green members express serious reservations about going to war with the Serbs under the NATO banner.

In Italy, where 11 air bases bouse many of the NATO war planes, the left-ist government of Prime Minister petinoned to overturn the government's ing campaign and called for renewed efforts to find a negotiated solution to the Kosovo crisis. But even as the gov-"I am ashamed for my country, which ernment in Rome wavers over air strikes, is once again dropping bombs on Bel-grade," Hans-Christian Stroebele told have fortified public support. A poll Parliament during an impassioned debate published Friday in the newspaper Corlast week. His reference to the fierce riere della Sera showed the number of bombing campaign waged by Hitler's Italians who believe military action is Luftwaffe during World War II resonated justified rose from 25 percent to 37.3 percent over the past week.



Captain Joseph Schweitzer with his attorney, Navy Lieutenant Kathryn Clune, left, and family members after his sentencing in North Carolina.

Navigator in Alps Accident Dismissed From Marines

By Matthew L. Wald

WASHINGTON - A military jury has sentenced the navigator of a jet that severed ski-lift cables in the Italian Alps last year, killing 20 people, to dismissal from the Marine Corps for obstructing justice by destroying a personal video-tape he shot during the flight.

The jury at Camp Lejeune, North Carolina, imposed no prison sentence for the officer, Captain Joseph Schweitzer.

The dismissal of the officer is the equivalent of a dishonorable discharge for an enlisted service member. The charges against Mr. Schweitzer, obstruction of justice and conspiracy to obstruct justice, carried maximum sentences of five years. The sentence on Friday, which could be appealed and eventually set aside, makes it unlikely that anyone will go to jail for the ac-

cident, which caused the ski lift's gondola to fall about 400 feet (120 meters).

The pilot of the plane faces courtmartial on the same charges. But he is not accused of destroying the tape, only of removing it from his video camera, taking it off the plane after an emergency landing and giving it to

A spokeswoman for the Marine Corps, Lieutenant Colonel Ellen Haddock, said, "While that word dismissal doesn't sound like much, that is a punitive discharge. It's more than losing your job. This is a felony offense, and

A if

Colonel Haddock added, "This will stay with him.'

Military officers and veterans said the dismissal would probably bar Mr. Schweitzer from using his 10 years with

U.S. and France Spar Over Missile Proliferation

By John Mintz

WASHINGTON — For analysts at the National Security Agency, the transcripts scrolling across their computer screens in May 1997 set off immediate alarms. Bank letters of credit, intercepted by the U.S. spy agency's electronic anooping, appeared to show that a French company was selling missile components to Iran that could end up in weapons targeting ships in

Within days, U.S. diplomats marched into the French Embassy in Washington to formally protest that the private deals were helping Iran build C-802 missiles. In numerous tense meetings on both sides of the Atlantic, senior administration officials repeated the charges in French authorities, who vehemently denied that the sales had anything in do with missiles

Ten months of acrimonious exchanges failed to resolve the issue. But today, U.S. intelligence agencies believe that Iran possesses as many as 150 of the antiship cruise missiles, most bought from China, but some manufactured by the Iranians themselves based in part on copies of the French engine.

The story of how the C-802 missile and its high-tech

French engine made its way first to China, and then to Iran, is a case study in one of U.S. foreign policy's central preoccupations: the proliferation of missiles and other veapons, particularly those, such as the C-802, that in theory terrorists could use to mount a genn war attack.

Although Washington has the political will and the world's most sophisticated intelligence network, preventing the spread of these missiles and their com-ponents has been one of U.S. intelligence's most frustrating tasks. The effort has produced victories and defeats — and many inconclusive dead ends.

Counterproliferation is hard work in part because American allies do not necessarily share Washington's view of which countries should be redlined from hightechnology commerce. And in the world of 1999, where a U.S. nuclear weapons lah scientist and American satellite makers are under investigation for communicating with the Chinese on sensitive technical matters, it might be next to impossible to control every bit and byte of information streaming overseas via

power generators rather than engines to Iran. But the fact remains, U.S. officials say, that Iran has the

missiles and has made some of them itself.

The papers — supplied by the National Security
News Service, a nonprofit group that has researched
the C-802 — show U.S. intelligence in the mid-1980s
started scrutinizing development of the missile, which
China called Ying Ji or "Strike Eagle." The TRI-60

American allies do not necessarily share Washington's view of which countries should be redlined from high-technology commerce. And it is almost impossible to control every bit and byte of information.

engine powered the C-802 and its armor-piercing warhead near the speed of sound, making the missile akin to France's highly regarded Exocet.

Beijing's missile agency, China Precision Machine Import & Export Corp., bought its first shipment of 50 Microturbo engines in 1987. The French sent 50 more engines in 1995 and possibly another 50 in 1996.

In 1988 a Chinese laboratory called the 31st Institute began "reverse-enginesma" or comment the contraction.

began "reverse-engineering" or copying the engines for itself, But the Chinese found this difficult, said a Chinese engineer taped by the National Security Agency

During this research, Microturbo gave the Chinese key design data on the engine, the papers said. But the chairman of Microturbo, Jean-Bernard Cochetenx, said in a statement to The Washington Post that the company had "never trained any Chinese engineer to design missile engines or reverse-engineer engines for

every kind of data network.

A hundred pages of secret and top-secret documents of the National Security Agency, State Department and for Tehran to build its own C-802 factory. U.S. spy

for use in the C-802. Later the Chinese sold completed C-802s to Iran. Finally, U.S. intelligence picked up what it considered evidence that the French company sold the same engines to the government in Tehran last year.

Doubts about that conclusion have grown as the French have insisted that Microturbo was sending power generators rather than engines to Iran. But the papers say China continued parts sales until late 1997, when Chinese officials promised Section of C-802s and related technologies.

In the end, China delivered 150 or so of the 400° missiles that Iran had ordered.

The Iranians conclusion for the same sequence of C-802s in the same engines to Iran. But the papers say China continued parts sales until late 1997, when Chinese officials promised Section of C-802s and related technologies.

In the end, China delivered 150 or so of the 400° missiles that Iran had ordered.

The Iranians sought to find a new source of C-802s. Like Beijing, Tehran started reverse-engineering the weapons to make them itself. But first it needed.

Microturbo engines and parts. Tehran officials retained a Hong Kong company, Jetpower Industrial Ltd., to act as a front in purchasing the French engines, components and technical help from both the Chinese and

ponents and technical help from both the Chinese and from Microturbo, the reports said.

The documents describe the delivery of Microturbo equipment — which the National Security Agency: believed was missile engines — on a ship traveling from Antwerp, Belgium, to Iran last March.

In May 1997, the agency acquired evidence that Microturbo was selling hardware to the Iranian military, using a \$1.1 million line of credit. U.S. diplomaticiately filed complaints with the government of

immediately filed complaints with the government of the new French prime minister, Lionel Jospin. French officials replied that they would not allow the

sale of missile engines to Iran, but U.S. suspicions persisted. Thomas Pickering, undersecretary of state for political affairs, and other U.S. diplomats lodged. five more protests with the French government.

French officials said Microturbo was selling Iradgenerators, not missile engines. But U.S. officials

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remained firm.

A State Department report said that even if only generators had been shipped, "CIA assesses it is relatively easy to substitute the electrical turbine assembly in a Microturbo generator with a nozzle to produce a missile engine."

In early 1998, French officials told U.S. diplomats that its export inspectors opened Microturbo crates in Antwerp bound for Iran and confirmed that they contained generators. Faced with the French denials, the National Security Apency acknowledged that some of National Security Agency acknowledged that some of the conversations in its transcripts may have been more ambiguous than it had decided before. It concluded that the machines that Microttirbo sent Iran indeed could have been generators, albeit militarily useful ones, a

Speaking of his company's \$2 million sale to Iran, Mr. Cocheteux of Microturbo said the generators were "very-Pentagon tell the inside story of the Chinese C-802, a little missile that gets around, and in particular its most crucial component, the TRI-60 engine manufactured by the French company Microturbo SA.

The papers detail how Microturbo developed the engine in the 1980s and sold it to China starting in 1987

The papers detail how Microturbo developed the engine in the 1980s and sold it to China starting in 1987

To remain to both its own C-802 lattary, C.S. spy different from engines used to propel missiles" and were delivered the first C-802 to an Iranian port in 1993.

U.S. officials soon asked Beijing to stop selling Iran never assisted Iran in any way" on any missile, he said. If the papers detail how Microturbo developed the engine in the 1980s and sold it to China starting in 1987

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BRIEFLY

Moscow Rebuts U.S. On Missiles to Syria

MOSCOW - Moscow denounced on Sunday a U.S. move to penalize three Russian weapons manufacturers for selling battlefield missiles to Syria. It accessed Washington of double stan-

In a statement, the Russian Foreign Ministry said the U.S. decisinn to impose sanctions on three arms compa-nies would deal a further hlow to bilateral relations, already strained over the NATO air attacks on Yugoslavia in the Kosovo crisis. The U.S. State Department said Fri-

day that it would impose sanctions on the Tula Design Bureau, the Volsky Mechanical Plant and the Tsniitochmash plant for concluding deals to ket for supply anti-tank missiles to Syria, a dollars country hlacklisted by Washington as a supporter of terrorism.

The sanctions could deprive the three plants of up to \$90 million, a U.S. spokesman said.

Kyrgyz Leader Dies After 3-Month Rule

BISHKEK, Kyrgyzstan — Prime Minister Djumabek Ibraimov of this Central Asian republic died Sunday at a Bishkek hospital after a four-year battle against stomach cancer, his spokesman said.

Mr. Ibraimov, 53, had suffered serious liver complications in recent weeks and also a brain hemorrhage shortly before dying, his spokesman

"The prime minister's liver was in a very bad condition but the basic causes of death were a blood hemorrhage in the brain and cancer metastasis of the

stomach," the spokesman said.
The prime minister had been in poor on Dec. 25. That surprise appointment craft in August.

was made when the former government was removed after nine months in office for having failed to deal effectively with the country's worsening economic crisis.

Basques Said to Buy Guns Despite Truce

MADRID — The Basque guerrilla group ETA spem 75 million pesetas (\$500,000) on weapons in the last year despite a cease-fire it announced in September, the Madrid newspaper ABC reported Sunday.

The conservative paper said documents obtained after the arrest of one of the top ETA leaders last mooth showed that the separatist group bought the weapons on the hlack mar-ket for \$500,000 and paid for them in

ABC cited anti-terrorist experts who said the weapons were obtained during the cease-fire or when the cease-fire was being planned. ETA declared a unilateral cease-

fire last September, halting 30 years of

Supply Ship Docks With Russia's Mir

MOSCOW - A cargo ship carrying more than two and a half tons of food, water, fuel and equipment for smoothly with Russia's Mir space station on Sunday, Russian news agencies reported.

The Progress cargo ship blasted off from the Baikonur cosmodrome in Kazakhstan on Friday and joined the Mir at 12:46 GMT.

The Mir's crew of two Russians and a Frenchman is possibly its last. If international investors cannot be found who are willing to foot the health long before President Askar station's \$250 million yearly costs, the Akayev appointed him prime minister government intends to discard the

Ulster Plan Lacks Support Of Sinn Fein

Agence France-Presse
BELFAST — The Irish Republican
Army's political wing appears in have
distanced itself from a new plan to break
the deadlock in the Northern Ireland

Gerry Kelly, a Sinn Fein negotiator and a former IRA convict, stressed at a news conference that his party had had no hand in the new initiative. "The two governments put forward a proposal. We were not involved in ne-

gotiating it, nor did we agree to it," Mr. Kelly, a key figure in the pro-united Ireland movement, said Saturday.
"Let me make that clear, we did not

agree m it or negotiate it and unionism, as I am informed, was not involved in it Mr. Kelly added there was "frustration and disappointment, bordering

on anger" among Republicans at the continuing impasse. On Thursday, talks led by Prime Min-ister Tony Blair of Britain and his Irish counterpart, Bertie Ahern, failed to achieve any progress on the hlocking issue of IRA disarmament.

Protestant unionists demand a start to disarmament begin before Sinn Fein takes part in a new all-party coalinoo government. Sinn Fein refuses all conditions on its government seats.

in a last-ditch effort to salvage the agreement, Mr. Blair and Mr. Ahem announced another round of talks for April 13 to discuss their new initiative. In it, they proposed that the new semiactonomous administration in Belfast be nominated "within the next few weeks" in shadow form. Within a month a "collective act of reconciliation" would take place, in which the IRA and other mi-

litias would be required to hand over some arms on a "voluntary" basis. At that point, powers would be transferred from London to Belfast. If the IRA had not honored its side of the bargain. Sinn Fein would be expelled.

The cootinuing failure to implement the year-old peace accord has steadily eroded confidence in it and prompted fears of a return in violence by the Roman Catholic and Protestant militias.

LANGUAGE

Obeisance to Sharp Edges in a World of Fuzz

By William Safire

WASHINGTON — "The two were not only made for each other," wrote The Washington Times about star-crossed lovers, "they deserve one another.'

The editorialist, grappling with the rules of correctness, was undoubtedly torn. Question: When writing about a relationship between two people, is it proper to use each other or one another? The writer refused to choose, and the editorial went both ways.

At The New York Times, we have firm guidance to keep us from such pushmipullyu style. Our Style Manual, now embedded in software so that century-old judgments can be amended in a flash, is sternly prescriptive: "each other, one another: two persons look at each other, more than two look at one onother." It's a comfort to have a rule. That's our style. If you write for The New York Times (or the Associated Press, or The Wall Street Journal, whose stylebooks present a united front and follow one another on this), that's the way it is, like it or lump it. If I were to write, "Two stylebooks disagree with one another," an alert copy editor would demand I change it to "two ... each other." Sometimes a kindly copy editor will call to say. "Are you de-liberately trying to slip this egregious error into the paper, thereby generating mail from infuriated grammarians and giving you a subject for your language

column?" (I don't do that, as a rule.) What if I were to respond to the corrector in chief at my newspaper. Samuel (Dictionary) Johnson once ing the rule. And Bishop Lowth, the 19th century's high priest of usage, instructed that "two negatives in English destroy one another," breaking the rule the other way. In 1926, Fowler -St. Henry himself - wrote that "the differentiation is neither of present utility nor based on historical usage," and in his recent revision of Fowler, Boh Burchfield declares that the belief of

Webster's indispensable Dictionary of English Usage, often unfairly dissed by me as "Dr. Roundheels," assembles these anthorities and concludes about the each rule: "There is no sin in its violation," adding from his looseygoosey percb, "It is, bowever, easy and

painless to observe if you so wish." I so wish. If I did not, and instead chose to break the stylebook rule, a great contretemps would take place. Citations all over the floor. [No sentence fragments! — Ed.] In the end (at the denouement of the contretemps but never at the end of the day), a Sanhedrin of Copy Editors might permit my dis-senting usage, but only if accompanied by an explanation for my departure from the Stylebook Team, including their punchy rebuttal and my stinging surrebuttal. (Sometimes they let me win; that's why New York Times style is now to spell Rumania Romania.)

IN THE SAME WAY, the three newspaper stylebooks stand foursquare for the betweenlamong rule. The AP cites "the maxim that between introduces two items and among more than two." Thus, it's "between you and me" and "among the three of us."
But here comes Dr. Roundheels again (Gilman is honorably retired but comes out swinging at my request), trotting out a parade of authorities who disagree, and denouncing as a waste "the enormous amount of ink spilled in the explication of the subtleties of between and among." And no doubt he has

common usage on his side. Samuel (Dictionary) Johnson once wrote about "six ministers who meet weekly at each other's houses," breaking the rule. And Bishon Lowth the an obeisance to sharp edges in a world of fuzz? If we adopt as a rule the practice of using each other and between with two, and rigorously apply one another and among to three or more, our world of words is a little more tightly organized. We're operating comfortably within agreed guidelines. We have a Style.

the rule makers is "untenable," citing brains like subject-verb agreement. A "We're the Committee stylistic rule is not a law. No cellblock Leave it the way it is."

Anita Brookner and Nadine Gordimer. in Reading Gaol is reserved for those E. Ward Gilman, editor of Merriam condemned of using between the three-(and indeed a medal is pinned on writers careful to use between when expressing a relationship of several

items considered a pair af a time). But when you play by the rules of grammar — that is, when you agree to adopt a style that befits a certain level and tone of discourse - and then stick to the rules you've learned, you get a subtle intellectual kick that the anything-goes crowd never experiences. And when you break any rule for effect, as when you use a sentence frag-ment now and then for emphasis, or begin a sentence with and to foster an illusion of spontaneity or afterthought, you are like an actor playing a drunk

and performing an exquisite stumble.

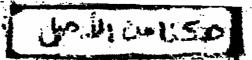
The respecter of the rules of an adopted style becomes a member of a club so determinedly inclusive as to be truly snooty. You're in, and nobody can cancel your membership as long as you consult the rule book. The secret handshake and the code ring are yours. With these symbols comes the sense of belonging, of serene security, of smug noninfectionity that suffuses all those who clothe themselves voluntarily in the golden chains of good usage. (Tlearned psychology from "The Story of O.")

If you take language as a metaphor for life, your respect for the gently arbitrary rules of style signifies your willingness to respect the rules of civility in the way you behave. Breaking a rule of style or even of civility gams force and meaning only when you know what code you are violating and why.

TMAGINE, two centuries ago, the copy editor for the Committee on Style of the Constitutional Convention going up to Thomas Jefferson and pointing to the last line of his proposed Unanimous Declaration of the Thirteen United States of America: "We mutually pledge to each other our lives,

our fortunes, and our sacred honor." "Not only is mutually redundant, Tom, but you're referring to more than A style is a set of conventions, not a fundament of grammar fixed in our brains like subject-verb agreement. A "We're the Committee on Style, right?"





ASIA/PACIFIC

Zhu to Face Volatile Issues And Critics in Trip to U.S.

By Erik Eckholm New York Times Service

Accidentarines

BEUING - Zim Rongji, China's charismatic prime minister and currently the drivdetermined to fight the downward spiral in U.S.-Chinese relations - but without departing from the Communist Party line.

his frank talk and impatience with incom-petent officials, will have to confront head-on the many political disputes that have come to charisma and is very adept at using it to sell his Chinese nuclear spying, the military balance with Taiwan and a widening trade gap are all factors that have soured a skeptical Congress on Washington's and Raiffa? This trip comes at a critical time, and what he does could have an important impact on the long-term development of the Chinese-American relationship." on Washington's and Beijing's strategy of mutual engagement

The Chinese, meanwhile, are outraged by the U.S.-led bombing of Yugoslavia, which they regard as an illegal intervention in a sovereign country with worrying implications for their own determination to keep control of Tibet, whose indigenous inhabitants, like Kosovo's Albanians, would probably prefer independence.

Too Chinese leaders exciously considered the way of many Chinese Mr. Thu and

Top Chinese leaders seriously considered postponing the trip until the bombing stopped.
But they decided to proceed, a sign of how
much China still values good relations with the United States, considered vital to its own modernization.

Mr. Zhu leaves Beijing on Tuesday for a day in Los Angeles before continuing to Washington and then Denver, Chicago and New York, finishing in Boston on April 14.

Although his agenda is weightier than he had expected, Mr. Zhu still plans to spend a day discussing the environment with Vice President Al Gore — part of his original agenda of bolstering economic ties with the United States and developing projects to fight China's severe environmental pollution.

But negotiations for entry to the World

Trade Organization have stalled because China coold not agree to open its markets as broadly as the United States demanded meaning there will be no major agreements to sign during the visit.

Mr. Zhu is bound to run into U.S. criticism

of China's human rights record. Chinese and Western political analysts in Beijing are unanimous that he cannot waver in defense of . China's record, in particular now that the United States has announced it will sponsor a resolution condemning China's rights record at a United Nations meeting in April in

Any departure from the Communist Party line would undermine the prime minister's power, political analysts say. This is espe-

cially true because unlike other top leaders, he has not developed a powerful personal con-stituency within the Communist Party.

Still, if any Chinese leader can carry off

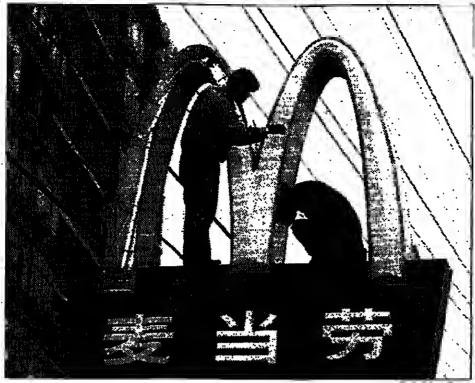
ing force behind its ambitious economic changes; arrives in the United States this week determined to fight the downward spiral in with an absence of Marxist cant. His spectacular rise to power, after years as a political Mr. Zhu, 70, widely admired in China for and he is respected in China for his intellect and practical, serious style.

'He's a smart leader with great personal a boil since his trip was conceived in the afterglow of President Bill Clinton's visit to China last year. Human rights, accusations of international politics at People's University in Beijing. "This trip comes at a critical time,

In his only public statements on the Amercan visit, at a rare news conference on March 15, Mr. Zhn said, "The goal of my visit is to tell you the truth and also to let you vent your anger and voice your complaints.

'It is also to resume the good momentum

the view of many Chinese, Mr. Zhu and President Jiang Zemin are bravely steering the country through a painful transition toward a market-oriented economy. Those Chinese, unlike the dissidents whose cause is important to many in the West, see China as a country to many in the West, see China as a country people to understand the real situation in where the rule of law is expanding and people China," said Xiong Zhiyong, dean of the



Workers in Beijing spiffing up the golden arches sign at a McDonald's restaurant.

have unprecedented freedom in their personal lives, if not in politics. And Taiwan, people here note, is internationally recognized as an ers tend to underestimate the depth of U.S. inalienable part of China.

So why are Americans so stringent about China's entry to the World Trade Organization? Why so much fuss about the arrest of some disruptive radicals, and why the threat to create an open military alliance with Taiwan? "Zhu Rongji will try to get the American

concerns over rights, trade and foreign policy, said David Shambaugh, a China expert at George Washington University and the Brookings Institution in Washington, Instead, they tend to attribute criticism to a small cabal of enemies

"They don't understand that the broad masses see China through suspicious eyes," Mr. Shambaugh said.

BRIEFLY

Rogue Trader to Be Released?

HONG KONG — Singapore plans to release Nicholas Leeson, the trader who was imprisoned after being con-victed of fraud and forgery in connection with the 1995 collapse of Barings Bank, a Hong Kong newspaper

reported Sunday.

The South China Sunday Morning Post quoted the Singapore minister of home affairs, Wong Kan Seng, as saying Mr. Leeson, a Briton, would be released July 3. nearly three years before the completion of his six and a half-year sentence. Mr. Leeson has colon cancer. (AP)

7 Spy Boats Tied to Pyongyang

TOKYO -- North Korea sent seven spy boats into Japanese waters last month, including the two that were chased by Japanese warships, a newspaper said Sunday.

Japanese radar detected the boats March 21 in the Sea

of Japan off Noto Peninsula, the Tokyo Shimbun quoted defense agency sources as saying. Five of the vessels left Japanese waters within the day and sailed toward the Korean Peninsula, but the other two remained in the area, the paper said.

Thai Murder Suspect Arrested

BANGKOK — The alleged mastermind behind the killing of Michael Wansley, an Australian auditor, has surrendered to Thai police, officials said.

Pradit Siriviriyakul, owner of a sugar mill in northern Uttradit Province, surrendered Saturday after a warrant was issued for his arrest, said Prasan Wongyai, the deputy commander of the national police.

Mr. Pradit was interrogated and then flown to the central province of Nakhon Sawan, where Mr. Wansley was slain. Mr. Wansley, a senior partner at international consultancy Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and a former chairman of the Australian Red Cross, was shot to death March 10 by a gunman on a motorcycle. (AFP)

North Korean Sailors Returned

SEOUL - Two North Korean survivors from a sunken ship were handed over to Pyongyang diplomats Sunday from a South Korean ship moored in the Sri Lankan capital of Colombo, officials said.

The rescued pair were taken aboard the 52,000-ton Hyundai Duke after the South Korean container ship collided with the North Korean freighter Manpok on Wednesday in the Indian Ocean. Despite an Indian air and sea search, there was no sign of the Manpok's other 37 crew members.

For the Record

Prime Minister Mahathir bin Mohamad of Malaysia was being treated for a lung infection after entering the country's National Heart Institute on Friday, Mr. Mahathir, 73, was in stable condition Sunday and expected to stay at the institute a few more days.

Dengue fever killed 383 people in Vietnam last year. nearly 70 percent more than a year earlier.

Wife of Anwar Forms an Opposition Party

KUALA LUMPUR - The wife of the opposition leader Anwar Ibrahim formed a new political party Sunday and called for opposition groups to unite to topple the government of Prime Minister Mahathir bin Mo-

Azizah Ismail and a roster of the nation's leading political activists joined forces to form the National Justice Party.

Mr. Anwar will not formally join his wife's party but will "support" it in a strategic bid to group opposition forces throughout the coun-

try into one movement, party officials said.
"Political parties and nongovernmental organizations must work together and set aside their differences in order to free Malaysia from the continuing stranglehold of crisis and oppression," Mrs. Azizah told about 2,000 supporters, opposition politicians and journalists. "My aim is to return Malaysia's morality

the authoritarian iron fist of Prime Minister Mahathir," she said to loud applause and cries

for "Reformasi," or "Reforms,"
Mr. Mahathir, 73, is the president of the
dominant United Malays National Organization. He is also the chairman of the ruling National Front coalition and has governed Malaysia for 17 years.

After Mr. Anwar was dismissed as deputy prime minister and arrested last September, he said his wife would carry forward his campaign to reform politics in Malaysia.

Mr. Anwar, 51, faces 10 counts of cor-

ruption and sodomy. He has denied all the charges, saying they are part of a political plot to discredit him. A High Court judge will deliver a verdict on four of the charges on

until April next year but there is speculation it pendence in 1957.

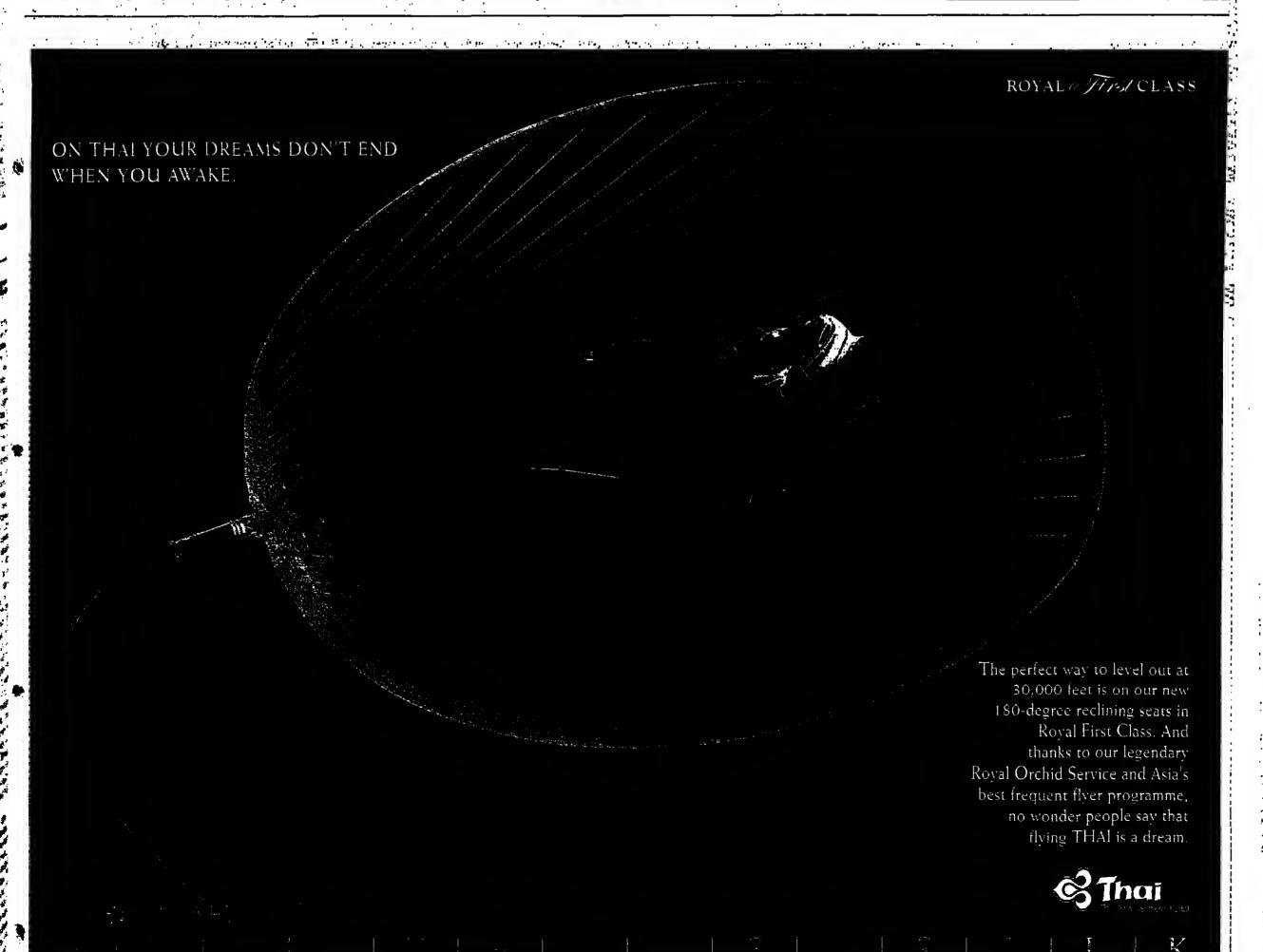
will call an election amid signs of economic recovery. The new party hopes that Mr. Anwar's

popularity among opposition groups will help to form a collective front able to wrest power from Mr. Mahathir's governing coalition. "The most important challenge facing us is

to work together with the opposition and others," said Chandra Muzaffar, the new party's deputy vice president and an ont-spoken critic of Mr. Mahathir. Mr. Anwar, once Malaysia's heir apparent,

is the inspiration behind this and will continue to give us guidance," Mr. Muzaffar added. Mr. Anwar's decision not to become an

official member of the new party was seen as a tactic giving the group more flexibility in any talks with power brokers in the United falays National Organization, which has led The government's term does not expire Malaysia's governing coalitions since inde-(AP, AFP)



INTERNATIONAL

Castro's Newest Foe: Rising Crime

Need and Opportunity Drive More Cubans to Illegal Pursuits

By Mireya Navarro

HAVANA - Never mind that one rohber had second thoughts and was replaced at the last minute or that another did oot shoot as planned. Or that the bounty was only \$6,000 instead of the expected \$30,000, or that the whole gang of seven men was arrested in less than

In the annals of crime in revolutionary Cuba, the assault on a government armored van in daylight last December during which five people were wounded was a botched hut spectacular act of

"I first heard the shots, then I saw the wounded people go hy," said Marta Acosta, 59, who lives across the street from La Arcada, the cluster of dollar stores in Guanabacoa municipality that was the scene of a shoot-out between ooe of the thieves and two armored van workers picking up the shopping center's receipts. "It was shocking."

Indeed, the high-profile caper was the kind that government officials used to associate more with the ills of American society than with their highly policed

But today Cuba, which for decades was immune to the high crime rates of more open societies, is itself grappling with a rising tide of common crime that has swelled in the last year.

The rise is taking place as Cubans struggle with hardships caused by the collapse of their Soviet patroo 10 years than three decades of economic embargo by the United States.

Necessity oow leads scores of people ficers, distinguished by their black ber-

But the problem has also been fueled by the opportunity that has arrived here along with increasing numbers of foreign tourists as the government has

President Fidel Castro himself sounded the alarm about crime in a speech National Police, associating it with a make ends meet creeping moral laxity and Cuba's open- What is most ing in dollars, tourists and foreigo investment in the mid-1990s.

He noted that those were the very sectors endangered by crime. Two Italignns are not prevalent and legal access to them is tightly restricted.

'In the fight against crime we're also defending the prestige of the country and its economy," Mr. Castro said. "The rise in crime discourages tourism, aside from the damage it causes to 11 million citizens and the uneasiness it produces.

In response to the crime wave, the government has stationed police officers on almost every comer in Havana's tourist areas and in February stiffened penalties for crimes ranging from drug trafago, Communist Party policies and more ficking and pimping to armed robbery and the illegal trade in beef.

The deployment of special police of- drug use in Coba, Mr. Castro said.

to steal from workplaces, to earn dollars ets, has given parts of Havana, where as illegal drivers or prostitutes and to officials say 80 percent of the island's join a thriving black market. In rural crime takes place, the feel of a city under areas, livestock theft is such a problem, siege. In some areas the young officers government officials said, that some are often seen checking the identific-people take their cows into their homes ation cards of Cubans, writing tickets for some infraction or giving instructions to drivers, cyclists and pedestrians through loudspeakers.

The crackdown, which government officials say is already working, has slowly tried to open the island to out- been welcomed by many Chbans and foreigners who have been victims of pickpockets and hurglars. But the heightened vigilance is also stifling what three mooths ago to the Revolutionary some Cobans say is their only way to

What is most notable has been the virtual disappearance of prostitutes from the streets after they have either been sent back home to the countryside or interned in "rehabilitation centers," an tourists were fatally shot last September during a rohbery, even though handmuch as four years of agricultural and other labor. While not illegal here or penalized as a criminal offeose, prostitotion is regarded as "antisocial" and a magnet for related crime such as drug

In his speech, Mr. Castro, disclosing rarely published crime information, said the use of Cuba as a transshipment point for Colombian cocaine destined for the United States and Europe "persists."

He announced new, stricter penalties for drug trafficking, which this year were made to range from 15 years in prison to death. As an offshoot of the trafficking, there has also been increased



The Cuban leader also noted a looseniog of morals. He excoriated Cubans who drive tourists around and rent out rooms illegally, police officers who accept bribes, parents and pimps who induce young women to sell their bodies and those who steal merchandise from their jobs.

But American and other Western officials say more controls only invite more lawbreaking because illegal activity is the only way many Cubans who do not get dollar remittances from family anti-crime measures and policing went train is already moving."

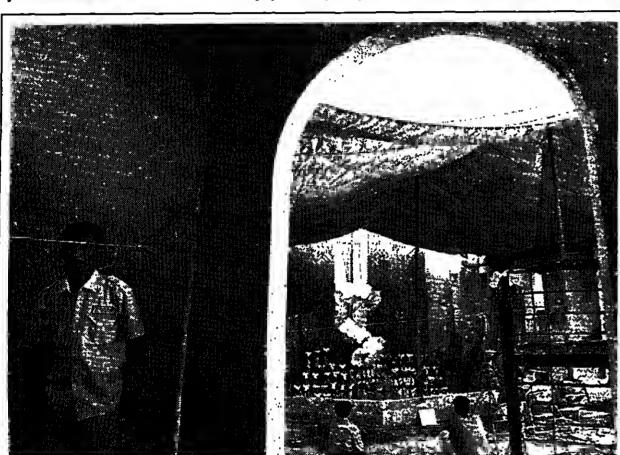
members in the United States can comof those salaries are paid in a local currency that is no longer accepted for many transactions that now take place in doi-

A 31-year-old driver with a wife and said he could make \$40 or more driving a foreigner around for the day.

Some Western officials said that the

beyond what was warranted and served plement their meager state salaries. Most to complement the increased anti-American statements and a law, also passed in February, to rein in the small but growing number of dissidents and independ ent journalists.

There was an impetus for more rwo young sons who said he earned 260 opening within Cuba and from foreign person a month, or \$13, making bricks. a Western diplomat said. "He's now aiming at telling us. 'No, we stay where we are.' That's rather unrealistic. The



Christians celebrating Easter in the remains of their church at Ketapang in Jakarta. The burning of the church in November led to Muslim-Christian riots that have killed more than 200 people in the Moluccas.

Christians make up 75 percent of the church in the regency of South East crisis in decades.

Sectarian Violence Claims More Lives in Indonesia

AMBON, Indonesia - Christians and Muslims fought with spears and machetes Sunday in the far eastern islands of Indonesia, as the death toll from several days of communal bloodshed climbed to 34, officials and wit-

The regent of the South East Moluccas, Husain Rahayaan, said Sunday that hundreds of armed Muslims and Christians were still fighting in villages on the outskirts of Tual, the main town in

the remote Kai Islands group.
"The fighting broke out this morning, but I can't tell you whether any deaths were involved," he said from the islands, about 3,300 kilometers (2,000 miles) east of Jakarta.

The Molaccas military commander. Colonel Karel Ralahalo, told reporters Saturday that 25 people had died in the fighting between Muslims and Christians around the islands, but residents and witnesses put the death toll at 34.

Already this year, more than 200 people have died in communal violence

lometers northwest of the Kai Islands.

Moluccas, and Muslims the rest. The area, at the eastern extremity of the violence-wracked Maluku Province, is also called the Moluccas, and is known

to history as the Spice Islands. Mr. Rahayaan said that hundreds of police officers and soldiers had been assigned to halt the clashes Sunday, Earlier Sunday, two bodies with

severe lacerations were found in a ditch in Tual, and a local hospital said two

people had died from gunshot wounds.

The unrest first broke out Wednesday, triggered by a land dispute, It peaked Saturday when police officers and soldiers fired volleys of rubber hullets to disperse hnodreds of Christian and Muslim combatants in the Kei Besar, district, leaving, at least, 43. Besar district, leaving at least 43.

wounded, witnesses and officials said. Rioting broke out in Kei Besar again on Friday when Christian mobs attacked Muslim worshippers at a mosque during noon prayers, forcing hundreds of Muslims to flee into the forest.

The province has been just one of several flash points of violence that in the province, mostly in and around the have ignited across the sprawling island nation in the past year as ethnic, religious and social tensions boiled over Christians make up 75 percent of the amid the worst economic and political

BRIEFLY

Nazareth Is Scene Of Easter Rioting

JERUSALEM — Tensions betw Muslims and Christians in the Galilee town of Nazareth erupted into riots Sun, day in which at least 27 people were hurt; the Israeli police said.

The authorities briefly, closed the main road in the town where the Bible says Jesus lived. Police officers tried to break up clashes over a disputed tract near the Basilica of the Annunciation, the holiest Christian site in the Arab city, a police representative said.

The head of the Roman Catholic Church in the Holy Land, Latin Patriarch Michel Sahbah, appealed in an Easter message for "prudence and calm" to ease tensions between Christians and Muslims in Nazareth and in Palestiniangoverned Bethlehem.

The dispote centers on competing said Mislims wanted to build a mosque near the grave of the nephew of their 12th-century leader Saladin, who ousted the Crusaders from the Holy Land, while the city government and the church wanted to huild a square to mark the start of Christianity's third millennium.

(Reuters)

GENE :

Paraguay Seeks Arrest of General

ASUNCION, Paraguay .- A judge has asked Interpol to apprehend General, Lino Oviedo, the convicted coup leader who is now in exile in Argentina, for his role in the deaths of six protesters here

last month. General Oviedo fled Paraguay a week ago, just before the resignation of President Raul Cubas Gran, who freed the former army chief in August from a 10year prison sentence for leading a failed conp in 1996. Mr. Cubas has since left Paraguay and was granted political

asylum in Brazil.
Foreign Minister Miguel Saguier said the parents of one of the slain protesters had filed a complaint against the general. The six men were shot by snipers as more than 200 other people were wounded during demonstrations March 26 against Mr. Cubas and General Oviedo. The demonstrators hlamed them for the assassination of Vice President Luis Maria Argana (Reuters)

English word." Perhaps the lesson for computer users elsewhere is that when imported more than 1,000 years ago. Western words have accentuated the generation gappu (gap) in Japan, for words the generation gappu (gap) in Japan, for Matome Ito, a 64-year-old porcelain young people in the cities enthusiast- salesman in a small shop in Tokyo. "For well and are usually written in a separate alphabet called katakana or sometimes for generating error messages, they should realize that it could be worse: ically adopt new words that leave the young people, the whole lifestyle is all elderly befuddled. American now. Their food is different.

Continued from Page 1

When it comes time to use the restroom, the less cosmopolitan face similar for challenges. One club writes the words "Gentlemen" and "Ladies" in English calligraphy so curved and fancy that almost all guests look a hit tentative making their choice for the first time, and patrons of restaurant toilets often must rely on the typical Japanese color coding not appear in the correct doraibu (drive) of hlue for men and red for women.

"No one knows what bathroom to go into from the signs," said Hisako Sek-ine, an elderly housewife. "You just De have to look at the pictures, or else see if one is blue and the other red."

The lioguistic challenge is perhaps most pronounced in computers. In the 19th century, Japan tended to come up with traditional ways of writing new products or concepts, so that a telephone was dubbed denwa, or "electronic talk." But while China continues in that approach, terming a computer an "electronic brain," Japan in recent decades has shifted almost exclusively to simply transcribing the sounds of foreign words, so that computer in Japanese is

konpyutaa.
This has some advantages for intellectuals who travel abroad and communicate in English as well. But it is a hit overwhelming for the persoo who sits down at a kithoudo (keyboard) for the first time and is told to move the mausu (mouse) and daburu-kurikku (doubleclick) oo the aikon (icon).

"I look at a computer book, and I can't even figure out how to get started," fretted Kimíi Oíshi, a 74-year-old woman who had joined Tokyo's Grandma Posukon saron (personal computer salon) and was clutching a kon-

pyutaa manyuaru.
"Look at this," she added. " Manyuaru. I don't even know what that is. What's a manyuaru? ! doo't eveo know how to begin.

A manyuaru is a manual. And since there is already a word in Japanese meaning the same thing, manyuaru reflects the tendency to adopt foreign words even when there are perfectly good ones available in Japanese.

Still. Mrs. Oishi said in some cases

she felt more comfortable with computer-word transcriptions such as mausu than with translations such as nezumi, the Japanese word for a mouse or a rat.

They could be toraburushyuutingu (trouble-shooting) using the Japanese version of Microsoft Windows and getting herupu (help) like the one beginning: "What to do if the foiru (file) does and foruda (folder) of the open fairu daiarogubokkusu (dialogne

Despite the image in the West of Japan as a country unusually resistant to foreign currents, Japan has long beeo an eager importer of foreign terms. In serious discourse, about half of the ex-

TOKYO: Older Generation Faces Double Language Barrier in Trying to Learn English-Based Computer Terms

directly in Roman letters. Thus, a single sentence of written Japanese can be a mixture of four writing systems: Chinese characters, katokana, Roman letters and a Japanese alphabet called

The adoption of foreign words often seems aimed not at facilitating communication but at obstructing it. Jost as others might show off hy using Latin ad infinitum or using French words to demoostrate their savoir-faire, Japanese often use new foreign words because they have the appiru (appeal) that not

"When my grandkids are speaking Kawaguchi, an 87-year-old woman living in western Tokyo. "But if they want to talk to me, then I tell them that they'll have to speak Japanese."

no political opposition to them, and most people seem to accept them as useful even if a growing number of elderly people feel left out.

"Old people and young people may

American now. Their food is different, and they can't even use chopsticks right any more. Even the smell of the houses is their weird way, I don't understand it, any more. Even the smell of the houses is hut I don't mind," said Fumiko different. The homes of older people smell of fish and miso soup, and the kids' houses smell of America.

be talk to me, then I tell them that they'll ave to speak Japanese."

Mr. Ito paused and sighed and, perhaps getting carried away, added sorrowfully: "Young people are so different to opolitical opposition to them, and most opolitical opposition to them, and most opposition to them, as useful."

They we like Westernesses have changed. They're like Westerners — they don't have chins anymore. I think maybe it's partly because they don't chew on things like dried squid any more."

CHINA: Bridges and Buildings Collapse as Corrupt Officials Profit From Spending Boom

Continued from Page 1

triggered by the Asian financial crisis, China's leaders have ordered state-run banks to pump hillions of dollars into the economy to create jobs and growth.

Much of the cash has gone into in-

frastructure projects. Last year, the budget for highway construction jumped 50 percent, for example, and this year it is due to rise 62 percent.

While many economists back the Keynesian idea of infusion to boost growth, they fear that because money is being thrown into shoddy projects, many structures will crumble in the next few

There is no real process for local governments to tender contracts. And there is little accountability once projects are under way. Contracts are usually handed out to relatives or friends of local Communist Party leaders and then subcontracted to inefficient state-owned companies with little knowledge of safety regulations. Money is obtained by pressuring local banks to make loans. Then a good portion of that money is

At about the same time Qijiang county was building the Rainbow Bridge, for example, the local government was constructing a country club called the Garden of the Sighing Pines on the outskirts of town. There, local officials could meet privately and be served by scantily clad "In Japan, the image of a nezumi is rather dirty," Mrs. Oishi said primly.
"So I think for that, it is better to use the



The remains of the badly built Rainbow Bridge in Qijiang, China, which collapsed on Jan. 4, killing 40 people.

The Chinese newspaper Southern Weekend estimated that the club had cost hundreds of thousands of dollars to build. Local sources said money from the Rainbow Bridge project was diverted to build the private getaway.

The flimsiness of these projects, and other indicators such as thousands of empty buildings, are raising a broader question: How can China make efficient use of capital to prime its economic pump when most funds are still moved around the country hy political decree or in other ways contrary to market rules?

One of the higgest problems is that the wisdom of the mad rush to improve the infrastructure or to huild so excessively. In the early 1990s, debate was stymied on the Three Gorges project, as it has been on subsequent schemes. And when problems occur, they are usually papered over until it is too late.

In 1996, for example, soon after the Rainbow Bridge was completed, a huge bang rocked it one day. Workers found cracks in steel arches that held the bridge to the river banks. Nothing was done.

Even before that, an experienced there is no real mechanism for debating welder had written to the coooty government pointing out flaws in the welding work, but he was ignored. Last Dec. 28, a construction department official wrote to both the county government and the party committee suggesting that the bridge be closed. He also was ignored. A

week later, disaster struck.
When it did, the Qijiang county goverament sought to cover up the incident. The government tried to huy off families of the dead. But relatives protested, and Chinese journalists flocked to the town.

Mubarak Ends a Law That Freed Rapists

CAIRO - President Hosni Mubarak has decreed an end to a widely criticized law that allowed rapists to be freed from prison if they married their victims, an Egyptian government newspaper report-

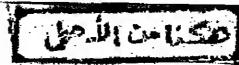
ed Sunday.

Al Ahram quoted the minister of justice, Farouk Seif Nasr, as saying that the old law had "encouraged the crimmals to perpetrate their crime instead of

Parents of rape victims have used the law, which dates to 1904, as a way to regain family honor through marriage of a daughter considered tainted. Rapists have used it to escape punishment. Some lawmakers fought changing the law, arguing that it was in the victims' interest because otherwise their marriage prospects were slim.

The cabinet endorsed Mr. Mubarak's decree Saturday, Al Ahram said, and sent it to Parliament for ratification. Such votes are usually unanimous in a Parliament dominated by the president's National Democratic Party.

Government statistics about rape are not available, and human rights advocates say most victims do not report the crime because of the stigma associated with it. In some rural areas, rape victims have been killed by a male relative to restore family honor. Advocates of changing the law received strong sup-port from Egypt's top clerics, who have decreed that such marriages do not meet the standards of Islam.



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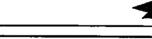
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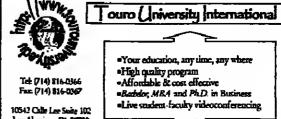
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Dodging the Inferno: Some Serbs Elect to Flee Milosevic's War

By Steven Erlanger New York Times Service

ceived a mobilization order Friday to report to the Yugoslav Army. Instead, he for this wretched Kosovo." has left home, spending nights in different

'This is the biggest dilemma I have."

iniscent of a generation of Americans during the Vietnam War, be is not mak
Official Serbian state television has during the Vietnam War, be is not maka pebble with extraordinary viciousness. does so.
"I really don't know what to do."
In gen

house of his wife's uncle. "I'm doing BELGRADE — Vladimir, like an un-known number of young Serbs, is on the be said at one of Belgrade's many cafés.

"Everyone is trying not to fight. No one A 29-year-old computer whiz, he re- I know wants to die for Slobodan Milosevic," the Yugoslav president, "or An artist, 33, has sent his family

apartments and wrestling with an exaproxad. "It's too late for me," he said, noting that under Serbia's state of war, all noting that under Serbia's state of war, all men between the ages of 18 and 60 are he said Sunday in a quiet conversation in forbidden to travel outside the country. central Belgrade. "On the one hand, I They cannot be granted exit visas, receive think I should defend my country, which new passports or renew their old ones. is being attacked; on the other, I'm While no general mobilization has been frightened that I will die for this re- declared reserve units are being called up ime." as specialties are required. Men who He is not proud of himself, he said. But served in radio and communications while wrestling with his decision, rem- units, for instance, are being ordered to

ing himself available to the army. "I can always tell them I was away in the connection of the connect try for the weekend," he said, kicking at ders, and it is likely that a large majority

In general, patriotism is high in what A friend of Zarko, a lawyer, said the appear to be the early days of a tong to place." Mostly, they stay in Be 30-year-old had received a mobilization notice. But when asked directly by a NATO, and there is a lot of outrage about always best to hide in a hig city.

foreigner, Zarko said he had oot. Still he the extension of NATO's bombing this has left his own apartment to live at the weekend to central Belgrade and at least ostensibly civilian targets like bridges, power plants and factories.

On Sunday, for example, on the pedestrian shopping street of Knez Mihailova, near the trashed U.S. and French cultural centers and the British Council building, passers-by kneeled at an immense strip of unrolled canvas, perhaps a yard wide and 100 yards long. Every few yards, there was a pot of white paint and a brush, and people stopped to daub their favorite patriotic and anti-NATO slogans on the canvas.

Still, war-time military courts have been established to court-martial those who do not report to their units immediately, and prison terms for draftdodging can range from one to 20 years.

The artist, who asked to be called

Samuel, said he was part of a group of about 20 close friends who exchange those 20 people is in cootact with another 20 friends, he said.

"People go to other addresses and hide." he said. "They move from place to place." Mostly, they stay in Belgrade: "It's the only terrain they know, and it's

now at some 2 million people, swollen by Serbian refugees from Croatia and Bosnia-Herzegovina, many people are not registered with the police. Similarly, a number of apartments are either empty or are still registered to distant relatives or family members who are dead.

People are afraid to go to small villages outside of Belgrade, even where they have vacation houses or apartments," Samnel said, "There is small-town patriotism and small-town curiosity, and it is easier to be caught."

But all these choices are difficult, Samuel continued. He described two friends with dual Serbian-French citizenship who are both dodging mohilization and yet refuse to leave the country, even with their French passports. On Saturday night, be said, he told

them to go to an empty apartment in

Zemun, a small and rather arty mninformation about safe houses. Each of nicipality of greater Belgrade along the Danube that was the last ontpost of the Austro-Hungarian Empire. The apartment is new and unregistered. doesn't exist in official papers," he said. On the other hand, it is uncomfortably

get against another." et against another.

And why don't they go to France?

friends and their country now, while it is said, "If the guys from NATO come under attack. That would be a betrayal." here we will shoot them."

The same is true of himself, he said. my friends or this city, which I love."
Samuel had done his army service in

the 1980s, before Mr. Milosevic began 'the wars of secession" that have engulfed the former Yugoslavia in blood and flame. "I did it and I hated it," he said. "I hated the look of the uniform, and I hated the feel of the gun." When he finished his 15-month tour, he, like many others, never reported his address to the Defense Ministry office in each municipality, as he was obligated to do.
"No one I know ever reported," he

said. "They have the old address, where "It I used to live, and there they will say, 'Oh, he's still abroad.' "In fact, he said, he had returned to Belgrade to take part close to an important air force huilding. in the massive pro-democracy demoo-"So either they can be a target of the strations of 1996 and 1997. "I came

With Belgrade's population estimated military police" or of the U.S. cruise home to watch Milosevic fall," he said bitterly "Unfortunately, I'm still wait-

Like many of the people he knows Samuel laughed. "It might strike you as strange," he said. "But they're very patriotic. They don't want to leave their see him hanging." At the same time, he

Ever since Tito preached a Yugoslav His wife pushed him to leave with ber, but he refused. "I don't want to abandon tween East and West, "we were all raised on this paradigm of resisting external aggression, whether it came from the United States or Russia," he said. "And now this is the paradigm we prepared for."

The generation of men 28 and under have a different experience. In general, they had to fight in Mr. Milosevic's wars, which Serbia lost, and many of them hated the fratricidal horrors of the experience.

This war against NATO is crazy, said one draft-dodger, a medical student named Dejan who served in Bosnia. They sent me an invitation to join the army reserve, but I'm not at home and my parents are not there, either." Instead, he said, "I live like a refugee, changing places every other night.

Kosovar Rebel Leader Pleads for NATO Weapons

By Carlotta Gall New York Times Service

SKOPJE, Macedonia — A top commander of the Kosovo Liberation Army are up against a whole division, with has made an impassioned plea for tanks, artillery and infantry." has made an impassioned plea for NATO countries to supply weapons and ammunition to his guerrilla force, which he said has been hampered in its losing battle to defeod Kosovo's ethnic Albanians from Serbian forces.

The commander, who goes by the name Drini, said in an interview that his forces desperately needed military supplies if they were to maintain their resistance and defend civilians trapped in parts of Kosovo. He also called for NATO to conduct air drops of food to the ethnic Albanian population stranded in

tical maneuvers to try and save the population from the Serb army. But where we are using a unit of 50 to 60 men, they

Despite NATO bombing, the Serbian air force is still putting up MiG fighter jets to bomh villages and is making extensive use of tanks and heavy artillery, Mr. Drini said.

He said bad weather had prevented NATO bombers from working with full reserves. "Even God turned its back on the Albanians," he said. "For across the 12 days there have been no clear skies, and we have oot had air strikes."

Washingtoo and its NATO allies,

telephone Saturday. "We are doing tac-fighting on several fronts around Kosovo and coming under heavy pressure as ammunition and food were running low. Supply lines from Albania have been cut, he said, and the food situation is so desperate that the Kosovo Liberation Army is having to use its rations to feed displaced civilians.

The humanitarian situation is terrible," he said. "People are under the open skies, and it is now raining. There is a lack of food, and we are giving out our

Mr. Drini said his forces had come across three separate incidents of mass killings of civilians by Serbian forces in recent days. He said 150 people, including women and children, had been which have themselves acknowledged found killed in Izhica, in the northern that the weather has seriously hampered Drenica region northeast of the Kosovo "If they gave os the military support, we could do much more." Mr. Drini said, speaking from central Kosovo hy attacks by allied jets, have so far dismissed the idea of supplying the guerrilla army. Mr. Drini said his forces were now and 34 people in Juovic.



An Italian humanitarian aid worker carrying an ill refugee child to a

REFUGEES: Kosovars Find New Field of Horrors in Macedonia

Continued from Page 1

One family held up a huge sign made out of cardboard that said, "Help," in

night, mostly the old and very young, of refugees out immediately. then be many of them suffering from exposure. Meanwhile just down the road from abroad. many of them suffering from exposure. Local journalists reported several babies had been born in the camp. One of the mothers died in childbirth Saurday, they

Hepatitis and pneumonia are already raging through the sprawling camp, where people are sleeping in the open ters of blankets and plastic. There are no battalion of the Apaches into Albania toilets, and people are using the nearby river for washing and drinking.

The scene of thousands of people

would require a protective unit of about 2,000 soldiers.

But Mr. Bacoo said deployment of the

camped on the hillside and across the fields is a messy and noisy jumble. Smoke drifted from hundred of fires. Men squatted down beside their plastic shelters, others were crushed together around the single white tent registering refugees. The occasional person who tried to slip out was shoved back hard by police officers or soldiers.

More are trapped on the other side of the border, unable to pass since Macedonian authorities effectively closed the border. A long tail of cars snakes back up the road. Many refugees have abandoned their cars, and stand massed by the immigration hooths on the road waiting to come through.

They face Macedonian police, who have used riot sticks against the crowd to keep them back. The Macedonian government denies closing the border but is adamant that it cannot absorb any more refugees for reasons of both economic and political stability.

The Macedonian authorities have also prevented foreign aid organizations from working in the camp. Local aid workers were doing the joh, driving into the camp on tractors laden with food and

They stopped at intervals and threw provisions into the crowd in random

Foreign aid organizations have been kept out.

There is a single medical teot to care for the sick, and it is clearly overwhelmed. Patients lay and sat around on the ground outside, mostly old people unable to move oo their own. A lone figure, in white medical coat and surgical mask and gloves, hurried through the mud searching for a patient.

The authorities have begun transferring refugees out to other camps, piling them into huses in haphazard fashion. One busload was taken to the refugee camp of Ragusbe, further along the Ser-

Snrrounded by wire fencing and guarded by Macedonian police, the refugees were confused and fearful.

We thought we were moving away from an aggressor, and we find something very similar to the Serb police," said Hazen Dakaj, a 52-year-old refugee. He stood by the wire fence, ficials say, is to do so much damage to ficials say, is to do so much damage to ficials say will travel and to institutions greeting his family who were stuck inside the camp.

In the chaos of boarding the buses in the middle of the night, three of the 14 ical settlement for Kosovo or. at least, members of his family had been sep-

arated and lost. "They brought us in huses here when they saw people dying," he said. "They did not care if we were together or

In the face of Macedonin's reluctance to take in the refugees, NATO countries were gearing up to take over responsibility for them Sunday. Turkey, Ger-

in 36,000 refugees between them, a ganization troops were constructing a spokeswoman at the prime minister's large transit camp with military tents and office in Skopje said.

Humanitarian flights were due to ar-Aid agencies said 11 people died Fri-day night, and 14 more died Sanurday

rive Sunday with food and supplies for the refugees and would fly the first loads

many and Norway have pledged to take the border, North Atlantic Treaty Orshowers due to open Sunday night. Refugees will be given food and wa-

rive Sunday with food and supplies for ter, medical treatment and washing facilities while they are registered and will then be sent on, either to other camps or

first aid tent Sunday in a makeshift camp in Kukes, northern Albania.

KOSOVO: NATO Steps Up Military Action and Tries to Cope With Desperate Refugees

Continued from Page 1

United States of being viewed as the under the rain or beneath makeshift shel- introduction of ground troops. Putting a

> Apaches was "absolutely not" a step toward deployment of NATO ground troops. "This is pure and simple an expansion of the air operation." he said. So far, Serbian forces have operated in Kosovo with near-impunity, with NATO leaders explaining that bad weather had prevented ground attacks because pilots cared hitting civilian targets by mistake. But the adverse weather illustrated the problems caused by NATO's decision to launch its offensive on the basis of a battle plan prepared last year for an easier summer offensive, officials said,

The need for reinforcements also showed that U.S. and NATO officials had been mistaken in insisting, as the offensive began March 24, that they had more than enough air power in the region to carry out a sustained campaign.

■ A Second Front: Refugees

Michael Gordon of The New York Times reported from Brussels: As it pressed ahead with its bombardment of Yugoslavia, NATO moved on Sunday to assume responsibility for hundreds of thousands of Kosovo refugees.

NATO announced plans to fly almost 100,000 of the approximately 350,000 refugees to Europe and North American. The alliance is also mounting emergency relief efforts in Macedonia and Albania, where tides of hungry and desperate refugees have overwhelmed aid

The refugee problem has, in effect, became a second front for the alliance. which is girding itself for weeks of bomb-ing. General Wesley Clark, the NATO upreme Allied Commander, asserted that the flood of refugees was part of a deliberate strategy by the President Milosevic, to destabilize the Balkans.

"It is a calculated, deliberate, arranged, preplanned humanitarian catashe said Saturday at the alliance's military beadquarters. "It serves two purposes: Not only does it change the demographics in Kosovo, but it helps to destabilize Macedonia.

Although NATO's eventual goal is to return the refugees to Kosovo, the prospects for doing so in the near future is

the Yugoslav military and to institutions propping up the Milosevic regime that Belgrade will ultimately agree to a politwithdraw its military forces from the province so that the refugees can return under NATO protection.

But NATO's protracted strategy means that hundreds of thousands of refugees must be taken care of in the search homes, but they never found anymeantime. Though NATO has conducted 11 days of raids, the alliance is just beginning to mount an intensive military campaign against Yugoslavia.

lift, military officials said the bombard-

particularly intense. alliance Sunday. Mr. Shea said 80,000 refugees were expelled form Kosovo on Saturday. The NATO spokesman added that 60,000 were trapped in a "no-man's land' in southern Kosovo, near Albania and Macedonia and that many of them have been without food for two days.

There are now 190,000 refugees in Albania and 131,000 refugees in Macedonia, an enormous population that has swamped aid efforts there.

bania to help with the mass of refugees there. The NATO commander in Macedonia, Lieutenant General Sir Michael Jackson of Britain, has been ordered to the three U.S. soldiers now being demount the refugee assistance effort

Mr. Shea announced Sunday that Germany had agreed to accept 40,000 refugees, and Turkey and the United States 20,000 each. Norway has offered to resettle 6,000, while Canada and Greece will each resettle 5,000.

deviled the NATO campaign began to lift, military officials said the bombardment over the next few days would be

Recognizing that it will be difficult for United Nations refugee workers to cope with the situation, NATO offered Sunday to take the lead in a control of the refugees will be flown ont on carroom the refugees is likely to be a daunting and complex task. Some of the refugees will be flown ont on carroom the refugees will be flown onto the refugees will be flown ont on carroom the refugees will be flown onto the refugees will be flown onto the refugees will be ment over the next few days would be day to take the lead in coordinating the planes that have delivered relief supplies. burnanitarian assistance. The alliance is Since some cargo planes are not con-It was the escalating problem of sending 6,000 to 8,000 troops into Al- figured for passengers, some passengers planes will also have to be flown in.

In another development, a Western official said that there was evidence that tained in Yugoslavia were kidnapped hy Yngoslav special forces who crossed out. A Serbian government spokesman in Washington said Sunday that the three U.S. soldiers would not be put on trial and would be freed when the NATO bomhing ends.

VILLAGE: The Seared Survivors of a Serbian Ethnic Cleansing

Continued from Page 1

the prelude to a humanitarian disaster that has turned this spot of Europe into a

whirlpool of misery.

More than 200,000 people have followed the Goden villagers into Albania, a nation that has opened its heart but that is hurdened by abject poverty in its efforts to absorb its ethnic Albanian brothers and sisters. Families stripped of possessions, identity papers and dignity are stumbling across three borders -- with Albania; Macedonia, a former Yugoslav republic, and the Yngoslav republic of Montenegro - to confront a future that

ficials estimate that in the next two weeks the procession of sorrow will swell by an additional 500,000 people. The fate of Goden and its 194 inhabitants is the fate of Kosovo in microcosm: terror - roundups, house burnings, intimidation, looting, expulsion. There is also a sinister mystery that tears at the people who made it out: Twenty men from the village are missing. When last seen by their families, they were kneeling with their hands behind their

has no visible contours. Western of-

heads by the wall of a burning house owned by a farmer, Hamez Osmanaj. "We don't know if they are alive or dead or massacred," said Mrs. Feraj, whose 43-year-old husband, Nesbat, is among the missing. Along with the rest of Goden's expelled residents, she is now living in donated quarters in this Albanian mountain town. "We know nothing," she said.

Before the bomhing began, Goden had largely escaped the conflict that has enguifed this province for a year. While in other villages the Kosovo Liberation Army set up command posts and checkpoints to create a parallel government, the ethnic Albanian rebels fighting for Kosovo's independence from Serbin had no presence in Goden. These villagers, however, bridled under Serbian rule and dreamed of a free Kosovo. Interior Ministry troops came into the village at least once a week to check identity papers and thing. No one from the village was ever arrested. Gunfire occasionally echoed in the distance, but the fighting was always a village or a mountain away.

arrival was announced by the eight children playing in the yard. They ran inside shouting: "The soldiers are coming! They are here!" Twenty soldiers poured into the courtyard, then into the two-story house. Mrs. Osmanaj didn't have time to get her shoes on before she was pushed into the street. One of her children was dragged by the collar and dumped on the ground outside the house.

Agron Osmanaj, 14, a distant relative of Drita's, was also eating breakfast with his mother and seven other relatives when soldiers smashed their windows with rifle butts, showering glass into the living room. Gunfire rang out and soldiers swarmed in, gesturing and shouting in Serbian, "Move! Move!"

When Rokmane Feraj was pushed outside to the street she saw, kneeling by Hamez Osmanaj's house, 20 men, including her husband, Neshat. Drita Osmanaj saw her husband, Zymer. Drita's sister-in-law, Fane, was told by her family that her son, Bashkim, an English teacher, was against the wall hut she couldn't bring herself to look. Agron Osmanaj saw his brother Ehmed, a math teacher, and his former elementaryschool teacher. Ali Feraj. Hamez Osmanai also was on his knees.

Four days earlier, Bajram Morina, 75. the village elder, had died. In keeping with tradition, some of the men met every morning for coffee to talk about Mr. Morina. They had all left their homes at 7:30, on the fourth day of the seven-day wake, and 20 of them were in Mr. Morina's house when the Serbs burst into town. The soldiers separated the men A little more than a mile away, European from the other villagers. Some villagers say that the troops thought the men were having some kind of political meeting.

As the men knelt, the soldiers moved from house to house, lighting milk bottles filled with gasoline and tossing them inside. Soon every house in the village was burning. Some of the women implored the soldiers for mercy. "We said, 'Please let us meet the men,' said Drita Osmanaj. But the 174 villagers, led by 15 men who were not at the wake, were pushed forward to the edge of an

In Drita Osmanaj's house, the war's were going to kill us." One soldier, who appeared to be the commander, shouted at them, "The order is to execute you all." Many in the crowd, particularly the younger villagers who did not speak

> elders and were carried through the villagers in terrified whispers. As the buildings burned, villagers could hear their animals bellowing in agony as the flames consumed them. After 20 minutes, the crowd was marched to another patch of grass by the edge of

> the village. Everyone was told to sit. "Where do you want us to send you?" a soldier called out "We want to stay here," some of the

> villagers answered. "There is no place for you here," a soldier replied. "For years you have been asking to join your brothers in Albania This is Serbian land, not Al-

> banian land." The soldiers moved through the crowd, checking the identities of the remaining men and stripping the women of jewelry. Gunfire communed to come from every direction. Then the soldiers announced that they wanted the remaining 15 men to separate from the women and children. The women began to wail and plead with

> the soldiers to leave them all together. We thought they were going to cut their throats," Fane Osmanaj said. "We were so scared."

The Serbs relented and at around Il A.M., an hour and a half after the terror Kosovo. began, the soldiers marched the villagers at gunpoint toward the Albanian border. peace monitors stood on the Albanian side of the border and watched as the group left the burning village. The observers said later that they then heard a sustained burst of gunfire followed by a succession of single ganshots. The villagers fear that the bullets were aimed at the 20 men who were left behind.

The soldiers guided the villagers on a zigzag route through the minefields. Four hours later, around 3 P.M., the 174 civilians from Goden entered Albania. Before they crossed, the commander shouted at them again: "Turn your head open pit, and the fear of death engulfed shouted at them again: "Turn your her them, Mrs. Osmanaj said.

Mrs. Feraj said, "We thought they You are never going to see it again." back once again and look at Kosovo.

BALKANS: Ghosts of Past Wars

Continued from Page 1

As a result, no clear decision has been made to go for overthrowing Mr. Milosevic. General Klaus Naumann of Germany, a top NATO general, did say that we clearly intend to loosen his grip on power and break his will to continue."
But only with the bombing of the Serbian Interior Ministry in Belgrade on Sanrday did the alliance begin to appear ready to place Mr. Milosevic's jugular in

its sights.
What could further radicalize this NATO approach? Perhaps a revelation of large-scale Serbian executions of the many missing ethnic Albanian men of fighting age. Or gross Serbian mistreat-ment of the three U.S. soldiers captured last week.

Another catalyst could be reliable intelligence suggesting that resistance to Mr. Milosevic in the army and security forces is rising fast, so that only a coup de grace is needed. Or a further deepening of the refugee crisis.

At that point, NATO might intensify

its bombing of Belgrade. President Bill Clinton could turn up the propaganda war hy appealing directly to the Serbian people to rise against Mr. Milosevic because he has brought them to ruin. Major resources could be invested in stirring Montenegrin restiveness, already strong.

All these measures could undermine Mr. Milosevic. Whether they would remove him is another matter. Mr. Milosevic has shown extraordinary resilience even as he has unleashed waves of destruction. After so much time, and so much propaganda, what democratic Serbian forces may lie concealed in his shadow is unclear.

What does seem clear, bowever, is that it will be extraordinarily difficult for Kosovo's Albanian leaders to agree now to any accord with the man who has terrorized them. In this sense, the removal of Mr. Milosevic may eventually into Macedonia and took the Americans favor a diplomatic settlement structured around Kosovan antonomy, at least as a first stage, or a Serbian-Albanian par-

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tition of the province.

But as Richard Holbrooke, who long negotiated with the Serbian strongman, has observed, Mr. Milosevic "likes to pull rabbits out of his hat." He might free the U.S. prisoners in the bope that the gesture will stimulate opposition in Europe to the bombing.

He could try to work on the Greeks and Italians, who have wavered in their support of the war. He could turn up the propaganda of Serbian suffering in the Serbian, did not understand what he said, hope that the once-pacifist Green Party, hut his words were translated by the now part of the German government, rediscovers its roots and brings down the coalition of Chancellor Gerhard Schroe-

None of these strategies seems likely to work. But what may favor Mr. Milosevic, and undermine Western unity, is a widespread sense that NATO has made serious errors. Political goals have been constantly reformulated since the bombing began. A war to save an international plan for autonomy formed at Rambouilet, France, may be destroying that plan once and for all.

Most profoundly, NATO's efforts to take on new roles of crisis management while avoiding the commitment of ground troops may be the higgest risk. History does not suggest that air power alone can drive out an army. The longer the conflict goes on, the more strains in

the alliance could emerge. But Mr. Clinton has looked unusually determined of late. The 1 million dead in Bosnia and Rwanda during the 1990s have clearly had an effect on him. Where he long looked the other way in Bosnia, he now seems ready to fight for Western values and against the repetitive destruction wreaked on Europe by Mr. Milosevic in Croatia, in Bosnia and now in

In a speech last week at the Norfolk Naval Air Station in Virginia, the president said he was determined to make Mr. Milosevic "pay the price of ag-gression and murder." He asked whether America could look the other way "as entire peoples in Europe are forced to abandon their homelands or die."

He still seemed entrenched in his rejection of the use of ground troops, but that position may not hold over time. If negotiation is impossible with Mr. Milosevic, the only way to ram home the message may be to mass troops and tanks in Macedonia, or even to use the new NATO member Hungary as a base from which to send the alliance's immense armored divisions rumbling over the plains to Belgrade.

Balkan Misery Worsens/Evidence of 'Cleansing'?

Refugee's Video Is Said to Depict Killings by Serbs

By Andrew Jacobs New York Times Service

A Kosovar refugee who said he recently escaped a massacre in his village gave the BBC what he said was a videotape of the aftermath of the incident that shows the bodies of nearly 100 men who he said were killed by Serbian forces.

The footage, which the man gave to a BBC correspondent in Albania on Saturday, may be the first images documenting the atrocities that many of those fleeing Kosovo have described to reporters and foreign

There was no way to establish independently the authenticity of the amateur videotape, which was recorded by a man from the small town of Krusa e-Madhe in the sonthwest of Kosovo.

The man, Melaim Bellamica, told a story that has become a familiar one among the hundreds of thou-sands of refugees who have been pouring ont of Kosovo since the North Atlantic Treaty Organization

began bombing Yugoslavia.
He said that on March 25, the day after NATO's first bombs were dropped, Serbian forces began shelling the

Later that day, soldiers entered the town and began separating the men from women and children, who were told to leave the village. He said some of the men, fearing the worst, tried to escape and were killed on the

The others, he said, were shot one by one. None of them were armed, nor were they fighters with the Kosovo Liberation Army, Mr. Bellamica said. The footage, which was broadcast on BBC and ABC



This image purportedly showing the body of an ethnic Albanian was taken from video by a refugee and given to the BBC. The refugee said he witnessed killings by Serbian soldiers in a Kosovo village.

News on Saturday, showed the bodies of men, dressed in civilian clothing, sprawled in fields surrounding the town. The video indicated that some of the men had

been shot in the back of the head or under the jaw. On CNN on Saturday night, an elderly man from the same village was interviewed as he crossed the Albanian border on the back of a tractor. His description of the attack by Serbian forces was similar to that of

"They put the men up against a wall and shot them,"

the man said. He was allowed to leave because of his

age, he said.

Mr. Bellamica said he survived the massacre by hiding for a week. He filmed the bodies April 1, after Serbian forces had left the area, and arrived in Albania on Saturday. He gave the tape to George Alagiah, a correspondent for the BBC, along with a list of the names of those who were killed. "I've done this so that my son and my grandson will never forget what the Serbs did to the Albanian people," he said.

Kosovar Chief Held by Serbs

BRUSSELS - NATO said Sun-

day that it had reports that Ibrahim Rugova, a moderate ethnie Albanian leader, was being held by Serbian forces in his house in Pristina, the capital of Kosovo.

"We have learned that his house is permanently occupied by Serh security forces," the NATO spokesman Jamie Shea said.

Serbian television Thursday showed pictures of Mr. Rugova meeting with President Slobodan Milosevic of Yugoslavia and said Mr. Rugova had called for an end to NATO air strikes. But in fact, Mr. Shea said, he had called for a "ces-sation of violence in Kosovo."

He said it is believed the pictures were two years old. (AP, Reuters)

Seems to Help Milosevic

So Far, NATO's Bombing

By Steven Erlanger New York Times Service

BELGRADE - President Bill Clinton may seem tired and worn these days, standing np." but President Slobodan Milosevic of Yugoslavia, by contrast, is looking as if he is on top of his little world.

With no contentious U.S. electorate or media to distract him, Mr. Milosevic is riding above the fray, while his army and "But NATO took a great risk of cihis police are capturing (or maybe abducting) American soldiers, shooting down a Stealth fighter-bomber and expelling ethnic Albanians from Kosovo in numbers beyond the worst nightmares of Washington officials who make policy

and draft strategy.

Somewhere in the confusing structure of the Yngoslav Information Ministry, the Serbian Information Ministry, the military press center and Serbian state television, there is a clear understanding that Mr. Milosevic is playing now to two audiences - one domestic and one international, especially American.

While his voice is rarely heard, even on state television, his beaming, seemingly genial chat sessions are being broadcast around the world, over and over, in part because the news channels can get so little footage of their own past the Serbian censors.

While the North Atlantic Treaty Organization is pounding his country including, now, his capital - from the

including, now, his capital — from the air, Mr. Milosevic, portly and almost always smiling, is meeting Vatican envoys and Russian delegations.

His military seems to be withstanding the NATO might, and his people, who do not especially like him, are rallying around him anyway as the com-mander in chief of their embattled homeland.

"There is no fifth column in Serbia now," said Vak Draskovic, the former anti-Milosevic democracy campaigner who was co-opted into the government before the war began.

"We're all one party now. We're all under one banner, the Yugoslav ban-

Zorana Ilic, a 32-year-old pharmacist interviewed Saturday in a crowded Bel-Interior Ministry buildings overnight hy cruise missiles would have little effect on the government or on ordinary Serbs, who are simply being driven closer together — at home or abroad, where many Serbs live and work.

"Just now, there are 13 million people who are at the same time against him and for him," she said. "He will be even stronger now than before it started. I don't know why American analysts even get a salary.

People here are afraid, of course, she said. "No one wants to die, even from a fine, democratic American bomb," she said. "But people congner their fear by

Dejan Anastasijevic, an analyst for Vremea, a newsmagazine, said the Belgrade strikes were symbolic, intended to show Mr. Milosevie that the alliance

vilian casualties, with a hospital so nearhy, just to demonstrate that it can destroy two totally empty office build-ings," he said. "This has not damaged Milosevic's standing or his capacity to fight."

For his part, President Milosevic met with other senior officials and issued a statement afterward praising "the heroic spirit of Belgrade.

In the aftermath of the first NATO bombs to strike inside Belgrade, state television concentrated oo comparisons to the Nazi invaders' bombing of Belgrade, also at Easter, in 1941.

Rather than spending too much time praising the Interior Ministry and the activities of its troops and police - no one's favorite authorities here - television emphasized the evacuation of wards in the nearby hospital, with its frightened mothers, angry staff members and newborn babies lying in rows in a basement shelter.

Television has also reveled in the embarrassment of Mr. Clinton at the cap-ture of three U.S. soldiers who the Yngoslavs insist crossed the border from Macedonia into Kosovo.

A military court has begun an investigation into their case, collecting evidence to see whether they should be brought to trial.

But there has been no response to Mr. Clinton's demands that they be released and no indication of where they are

being held. The supposition here is that Mr. Milosevic will not harry either to try them or to release them, hut there was little information about them in Belgrade.

In this way, too, Mr. Milosevic benefits enormously from Yugoslavia's own wartime censorship, which has also grade street, said the destruction of the allowed the government to accelerate its war against independent periodicals and broadcast ontlets.

The independent radio station B-92.

which had its transmitter disabled by the authorities just before the bombs fell hut was broadcasting via satellite and the Internet, was silenced early Friday through a legal maneuver that put the station under state control.

In the past week, a number of other independent newspapers and radio stations were also shut down.

Cruise Missiles Enhance NATO's Scope

By Joseph Fitchett
International Herald Tribune

PARIS - The cruise missiles that demolished the two national police ministries in Belgrade offered a demonstration of the devastating accuracy offered by the latest generation of these precision-guided U.S. weapons.

The missiles are a critical asset in cleanly on target, hitting the most vul-nerable point in a building, bridge, mil-itary depot or refinery and leaving civilians only a few yards away un-

systems rely on a worldwide network of hinge fires. Shattered windowpanes in a the system would scan the area to match special satellites enabling the missiles to few nearby buildings represented the up a target with its image, which had home in, regardless of visibility, on any only reported collateral damage — mil-fixed target, notably buildings. The itary jargon for accompanying damage codes — enabling it to trim its trajectory Global Positioning System, built and that might cause political embarrass- and close in for the kill.

its way to the target.

Internationally available since the mid-1990s, the GPS network is regularly used by navigators in the world's airlines and ships — and even in ordinary people's boats and ears. This commerexpanding the military and political cial version only plots locations to with-scope of NATO's air offensive because in a dozen yards: the military system is cial version only plots locations to withthey can deliver explosive warheads highly classified so that its ultraprecise data are accessible only to the U.S. mil-

The U.S. missiles used in the nighttime strike Saturday apparently scored scathed. bull's eyes, partly collapsing the For accuracy, the missiles' guidance multistory buildings and touching off

maintained by the United States, broad-ment. While the Belgrade strike showed casts a three-dimensional picture of the that the system was not blinded by the Earth enabling a U.S. cruise missile to rain and fog that could shut down 'know' exactly where it is and to find sensors on NATO's warplanes, GPS guidance does not offer a solution to the problem of attacking mobile targets, such as Serbian tanks in Kosovo.

Without the new system, however, NATO might not have dared risk attacking the ministries of interior of federal Yngoslavia and of Serbia.

Even in the Gulf War eight years ago, cruise missiles relied on guidance sys-tems using terrain reconnaissance to reach their targets, meaning that the warhead was directed by sensors that had to be able to see prominent features of the Earth's surface to chart its flight to the vicinity of the target. Once it was close,

Judges Borne Allow Kosovar Aid 'Corridor,' Italy Asks

ROME — Prime Minister Massimo D'Alema of Italy urged President Slohodan Milosevic of Yugoslavia on Sunday to heed Pope John Paul II's call for a "humanitarian corridor" to be set up for refugees from Kosovo.

Our hope is that a sign of humanity can come from Belgrade. If there isn't even that, there is really no other alternative to continuing the war," Mr. D'Alema told Italian state television from Tirana, the Albanian capital, where

he is visiting aid workers.

Mr. D'Alema, who held talks with
Secretary of State Cardinal Angelo
Sodano of the Vatican on Saturday, hailed the Pope's appeal, made during his Easter Sunday "Urbi et Orbi" address to the city and the world.
"We hope that those who are respon-

sible for that at least heed the voice of the Holy Father," Mr. D'Alema said. On Saturday, Foreign Minister Lam-

berto Dini suggested a total blockade against Serbia if the bombing campaign did not force Mr. Milosevic to change his policies soon.

'If Milosevic doesn't give way, the alternative strategy to strikes could be a hlockade of Scrbia, a total blockade, a complete isolation of Belgrade from the

with Corriere della Sera. His statement also marked the first time that a NATO foreign minister openly questioned the effectiveness of the air strikes. "In other words, if the alliance's stated aims are not reached, the bornbardment cannot continue forever," he said. "We need to think of a way of putting pressure on Belgrade that is not.

cruel, that is effective, that can be felt immediately. Mr. Dini said a blockade of Serbia

would cut off everything except food aid and medical supplies.
In his address, the Pope said, "On this

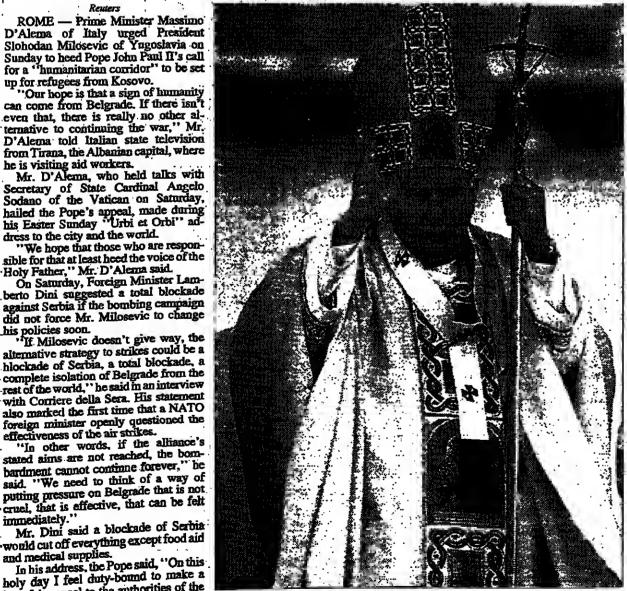
holy day I feel duty-bound to make a heartfelt appeal to the authorities of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to allow a humanitarian corridor to be opened in order for help to be brought to the mass of people gathered at the border of

Kosovo. "There can be no frontiers to impede the work of solidarity, corridors of hope are always an imperative," said John Paul, whose diplomatic envoys have been working for both an end to the NATO bombings and a return to the negotiating table for ethnic Albanians and Yugoslav leaders.

For the Pope, Easter was tinged with sorrow over the war. He expressed dismay over both Yngoslavia's violence against the Kosovars and the North Atlantic Treaty Or-

ganization's air strikes. How can we speak of peace when people are forced to flee, when they are hunted down and their homes are burnt to the ground?" he said in his Easter

Earlier, during Mass, the Pope invited prayers for peace in the Balkans and for respect for the rights of man.



Pope John Paul II pausing after his Easter address in St. Peter's Square. He urged Belgrade to open a "humanitarian corridor" for Kosovars.

The nearly 78-year-old Pope seemed England, urged the British to support the weary as, seated under a canopy shield-refugees fleeing Serbian terror with ing him from a strong noon sun, he donations, and he said the NATO action addressed the people in the square.

He ended the service by reading Easter greetings in 60 languages.

■ Clergy Speak Out on War The Associated Press reported.

"The horrible happenings of these Prayers for peace in Kosovo and sedays lies like a dark cloud over our curity for its refugees were said in Easter holiday," Cardinal Friedrich churches across predominantly Roman Wetter, Archbishop of Munich, said in Catholic Poland.

his Easter sermon. Bishop Wolfgang Huber in Berlin, a said. "Standing by and doing nothing is

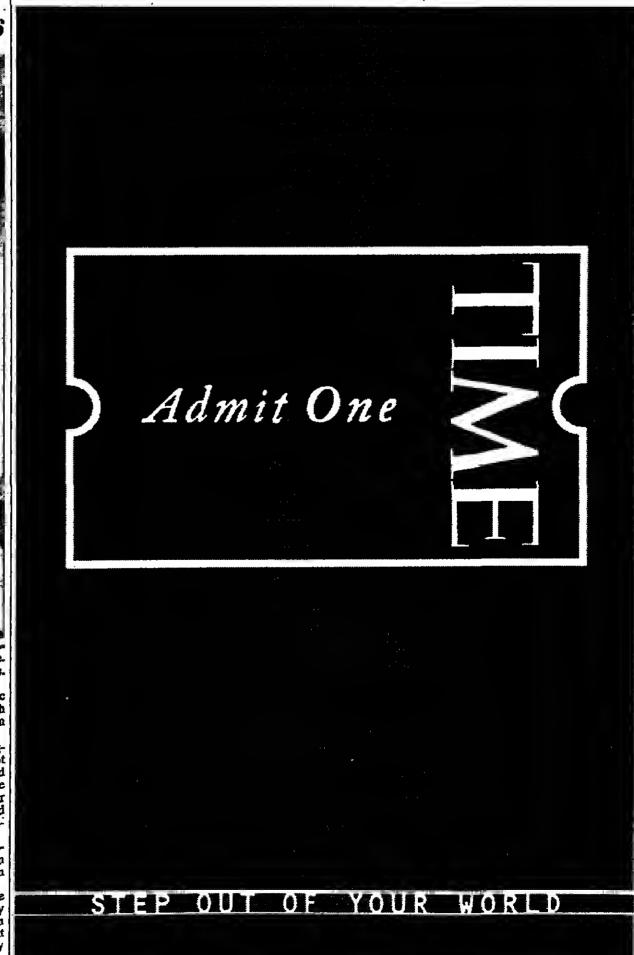
Archbishop of Canterbury George that God gives us a better next cen-Carey, spiritual head of the Church of tury."

was justified against evil.

"Military action thus far is recognition that the civilized world cannot stand idly by and accept that evil should triumph," he said. 'It must surely be In Germany, traditional Easter peace right that skills and energy of similar marches were dominated by calls for an intensity are employed in saving and end to NATO's attacks on Yugoslavia, protecting the lives of helpless and vul-

nerable people,"

Cardinal Jozef Glemp, head of the church in Poland, said the 20th century Lutheran, ooting the criticism of NATO, had been marked by "concentration camps, war and bombardments" that can be heard even today. "We must pray



Rationed News About Kosovo

When democracies send their military forces into combat, citizens need to know as much about the battles as sensible security precautions permit. In the case of Kosovo, with Western reporters barred by Yugoslavia from covering the conflict on the ground, NATO and the Pentagon must provide a detailed account of the effectiveness of the air war. It is a responsibility they

have so far largely failed to meet. The air offensive has not gone well, and the public should not be denied an account of the reasons, beyond the foul weather that has limited bombing runs.

NATO briefings in Brussels have emphasized Yugoslavia's violent assault on the ethnic Albanians of Kosovo, a vital part of the unfolding story. But NATO has provided only vague information about the bombing campaign. Few details have been made available about targets hit and how badly they have been damaged. The Pentagon has handed out a few more crumbs of information, but the public has little idea whether NATO has managed to slow the Serbian sweep across Kosovo.

The issue is not providing informa-

tion about future targets. The need is for information about targets that have been attacked. Yugoslav authorities already know where NATO bombs

Rationing war news is a familiar problem among American military leaders and their civilian superiors. Misleading military briefings eroded Washington's credibility during the Vietnam War. Yet since then, the Pentagon has continued to try to manage combat information, even during the military successes of the Gulf War.

In the weeks ahead, President Bill

Clinton may seek public support for

escalating the air war, or even intro-ducing ground troops into combat. Complicated political and security issnes will have to be resolved before the conflict ends. It is essential that citizens have all the information they need to make informed judgments as these matters arise. Mr. Clinton and his counterparts in Europe do themselves and their countries a disservice by so tightly controlling information about the battle in Kosovo.

— THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A Season of Sacrifice

A cruel irony of the horror in Kosovo is that the events there are unfolding in one of the holiest seasons of the year for the religions that dominate the countries gripped by the conflict. By accident of the lunar calendar, the observances of Easter, Passover and the Muslim feast of sacrifice, Eid al Adha, all occur this week, and few worshippers caught in the spirit of deliverance reflected in each holiday will fall to be struck by the seeming absence of anything redeem-ing about the war in the Balkans. But if solace can be drawn in the coincidence of these days of prayer, it is in the lesson of how much these religions have in common at a time when so many of their adherents are in conflict.

Passover celebrates the emergence of the Jewish people, but its universal drama is that of an escape from oppression, a declaration of freedom and self-determination that remains at issue 3,500 years after it was first heard.

The ancient Hebrews' exodus from Egypt clears the way for them to receive a code of conduct from one God, a code that defines what forever makes them Jews. But as Jews eat marzoh at Passover, the "bread of affliction" can symbolize not simply the flight from Egypt, but the constant danger of regarding any people as strangers in their own land. It is no accident that the Passover seder has in recent years drawn the faithful from other religions and backgrounds.

Alienation and expulsion, after all, are the oldest and perhaps most shocking of human dramas. The tragedy in the Balkans is that there is no sign yet of any promise of return or deliverance, but the deep yearning for that promise is surely what can lead to action by others.

which Orthodox Christians celebrate April 11, is about a promise of salvation after defeat that is of a deeply personal nature, rather than the emergence of a people.

For Christians and non-Christians

alike, the story Easter celebrates is that of one man maintaining his faith before

the military might of an oppressive government and the taunts of the crowd, a lesson of integrity and determination that has molded much of civilization as we know it. This story of sacrifice and redemption does little, of course, to lessen the pain in Kosovo. But its vision of justice rising above the temporal powers of the day is a reminder that the

human spirit can triumph. The Muslim holiday of Eid al Adha is also about regeneration and is observed by a vast multitude of people, including in this instance most of the victims of the "ethnic cleansing" in Kosovo. It is a festival of sacrifice and the annual pilgrimage to Mecca. As Muslims see fellow Muslims forced from an inhos-pitable place in search of a place that will receive them, they cannot help but think of Mohammed's persecution and flight from Mecca to Medina, where he was welcomed and where he built his faith. The holiday also commemorates Abraham's sacrifice of the ram as a substitute for his son, with its echoes of the paschal lamb of Passover and the lamb of God of Christianity.

Some have characterized the war in some have characterized the war in the Balkans as an ancient implacable conflict among religions. But in fact, it is testimony to the ability of ruthless leaders to persecute others in the name of religion, ignoring the genuine tradition of tolerance enshrined in Judaism. Christianity and Islam and articulated by the prophets, saints and seers of each faith.

In a season when adherents to these great religions are worshipping God in their own ways, it is especially im-portant to remember the borrors of viewing others with different backgrounds as strangers, or even enemies, the Balkans, the Middle East, Indonesia or any other place of entrenched religious and ethnic conflict.

Thus this season's confluence of bolidays and horrors can serve as a powerful reminder of that higher yearning among peoples of all traditions. —THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A New 'Last Chance' in Ulster

The much advertised "last chance" for the Irish to put into effect last year's Good Friday peace agreement has come and gone. This leaves the Protestant majority and Catholic minority in Northern Ireland measurably closer to ... surely to an early breakthrough on the crucial issue of disarming the private guerrilla militias, especially the lrish Republican Army. The possibility of a collapse into violence is but a bomb away. Yet the responsible leaders of both religious communities in Northern Ireland are under intense pressure to stay at the negotiating table. The never-say-quit prompting of the British and Irish leaders. Tony Blair and Bertie Ahem, has produced a "declaration" that the Northern Ireland parties have agreed to take up on April 13.

Disarming, or "decommissioning" arms, is rightly regarded as proof that the disarmer is renouncing not just violence and the means of defense but also the whole option of armed struggle. Disarming on the Catholic side is widely seen as an ultimate act,

the counterpart to the Protestant side's readiness to share real political power. IRA extremists, of course, resist disarming for fear it would cost them the guns for pressing their goal of driving out the British.

The Blair-Ahern declaration anticipates a "collective act of reconcili-ation" that will "see arms put beyond use, on a voluntary and verified, basis." At about the same time a set of new political institutions providing a place for Northern Ireland's Catholics will enter into force.

The declaration has touched off a lively discussion on whether it invites the parties to evade or to tackle the deep gap of distrust remaining between them. The answer will depend primar-ily on whether the IRA will make at least a minimal gesture of disarmament. Such a gesture would let the Protestant leadership tell its people that the disarming has truly begun and that now is the moment to admit Catholics to genuine political power.

-THE WASHINGTON POST.

Herald Eribune

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Taking a Stand Against the Milosevics of the Future

soon, the United States and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization will have suffered a very serious defeat and will face a very unpleasant choice: Do we tuck our tail between our legs or do we the alliance removed Mr. Milosevic and forced departures mount a land campaign involving several hundred thousand troops and the certainty of substantial casualties?

The chances of the bombing succeeding alone are probably no better than 50-50. The Serbs are tough and highly nationalistic, Kosovo occupies an almost holy place in their hearts and they are led by a power-hungry opportunist who thrives in crises. I first met Slobodan Milosevic when

was the United States ambassador to Yugoslavia; he was the head of the largest bank in Belgrade. My impression was that he was one of the more promising economic reformers the country had to offer. I bad no inkling of his ambition to power, nor perhaps did he, until he stumbled upon the use of Kosovo as a political tool during a trip there in 1987.

During that visit (he was by then a senior Communist bureaucrat) be gave a speech, mild by today's standards, reassuring the Serb minority that Belgrade would forever protect them from he Albanian majority. But it was the first-ever challenge to Tito's holy of holies: Thou shalt not encourage na-tionalism in any of the republics of the Yugoslav federation. The response to the speech in Serbia was spontaneous and overwhelming, and Mr. Milosevic

was on his way to power.

Although Mr. Milosevic is the prime mover behind the murder and agony that have filled our television screens for the better part of a decade, he has not acted alone. He may plan the strategy, but the Serbian people are the willing instruments of his terror. There are, of course, many decent Serbs who decry the violence, just as there were decent Germans under Hitler, but that does not excuse the Serb nation for its part in making a killing field of so much of the former Yugoslavia,

(Not that Serbia bears all the guilt-Franjo Tudjman's Croatia, for example, also does.)

Some argue that all would be well if from the scene. Too simple by a long

This is not a third-world dictator like Saddam Hussein who can keep power through terror and repression. Serb nationalism is the real ruler bere. Whoever would follow Mr. Milosevic

NEW YORK — If the current bombing campaign in Yugoslavia fails to end the bloodshed in Kosovo the United Southeast of the Current as Albanians constitute the vast many fails to end the bloodshed in Kosovo the United Southeast of the Population, their desire for soon the United Southeast of the Population, their desire for soon the United Southeast of the Population, their desire for soon the United Southeast of the Population, their desire for the Population of the Population jority of the population, their desire for independence will one day bear fruit Whether that judgment was correct in the past is an open question; it is surely the case now after the recent killings

Thus President Bill Clinton's warning that, because of ethnic cleansing by the Serbs in Kosovo, the alliance may support Kosovar autonomy rather than independence must fall on deaf ears. Mr. Milosevic already believes that any compromise on his part would inwould certainly be just as bad. Or he evitably lead to Kosovo's indepenmight even be worse — a true believer dence, and thus he would never have in the nationalist cause, rather than a political operator like Mr. Milosevic, ment reached in Rambouillet, France,

Milosevic was never ready to grant autonomy to Kosovo because he knows that so long as Albanians constitute the vast majority of the province's population, their desire for independence will one day bear fruit. Whether that judgment was correct in the past is an open question; it is surely the case now.

who simply embraces patriotism for his own purposes.

last month even if he had signed it. So can he continue to withstand our own purposes.

None of the region's other recent wars can teach us much about what to expect in Kosovo — a lesson that was perhaps not. But will America's allies expect in Kosovo — a lesson that was lost on those who felt the Serbs would quickly back down after NATO started bombing.

Belgrade's aggression in Croatia and

Bosnia was in furtherance of a mythical
"Greater Serbia" — an effort to add
territory and unite Serbs living in the
neighborhood.

The purpose now is to retain a piece

of old Serbia - and one that represents the best and worst of the Serbs' history. They lost their independence there to the Turks in 1389 and did not regain it for 500 years. For the Serbs to give up Kosovo would be to turn back the

I do not believe that Mr. Milosevic has ever been ready to grant autonomy to Kosovo (a status the province held

air attacks? If NATO is prepared to (and the American people and world opinion) support such an effort indefinitely? Probably not. It may, therefore,

be a question of who gives up first. Since the bombing has rallied the Serb nation behind Mr. Milosevic, he is playing with a strong hand. Even if Mr. Milosevic does cave in, the alliance would face a monumental task. The return of refugees, repair of housing and public works, and the certain Kosovar demand for independence at some early point all ensure instabil-ity and snggest that NATO "peace-keepers" would not be enough to as-

sure a tranquil atmosphere. When the Yugoslav federation began to break up in the late 1980s and the first signs of ethnic strife became

that to have an effect would mean in-volving several bundred thousand ground troops, and for better or worse we decided that it was a swamp into

which we did not want to walk. NATO may no longer feel it has that choice; if so, it is vital that those who make the decisions take just as realistic a view as we did as to what intervention

would entail. Some have suggested that NATO should arm the Kosovars. This would ensure increased Albanian intransigence both now and in the future.
The Kosovo Liberation Army earned its reputation as a terrorist group and would under the best of circumstances

be a factor for instability.
In short, while we could not trust the Serbs to keep their part of any bargam, neither should we put much trust m Kosovar commitments. Serbian suspicions in recent years that the Kosovars have never had their sights on anything but independence were well justified.
And if Mr. Milosevic does not give

up? Then the alliance either ends its attempts to force him to meet its demands, putting as good a face on the failure as possible, or NATO sends in ground forces in sufficient numbers and strength to defeat almost certain recitance from the Serbs. resistance from the Serbs.

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Given the terrain and the toughness of the Serbs, it would not be an easy or cost-free enterprise.

The real question is: Can NATO and the United States afford to fail? Now that the alliance has gone this far, probably not. If anything stands in the way of an unstable 21st century it is that very alliance. The credibility of NATO must be preserved or all the world will be Milosevics around the world will be lieve that they, too, can kill and maim with impunity.

The writer, who was U.S. secretary of state from 1992 to 1993 and ambassador to Yugoslavia from 1977 to 1981, contributed this comment to The

A Small War With Big Consequences for World Stability

WASHINGTON — The political fallout from NATO's hedged air assault on Serbia drifts down on the ob-

lasts around Moscow, the primary precincts of New Hampshire and beyond.

Success or failure in the latest Balkan war will help shape national elections and diplomatic strategies in the world's major powers deep into the future.

The Balkan tail will wag big dogs in the United States, Russia and elsewhere as the 21st century begins.

That prospect suggests bow ont of proportion the stakes in the Kosovo conflict have bethe narrow war strategy and limited air resources committed to the task by NATO planners.

You might not expect President Bill Clinton and Vice President Al Gore — elected twice to focus on America's domestic economy and to keep America out of trouble overseas - to come up with a perfect military plan for a Balkan war. Yon would expect them to foresee the political con-sequences of their decisions in

minute detail. The painful, chaotic opening week of the NATO air campaign against Slobodan Milo-

sumption Two.

into a regional conflict. The Serbs have strewn

boring lands and now threaten to destabilize their governthree U.S. soldiers hostage. events forces the president and his allies in NATO to scramble

and help them cope with the human tidal wave and to limit the gulf that is opening between the West and Russia. Militarily, Washington is locked on a course of punishing air attacks, which it must pur-

over its own options.

By Jim Hoagland

sevic's violent ethnic cleansing of Serbia's sonthern province suggests you would have been right on Assumption One and almost certainly wrong on As-

Events bave overtaken the initial NATO strategy to blunt Mr. Milosevic's offensive in Kosovo and make him sue for peace. Mr. Milosevic has used. the bombing campaign as cover to expand his war on Kosovo

300,000 refugees into neigh-The downward spiral of

for a regional strategy to protect the endangered governments

sue to the end. It must in fact urgently intensify those strikes if it is to avoid losing control

Two potentially disastrous

options will gain currency if the weather-hampered air strikes continue to be treated by the Serbs as ants at their picnic.

The two extreme options are suddenly lurching into a hastily conceived ground offensive in Kosovo, or abandoning the air war for a cosmetic pause that leaves Mr. Milosevic in control of his blood-soaked gains. Either would undermine NATO's effectiveness and call

into doubt its very reason for existence in the next century. Both must be avoided. Mr. Gore has the most to lose

from the rising public quesgoals and tactics. However unclear his responsibility for the decisions, he is handcuffed to the war's out-

come and its impact on Russia, a country for which he has taken on special responsibilities. In contrast, Mr. Gore's Russian connterpart, Prime Min-ister Yevgeni Primakov, seems to be using the war to strengthen the inside rail position he has for Russia's presidential elec-tion in 2000.

A failure as diplomacy, Mr. Primakov's trip to Belgrade last Tuesday was a political success

In a television interview after meeting Mr. Milosevic, Mr. Primakov played to the Russian public's pro-Serb emotions, blasting NATO for rejecting (a

patently phony) peace offer from Mr. Milosevic.

Gone was the friendly tone used with Mr. Gore and Secretary of State Madeleine Albright in previous exchanges. The personal relationships that were supposed to cushion con-flicts of interests have evap-

Russia bas gone its own way this crisis. Mr. Primakov underscored this as the bombing began by rejecting Mr. Gore's suggestion that they lation of their meeting in March in Washington, which was to showcase two heirs-apparent beginning work together on issues of the next century. Mr. Primakov made his own announcement that be would not come due to the bombing.

Now Mr. Primakov is looking over his shoulder at the rising demands from Russia's other potential presidential candidates to arm the Serbs. Even President Boris Yeltsin.

once a proud self-described Friend of Bill, joined the harsh criticism of NATO as Mr. Primakov's hard line attracted favorable notice in Moscow. Domestic political pressures; make Russian diplomacy unreliable in this crisis. Washington is rightly wary of Mos-; cow's diplomatic and military; involvement.

But the administration equally must be quick to find. other areas of cooperation with, Moscow (on helping refugees in Macedonia and Montenegro, for example) that will show that ... U.S. involvement in the NATO attack is not directed ultimately-

For Russia is not irrelevant tothis war's outcome. Russian. democracy could be an unin-.. tended casualty of this camtelling their Western friends with genuine alarm.
U.S. officials discount such

rhetoric and predict that after a period of "choppy waters" the relationship will stabilize again. Logic and mutual American-Russian security needs suggest.

these officials are right. But the political currents this small war has unleashed are sweeping away many certainties, including assumptions about who will be in charge of getting this crucial relationship back on sound footing when the smoke clears.

The Washington Post.

The West Must Prevail in Kosovo, by Whatever Means Necessary

WASHINGTON — We — NATO and the United States — must prevail in Kosovo.

We must do so unambiguously, using whatever force is necessary to accomplish the goal. Given the new facts on the ground, there is now no sat-

Slobodan Milosevic and his thugs in Kosovo is much more than an assault on a single ethnic minority. It is a new test of an old question - whether we will permit a ruthless dictator to terrorize a portion of Europe with impunity.

If Mr. Milosevic is successful in Kosovo, or, more accurately, if he is not rendered ob-viously unsuccessful, the repercussions for the United States, NATO and all of the West will

be profound. Two world wars taught us that American security and our relationship with Europe was far too important for us to remain detached from its conflicts. Today, it is beyond argument that the United States has deep and abiding interests

in a peaceful Europe. The United States failed to move as early as it should have his behind-the-scenes role in

By late spring and early summer of 1995, however, we knew now clear that Mr. Milosevic and French, whose troops were has created a humanitarian the backbone of the United Nacrisis of shocking dimension.

By Warren Christopher

ported Bosnian Serb Army took restrain him. Make no mistake UN soldiers bostage, massacred thousands in Srebenica and threatened to overrun the town of Gorazde.

In London in late July 1995, the United States persuaded its allies that an attack on "safe areas" would be met by a substantial and decisive use of air power. When the Serbs bombed a marketplace in Sarajevo, NATO backed up our words with a sustained bombing campaign. That bombing campaign enabled Ambassador Richard Holbrooke to persuade Mr. Milosevic to agree to a cease-fire, a set of political principles and a peace conference at Dayton. I learned from the Serbian delegation at Dayton that sustained bombing was largely respon-

sible for the about-face. The situation the alliance faces today in Kosovo calls safety do not begin and end at even more londly for decisive our shores. We also learned that action than did the events in

Bosnia in 1995. True to despicable form, Mr. Milosevic has undertaken systematically to expel or murder people who have had the temerity to seek recognition of their dentity. But the brazenness of his conduct goes well beyond Bosnia.

- Mr. Milosevic did not first conceive the idea of "cleansing" the Albanians from Kosovo when NATO's bombs began to fall. If the United States fails to act firmly now, it will mean that America and its European allies have lost not only their compass but our

gyroscope as well. Based on my firsthand experience with Mr. Milosevic, I believe he is a tactician, not a strategist. The Rambouillet agreement gave him an opportunity to preserve a tie to Kosovo while satisfying NATO that the indigenous Albanian population would be reasonably treated. Mr. Milosevic missed that chance, probably because

be failed to see it. Now be has brutally changed the equation. We must act to ensure that all Kosovo refugees return to a safe, secure environment. The events of the past 12 days demonstrate that such an outcome is not possible unless Mr. Milosevic is permanently barred from participating in Kosovo's affairs.

We must do whatever is necessary to vindicate the authority of the international community and to stop the genocide. We can and should try to accom-If there was doubt before, it is plish these objectives through the sustained and intensified that we had to act. The British must be tried for war crimes. He use of air power. We must resist the instinct to find failure in the lack of an immediate dramatic nons force there, signaled that and he has dared - virtually result. At the same time, we

no option has been foreclosed. As one who has practiced and counseled negotiation as the best tool for resolving disputes, I take no pleasure in seeing civ-ilized society resort to force to bring a conflict to an end. But it is the credible threat of force that often makes possible a ne-

gotiated resolution of disputes. Plainly, Mr. Milosevic does not believe that the United

1899: Spring Bolero PARIS — For the moment, the

1924: Concierge Gaffe

PARIS — Here is a concierge who is hoist with her own petard. Americans who have made the acquaintance of this fly in the ointment of Paris will grin, Mine. Balcar, whose lair is they would leave the region by year's end. The Milosevic-sup
NATO to use their power to forces in Macedonia and Al
dishing a letter. "See how they the office of the police bran-

bania to protect those fragile States and its allies have the will nations and to make it plain that or nerve to use force fully and or nerve to use force fully andeffectively against him. If we prove him right - if we fail to do all that is necessary to defeatahim and to bring him to justice for his crimes — we risk undermining the essence of our security and diplomacy.

The writer, U.S. secretary of state from 1993 to 1997, contributed this comment to The Washington Post.

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

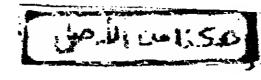
weather is too cold to think seriously about spring costumes. Everybody is walking about in furs, with the high collars as protectors against the easterly winds. I hear, bowever, that the tight-fitting skirt and bolero, as an outdoor jacket, will be a pre-vailing fashion as soon as there is a change in the temperature. Lace will be a great feature in these walking suits, as even the lining of the bolero will be of this dainty fabric.

slander me," she exclaimed "I. am acidulous, stupid and illwilled." The words were in the letter. 'That letter was written to you?" asked the commissioner. "No. It is for the Leveines, who inhabit my place." "You opened it?" -"Certainly."-"Then, Madame, I am compelled to take proceed-

1949: NATO Is Born WASHINGTON, April 4. — In.

ings against you."

solemn assembly today the for-eign ministers of twelve nations signed the North Atlantic!. Treaty, hailed by President Tru-ni man as "a shield against aggression and fear of aggres ?? sion." President Trumant: rejected Russia's charge that the pact is "aggressive." These President asserted that there's people of the West are deter-in mined that "the sickening blow!" of naprovoked aggression shall not fall upon the world again."



HEALTH/SCIENCE

A Damaging Technique?

Researchers Question Male-Fertility Method

By Gina Kolata New York Times Service

EW YORK — A popular technique to help infertile men become fathers, injecting individual sperm into individual eggs, alters the fertilization process, researchers have found. They said there was no evidence so far that the technique affected babies conceived with it, but they said the finding raised troubling questions of what doctors should tell infertile couples.

The technique, intercytoplasmic sperm injection, or ICSI, was developed about seven years ago and has been adopted by virtually every major infertility program.

Tens of thousands of babies have been born through ICSL which costs about

\$10,000 a pregnancy attempt.

But in a paper published in the journal Nature Medicine, Gerald Schatten and his colleagues at Oregon Health Sciences University in Portland, working with eggs and sperm from rhesus monkeys, report that the actual injection can damage proteins in the egg that push and pull chromosomes into line before cell di-vision and that fertilization through ICSI skews the egg's otherwise orderly re-moval of proteins from sperm.

1CSI was discovered by accident seven years ago when Belgian doctors inadvertently injected a man's sperm directly into a woman's egg while trying to inject the sperm into a space between the egg's onter and inner membranes. No one thought the method would work - when scientists had injected whole sea urchin sperm into sea urchin eggs, the sperm had swum around in the eggs' cytoplasm and showed oo sign of fertilizing the eggs. Bot, astonishingly, the human egg began to divide and turned into an embryo, then a fetus, then a baby.

With ICSI, any man wbo produces sperm, even if he does not ejaculate the sperm, even if sperm never mature in his testes, even if sperm die on their way to being ejaculated, can become a father. Doctors can take sperm that were ejaculated or can remove sperm from the testicles and inject a single sperm cell from his studies of monkeys that the before I'm going to touch this."

into a single egg, fertilizing it. Before ICSI, said Sherman Silber, di-

rector of the Infertility Center of St. Louis, at best 5 percent of infertile men could be treated. Now, he said, 99 percent can father children. The method, he added, "has completely revolotionized the treatment of male infertility." It is so successful. Dr. Silber said, that some infertility centers do oot even bother with oormal fertilization, but simply inject each man's sperm into his partner's egg, reasoning that fertilization rates will be higher with ICSI.

But eveo as the technique was coming into wide use in people, some biologists wondered about its safety. The question was difficult to study in the usual small mammals, like hamsters and mice, because the molecular biology of fertilization is different in these animals and even the size and texture of their eggs differ. Until Dr. Schatteo's studies, no one had used ICSI oo any primate other than humans.

Dr. Schatten studied what he calls the "molecular undressing" of a sperm cell by an egg. Sperm cells keep their genetic material tamped down into a cramped space, beld in place by at least two proteins that form a sheathlike structure over the sperm's head. Ordinarily, the egg removes one of these proteins as the sperm cell passes through the egg's outer membrane and takes off others as the sperm makes its way through the cytoplasm to the egg's nucleus. By the time the sperm cell arrives at its destination, its genetic material is freed and rep-

lication can begin.

With ICSI, Dr. Schatten found, the sheathlike proteins remain in place far longer and then, wheo the first protein comes off, the sperm's generic material starts to abruptly push its way out. The carefully choreographed disrobing of the sperm is disrupted. Dr. Schatten said he had preliminary evidence that the X chromosome is at the tip of the sperm's genetic material, indicating that it may be pref-erentially affected by the way the sperm's

differences affected the resulting infants. He said he used ICSI to create 14 monkey embryos that resulted in six pregnancies and four live offspring. One monkey was born dead but appeared anatomically normal. The other pregnancy ended in a miscarriage.

With humans, said Dolores Lamh, a male infertility researcher at Baylor College of Medicine in Houstoo, 20 percent to 40 percent of the couples who use ICSI have live babies, a rate comparable to the most for in vitro fertilization. But to the rate for in-vitro fertilization. But she said that couples who came to Baylor typically went bome to have their bahies and did not necessarily report back on bow bealthy the babies were. Chromo-some studies cost \$500, she said, so no one does them.

Some doctors point out that virtually all chromosomal defects are lethal to embryos and so, even if ICSI damages an embryo, nature will screen out those with severe problems. If there were an epidemic of severely damaged ICSI babies, it would be noticed, these doctors say. Alan DeCherney, a fertility specialist at the University of California in Los Angeles, said that when he counsels couples about ICSI, "I tell them the risks appear to be extremely small.

ARRY ZIRKIN, a reproductive biologist at Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore, is less sanguine. "I think it's important not to rush to ICSI," Dr. Zirkin said. "There's a lot we doo't onderstand." Couples who choose ICSI, he said, "need to understand what we know for sure that you can get a baby — and what we don't know for sure — a lot about what that baby is going to be like and what his

or ber offspring are going to be like."

Dr. Schatten said he knew from per sonal experience the emotional pull to have a baby and the reloctance of many

couples to use a sperm dooor.

"I'm the first to say this is a miraculous technique," Dr. Schatten said. "I can't see going to someone who would say, 'Yeah, I can give you a kid bot I want another 35 years of research

Indian Warfare and Ecology

By William K. Stevens New York Times Service

Sparos: The Way to the West by Elliof Wast.

COLORADO

EW YORK — Perhaps oo exploration in American history has more famously combined intrepidity with scientific enterprise than the two-year expedition of Lewis and Clark from the Mississippi to the Pacific two centuries ago. The ecologist Daniel Botkin, in a 1995 book, called it "the greatest wilderness trip ever recorded."

But how pristine was that Western wilderness of 1804 to 1806? Fond tradition pictures the plains and mountains of the Lewis and Clark era as untouched by humans and apart from them; a sort of original realm of the wild, undisturbed and eternal. But many experts. have long since abandoned that vision. Today they see humans as longtime najor players in nature's grand drama, and Native Americans among the main ecological actors of the old West. Citing as evidence the marvelously detailed journals of Captains Meriwether Lewis and William Clark, some scientists are proposing that awar to the control of the control layed a critical ecological role, by regulating and maintaining both the num-bers and distribution of bison and other big animals of the West before descendants of Europeans settled it.

Basically, according to this "war zone" theory, Indian hunters were so proficient that in an individual tribe's homeland, populations of big game like some cases disappeared. But in several dians rearranged the land with earthwhere hunters were loath to spend much trails. As: top predators, the impact of time lest their enemies attack them, big their hunting on many species rippled on a more fundamental level, he says, the game found more safety and flum shed. through pre-Columbian ecosystems.

have migrated in and out of war zones.

On a more fundamental level, he says, the Martin-Szuter paper implies that humans These no-man's lands functioned, in ef-

fect, as game preserves. The war-zone theory is laid out in the February issue of the journal Conservation Biology by Paul Martin, a pa-leoccologist at the University of Ari-

zona, and Christine Szuter, editor in chief of the University of Arizona Press. Mr. Martin says the theory could partly explain why bison, elk, deer and bears escaped the fate of other, even bigger North American animal species that be-came extinct some 13,000 years ago. These included, among others, mammoths, mastodons, camels, giant sloths, tapirs and predators that depended on them, like giant short-faced bears, a giant wolf called the dire wolf and the

saber-toothed cat. The bison is the largest surviving life form in North America, and Mr. Martin is the chief advocate of the view that the earlier vanished species of megafauna, as they are called, were hunted to extinction in a continentwide "hlitzkrieg" lasting several centuries by human hunters who had migrated to North America from

Siberia 15,000 years ago or more.
'The land had been stripped of most of its native megafauna through human influence" long before Lewis and Clark appeared on the scene, Mr. Martin and Ms. Szuter write.

THER scientists cootend that the ancient megafauna were extinguished by climatic change or disease, or by a combination of factors. Be that as it may, it is abundantly clear that Native Americans and their ancestors, called paleo-Indians by scientists, transformed the landscape and ecological relation-ships of the Western Hemisphere, with bison and elk seriously declined and in both positive and negative effects. Inbig buffer zones between warring tribes, . works, farm fields, houses, towns and

sanctuaries in buffer zones between tribes has been proposed by a number of authorities. In the 1960s, Harold Hick-humans are an integral part of nature, one erson, an anthropologist, found that in

zone varying from 15,000 to 35,000 square miles (39,000 to 90,000 square kilometers) separated the Chippewa and Lakota in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

BUFFALO RANGE

ndian tribes battled

a sanchlary for game mainly bison

In 1995, Elliott West, a historian at the University of Arkansas, identified contested zones of the central plains that in the early and mid-1800s covered huge stretches of what are oow Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska.

Now, citing the Lewis and Clark journals, Mr. Martin suggests that in their era, a great wedge of territory stretching for 46,000 square miles across the eastern two-thirds of what is now Montana, between the Missouri and Yellowstooe Rivers, was an important war zone. This region, he and Ms. Szuter wrote, "is commonly regarded by historians, bi-ologists and TV producers alike as the very essence of 'wild' America.''

But in fact, they wrote, the plenitude of bison and other game there "reflected the status of the area as a buffer zone," where "war parties of various tribes or nations were ever at band, and anyone hunting, processing and drying meat" might be killed by enemies.

One dissenter who has problems with the Martin-Szuter view is Mr. Botkin, an ecologist at George Mason University in northern Virginia and president of the Center for the Study of the Environment, a nonprofit research orga-nization in Santa Barbara, California. While there may have been more bison

in war zones than elsewhere, Mr. Botkin said, Mr. Martin seems to assume that the ecology of the plains remained static. In fact, said Mr. Botkin, the bison were highly migratory, and would probably The idea that warfare created game are a force outside nature, that their impact is unnatural and therefore undesirable. On the contrary, Mr. Botkin says, of many forces that have long kept the the 18th and 19th centuries, a contested natural world in a constant state of flux.

Marijuana May Yield Medicines

By Susan Okie

for illness - but some of the active ingredients in the weed could sprout into a whole oew family of medicines. Those are among the cooclosioos of a landmark report issued in March in the United States on the medical uses of marijuana, a topic that has pitted patients and prolegalization activists against the federal

Marijuana's active ingredients belong to a chemical family called the canoabinoids. In recent years, scientists bave found that these chemicals — as well as receptors on cell surfaces that respood to them - are found oaturally in the brain, where they probably play a role in memory, cootrol of movement and pain perception.

Scientific knowledge of cannabinoids has exploded, far outstripping the few well-conducted medical studies of marijuana's therapeutic effects in pa-tients, according to the pair of scientists who beaded the panel. Together, the new laboratory findings and the clinical results suggest that some cannabinoids could be developed into promising drugs for pain control, the relief of nausea and vomiting and stimulation of appetite in people who bave lost weight because of AIDS or other diseases.

Some patients smoke or eat marijuana to treat those problems, a situation that has produced conflict between states that want to legalize medical use of the drug and the federal government, which has opposed any legalization. "There are real clinical opportunities"

to develop new drugs from cannabinoids, said Stanley Watsoo, co-director of the Mental Health Research Institute at the University of Michigan and co-chairman of the panel that conducted the review for the Institute of Medicine, an independent advisory body.

The institute's report had been eagerly awaited by both sides in the debate over whether marijuana should be made legally available for people with certain intractable symptoms, such as nansea caused by chemotherapy or wasting associated with AIDS.

The panel concluded that some of manipuana's constituents are potentially effective therapies. Nevertheless, the report strongly opposes the use of smoked marijuana except in short-term scientific studies lasting less than six months, citing the dangers posed by tar, carcinogens and other substances present in the smoke.

"Numerous studies suggest that marijuana smoke is an important risk factor in the development of respiratory disease" and is associated with an increased risk of cancer, lung damage and poor pregnancy outcomes, the report states. It calls for the rapid development of an inhaler that could deliver cannabinoids into the lung — from which they are quickly absorbed into the bloodstream thus allowing patients to obtain the de-

sired effects without smoking. The panel's co-chairman, John Benson, an emeritus professor of medicine at Oregon Health Sciences University, said cannabinoid drugs nsed as "analgesia pain relief, may be the biggest market for commercial exploitation.

Animal studies show that cannabinoids can relieve mild to moderate pain, working about as well as codeine. Because they

act upon a different set of brain receptors faced by patients who have turned to mathan the opiates (such as morphine and rijuana because they cannot get relief than the opiates (such as morphine and codeine), they are unlikely to have the ASHINGTON - Marijua- same side effects and might be used in na is too dangerous to the combination with opiate drugs. The report ise of a better drug 10 years from now." lungs to make smoking it a calls for additional human studies in this

> For naosea and vomiting caused by chemotherapy, cannabinoids are mildly effective, but for most patients, neither marijuana or THC (an active ingredient of marijuana) works as well as other anti-nausea drugs available, the report found. Those drugs are effective in more than 90 percent of patients, Dr. Benson said, while THC is effective only in about 25 percent, (THC, or dronabinol, sold under the brand name Marinol, is approved by the Food and Drug Ad-ministration for control of severe causea in chemotherapy patients who do oot

respood to other drugs.) The report recognizes the dilemma from legal medicines, and said such patients "will find little comfort in a prom-

In some states, people using marisafe long-term treatment area, saying the few trials cooducted in juana to treat diseases such as AIDS or multiple sclerosis have been arrested. Eight states have laws permitting doctors to prescribe marijuana, and five more passed medical marijuana initiatives last fall. Uoder federal law, however, mariinana is classified as an illegal drug with oo legitimate medical use; doctors can face prosecutioo for prescribing it, and

patients for possessing it.
Greg Scott, 37, a Florida man with
AIDS, said that smoking marijuana helped him gain weight and thus avoid having to be fed intravenously through a tuhe that carried a high risk of infection. "I am living proof that in some cases, smoking marijuana is a viable and beneficial alternative," he said.

BOOKS

SUCH A PRETTY. PRETTY GIRL

By Winston Groom. 306 pages. \$23.95. Random House.

Reviewed by Janice Harayda

FEW years after "Forrest Gump" Awou six Academy Awards, contestants on "Jeopardy!" had to identify

the author of the novel that inspired the movie. Nobody knew his name. Soch is the unlucky fate of Winston Groom, a man perhaps eternally destined to remain less well known than

his most famous character. Is this fair? Not entirely. Groom has written 10 books that include "Better Times Than These," a good novel of the Vietnam War, and "Shrouds of Glory," an excellent nonfiction account of General John Bell Hood's efforts to save the day for the Confederacy late in the Civil War.

But Groom is best remembered - or not remembered - for "Forrest Gump" and its sequels, "Gump & Co." and "Gumpisms," all involving a childlike accidental hero named for the Ku Klux Klan founder Nathan Bedford Forrest.

Like his earlier works, the Gump books brim with an old-fashiooed moralism, albeit one with a cynical streak: Groom deals freely with topics such as religion and patriotism and dispenses just off-center folk wisdom that turned Forrest Gump's America into an updated Norman Rockwell portrait as reflected in a fun-house mirror.

So it isn't surprising that Groom has moved into that most moralistic of pect the anchor's spurned lovers, who lished in Jungonres, crime fiction, with his new novinclude a Wall Street investment banker, ington Post.

sleuth to work the turf staked out by Raymond Chandler's Philip Marlowe and Ross Macdonald's Lew Archer and frequented by a group that includes Robert Crais's Elvis Cole, Dick Lochte's Leo Bloodworth, Roger L. Simon's Moses Wine and the assorted historical figures exhumed by James Ellroy. But Lightfoot differs from most of his precursors in that, at least metaphorically,

he wears more expensive gumshoes. In their offices on Hollywood and Sunset boulevards, Marlowe made do with a squeaky swivel chair and Archer with a sagging imitation-leather sofa. Not so enviable Lightfoot, an Academy Award-winning screenwriter who works out of a suite at the Beverly Hills Peninsula (with another at the Cartyle in New York). He may have given op his Glenfiddich, but be still enjoys 'a fil-leted slab of lemon-buttered sea bass,' which he defines as "breakfast."

So why would he risk this fat life for the uncertain rewards of amateur detective work? It seems that he once fell hard for the beautiful Delia Jamison, a married Los Angeles news anchor who has been getting menacing notes from a viewer who demands that she perform subtle but titillating acts on the air. Delia fears that going to the police would result in leaks to tabloids and asks Lightfoot for help that he eagerly gives after sensing her rekindled romantic interest.

The sexual undertones of the anonymous mail lead the screenwriter to sus-

BRIDGE

el, "Such a Pretty, Pretty Girl." His a U.S. senator and a Chicago lawyer Johnny Lightfoot has become the latest with ties to organized crime. As he criswith ties to organized crime. As be crisscrosses the country tracking them down, Lightfoot begins to see Delia as a 'Doreena Gray, Dorian's kid sister,' less innocent than he imagined. And given her former consorts' links to Wall Street, the Senate and the mob -- might

a conspiracy be afoot? Straddling the mystery and thriller realms, Groom has written a suspenseful novel that shows a mastery of the main convention of his form, high-octane plotting. But his undercharacterization of his hero is a potentially heavy flaw if the sleuth is to return in a series. Lightfoot, if he continues to solve crimes for free, needs a tough but burnane core and a clear

moral code to explain this altruism.
In "Soch a Pretty, Pretty Girl," he comes across as a stuffy prig who takes the red-eye, first class, of course, to La Guardia, cursing all the way at those environmentally righteous who had nixed transcontinental flights by the SST." Delia, for all his rhapsodizing about her intelligence, emerges as more

manipulative than brainy. There's nothing inherently wrong with a conservative or well-off sleuth, as the pseudonymous Emma Lathen showed in mysteries about the Wall Street banker John Putnam Thatcher. Bot Thatcher's fierce devotion to protecting the interests of his bank supplied a steady motivation for his work.

Janice Harayda, whose first novel, "The Accidental Bride," will be published in June, wrote this for The Wash-

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By Alan Truscott

problem. He recently found a 12-13 high-card points and 1 bug in the complex 1 oad clear or the heart king, and finally way to avoid an eventual system that he plays with Ken he denied the heart queen. spade loser. Schutze.

In an early stage of the South, whose bids were all North American Open Pairs, artificial questions, settled in in Texas, they went down six hearts. 2,000 in a part-score contract. that nobody else has won more than once. In second place than once. In second place three-time winners of an event than once in second place the jack, finessing success-were Torn Kniest and Karen the jack, finessing successwere Torn Kniest and Asian fully. After removing East's man placed second, and Re-

Chris Willenken were third. Toad Club was at work. One. and claimed the slam. club was strong and artificial, Jing as a computer consult- and North described a hand nesse would have succeeded ant, working on the year 2000 that had 2-3-5-3 distribution, but would not have been safe.

When the spade 10 was led. They fixed the bug so well that Schutze played low from they won the title in Van-couver, British Columbia, and making it clear that the suit set a record. They are now was split 6-1. This suggested that East would have most of

queen, South simply played becca Rogers and Bohby On the diagramed deal the the ace and another diamond Wolff were third.

Notice that a diamond fi-If it lost, a spade return would problem. The recently road Club. key-card. That meant one ace have left the declarer with no

> If the trump finesse had failed, there would have been a trump in the dummy for an eventual spade ruff, and South would have needed a winning diamond finesse. The opening event of the

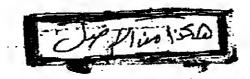
> American Contract Bridge League's Spring Nationals,

PQ4 BLAV ♦ Q J 432 **♦** Q J 2 EAST **41098765** SOUTH (D) +AJ62 VK109832 North 2 4 2 4 4 4 5 4 5 ♥ West Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass 2 N.T.

PACE 12

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PAGE 13



Herald Eribune

BUSINESS/FINANCE

MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1999

CYBERSCAPE

* The Lesson of Melissa: Privacy Has Its Price

Hidden Codes Helped Crack Virus Case

By John Markoff New York Times Service

AN FRANCISCO — Hidden in the Microsoft Word doc-ument that carried the Melissa virus around the world last week was an innocuous serial number that helped federal agents identify the computer responsible for the program.

The incident dramatically illustrated technology around power

trated technology's growing power for promoting both good and evil. The serial number itself — known in computer parlance as a global unique iden-tifier — lies at the heart of a continning controversy over trade-offs between individual privacy rights and the common good.

The incident involving the Microsoft numbering system came just weeks after the company's partner, with those in other documents posted Intel Corp., announced that it was on the Web. building serial numbers into each copy of its newest microprocessor, the Pentium III. The announcement touched ficials arrested David Smith, a 30off protests from privacy activists, who argue that such numbering spells the end of anonymity in cyberspace.

But computer engineers say that as computer networks become perva-

In response, privacy rights experts say society has always found ways to balance its needs with the right to individual privacy. Published telephone numbers, for example, were later offset by the option of unlisted numbers.

Today the Web has seen an explosion of ambitions marketing organizations that have used the infrastructure in unforeseen ways to build remarkably invasive profiles of Internet surfers. By combining vast data bases with data-mining software to form something resembling a vast vacuum able information personally identification. The general approach is to collect the minimum of personally identification. are rapidly tracking as well as pre-dicting human behavior. What advertisers have been doing on a mass scale Privacy Information Center.

for decades is now done one on one. Amitai Etzioni, a social scientist at ing computing powers of Internet mar-George Washington University, who keting companies, "Their data bases is the author of the newly published have more information about people

The invasiveness of such Internet about the East Germans," he said. data miners is balanced by the power of the technology to help track criminals, as Richard Smith showed last week by helping to identify the New Jersey man who was arrested and charged with

By Matt Richtel and John Markoff

New York Times Service

In the world of cyberspace, the

sport of virus writing is a hobby with a

growing following. Virus writers

freely trade malicious code, combine

researchers, and post their creations

on the Internet for anyone to download

these, a 12-year-old can get these,

said Sarah Gordon, a researcher for

IBM who spent five years investi-

it, and there you go."

The International Computer Security Association, an industry corpo-

ration based in Carlisle, Pennsylvania,

estimated last year that there were

15,000 to 20,000 viruses in circula-

tion, with 1,000 emerging each

Only a small number are widely circulated, or 'make it into the wild,'

But their proliferation has given

in the industry vernacular.

"It's like candy — a child can get

and release into the wild.

The 'Sport' of Virus Writing

With Models From Web, Even Amateurs Can Play

efforts to best the work of anti-virus group, who can copy the simple tem-

gating the virus-writing snbculture. Melissa case Friday, cohhled together She said it required little technical his own virus code with virus temperatise to introduce a virus once it planes he found on the Web.

was obtained.

"It's trivial," she said. "All you do is download it to a computer, click on tend that not all of them have ulterior

spreading the Melissa virus. In March, Mr. Smith, who is president of Phar Lap Software Inc. in Cambridge, Massachuseus, publicized the existence of the serial number in Microsoft's Office documents. He raised ethical questions about the company's intention in automatically re-cording such numbers in its data base. After his announcement, Microsoft im-mediately said it would stop the practice and erase the numbers - which it said were being collected in error — from its data base. Last week the company issued a software utility program enabling computer users to delete the

numbers from their documents. Mr. Smith, a computer backer in the constructive sense of the word and an amateur sleuth, was able to compare the Melissa virus document's number

His research paid off quickly late Thursday when state and federal ofyear-old software programmer, and charged him with three offenses that together carry a maximum penalty of 40 years in prison and \$480,000 in

sive, similar numbering schemes are necessary for the networks themselves and for the functioning of increasingly sophisticated software systems.

The second of the functioning of increasingly space, technology specialists say. "I think the psychology surrounding this debate is very interesting," said Jim Microsystems Inc., who helped design an early predecessor to Microsoft's software numbering system. "People want anonymity, but at the same time they want to track

everyone else." Privacy activists are concerned that electronic information will be misused by law enforcement. There is a

simple solution, they argue.

The general approach is to collect

decades is now done one on one. Privacy rights must be balanced 'The No. I threat today to privacy against the common good; said Mr. ot Big Brother, it's big bucks, "said Exzioni, who wonies about the grow-'Limits of Privacy' (Basic Books). than the Stasi secret police ever had

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As opposed to hacking, or breaking into computer systems, which can de-

mand a range of skill levels, virus writing traditionally required a nar-

rower, more technically oriented

But in recent years, virus writing has attracted a less technically adept

on the Web. (In the underground,

these copycats are known as script

have suggested that David Smith, the

New Jersey man arrested in the

motives. Some say they are attracted to virus writing as an intellectual en-

deavor - to deconstruct programming code, see how it works, and poke

holes in it.
The idea that all of us out here are

malicious teenagers is quite a fal-

lacy," said a longtime virus writer

known as Attitude Adjuster, who was

contacted by e-mail and declined to

give his real name.

gets hurt."

Some computer security experts

background.

kiddies or scripters.)



Dan Murta, after spending 32 years in the oil industry, lost his job as vice president with a small independent oil company. He said that he was now reduced to earning little more than the minimum wage as a telemarketer.

A Dry Spell for Small U.S. Oil Producers

Despite Higher Prices, Independent Firms Are Wary of Reopening Wells

By Agis Salpukas
New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Even after a 30 percent jump in crude oil prices last month, Terry Smith, the general manager of the Tidelands Oil Production Co., is not sure it is time to begin reopening oil wells. Tidelands has 834 wells off the coast

of Long Beach, California, but it shut down 327 of them the last year as oil prices plunged.
Prices had been so low for so long that

Mr. Smith is reluctant to spend the \$30,000 it takes to bring a well back and rehire workers, even though he says he makes a profit when prices are \$10 a barrel. West Texas intermediate crude oil

traded at above \$17 a barrel this week for be replaced. the first time in more than a year, largely on the strength of cutbacks announced

But Mr. Smith's cash has been desmall, independent producers, he is wor-ried that prices might collapse again. "I rels a day, some oil economists and more that industry experts predict that up to half marketer. want to see if this thing is going to stabilize," he said in a telephone interview.

Independent oil companies like Tide lands account for 40 percent of the oil produced in the United States. Many are facing the same kinds of hard choices that Mr. Smith confronts. While they have seen many downturns, the last year has hit them particularly hard, with crude prices at a low of \$10.35 a barrel in December. Their problems make it nnlikely that domestic production, which hit a 50-year low of about 6 million barrels a day last month, will recover

Those that have suffered most and will have the bardest time recovering are the very small producers. They typically own about 10 so-called stripper wells — the type often glimpsed from highways across the American West, the pumps slowly hobbing up and down, extracting

Conoco and Marathon In Saudi Talks on Oil

Agence France-Presse
RIYADH — The Sandi Arabian oil minister met Sunday with the presidents of Conoco Inc. and Marathon Oil Co. for talks on investment in the kingdom's energy sector, the official SPA news

agency said.

Ali Naimi met with Archie Dunham of Conoco and Victor Beghini of Marathon and "discussed opportunities of investments in oil and gas projects," the

The meeting followed an invitation to foreign companies by Crown Prince Abdullah ibn Abdulaziz at the end of last year to submit plans for investments in Saudi Arabia's oil and gas sectors.

April 1

Per S

Pers Currency

"There are those of us who still Conoco has already submitted a prorise to a highly competitive industry of exist in the community who write virposal, as have Elf Aquitaine SA of companies that seek out the latest uses because it's fun. We don't give France, the Royal Dutch/Shell Group strains and find and market software our viruses to the public and nobody and the U.S. oil companies Chevron Corp., Phillips Petroleum Co., Atlantic Richfield Co. and Texaco Inc.

about 2.2 barrels a day at each unit from

old and often declining fields.

Although they produce very small amounts individually, together they account for 1.3 million barrels a day. That is about 20 percent of domestic output and roughly the amount the United States imports daily from Saudi Arabia.

While lower crude oil prices have enabled consumers to enjoy some of the lowest gasoline prices in decades, and heap oil has contributed to low inflation, those working in the domestic oil industry have paid a heavy price for

these benefits.

About 52,000 jobs have been lost since October 1997 in oil and natural gas production, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Many of these will not California economy and would not return to the volatile oil industry.

Others are not so lucky. After spend-

nation capable of producing an average total of 6.4 million barrels a day, hat

could be abandoned.

The loss of production could turn out to be as high as 400,000 barrels a day. Some experts say many wells that will be restarted are likely to produce at lower rates because of equipment and tech-

Such a large loss of output means that domestic oil production is expected to continue to decline even if prices maintain their current levels. Last month, imported oil made up more than 55 percent of the United States supply, one of the highest levels ever, and increasing dependence on

Others are not so lucky. After spend-Murta lost his joh as vice president with Tomkat Ltd., a small independent oil about 136,000 of them have been shut company hased in Wichita, Kansas. pleted, he has laid off a third of his temporarily. Of those wells, which are From a salary of \$45,000 a year, he said, workers and, as with thousands of other capable of producing about 550,000 bar- he was now reduced to earning little rels a day, some oil economists and more than minimum wage as a tele-

Japan Frets Over Rising Joblessness

Officials See the Trend As Still Steadily Higher

TOKYO - The head of the Economic Planning Agency warned Sunday that Japan's jobless rate, already at a record 4.6 percent, could worsen to 5.2 percent as the nation's economic crisis

The jobless rate may fluctuate a bit hut will continue to be on a rising trend for a while, "Taichi Sakaiya was quoted by Kyodo News as saying in an in-terview with Fuji TV. "There is a pos-sibility of the rate going as high as 5.2

Trade Minister Kaorn Yosano, speaking on the same program, said the johless rate could rise to close to 5 percent and that it was up to the government to see that it did not go above that level.

Major Japanese companies have introduced drastic restructuring programs to try to surmount the nation's worst recession since the end of World War II. Both ministers expressed concern about the cuts, with Mr. Yosano implying that they could lead to social tensions.

Asian markets are expected to follow developments in Japan closely this week as its new fiscal year proceeds amid warnings that the yen could face new pressure despite Tokyo's moves to reflate the economy. On Friday, the second day of the new fiscal year, the Nikkei 225 average closed at 16,290.19, up 273

points from a week earlier.

A surge in Tokyo share prices and fund repatriation by Japanese companies before the end of the old fiscal year Wednesday supported the yeo in recent weeks, but the strength of the U.S. economy is setting a firm base for the dollar, which ended last week at 120.55 yen.

Dealers also said a worsening crisis in Kosovo could again enhance the dollar's role as a haven at the expense of Asian currencies, despite signs of a turnaround in crisis-hit regional economies, particularly South Korea.

The tankan report on Monday will indicate whether the economy is recovering," said a chief dealer with a French bank in Singapore, referring to the There are 574,000 oil wells in the ing 32 years in the oil industry, Dan closely watched quarterly survey of Japanese business confidence.

'The report is important

is the first time in a while that people are expecting better figures," he said. "So if the figures are bad, the foreigners will bail out of Japanese stocks, and the yen will break.

Wallenberg Empire Opens Door to Change

Swedish Giant Bows to Global Forces

By Alan Cowell en York Times Service

STOCKHOLM - Since the mid-19th century, Swedish industry has been syponymous with the Wallenberg family. The dynasty's interests reach everywhere, from heavy trucks and mobile phones at bome to construction sites in Asia and board rooms in the United States.

As one measure of the Wallenbergs' power in Swedeo, their holding company, Investor AB, controls companies that account for an estimated 40 percent of shares traded on the Stockholm stock exchange.

But like Sweden itself, the Wallenberg business empire is under siege these days by the forces of the global economy. "We were suddenly subject to all the competitive powers in the world," said Jacob Wallenberg, 43, chairman of the Investor-owned company Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB, who, along with his cousin Marcus Wallenberg, also 43, represents the family's newest generation of top managers. In an unyielding global economy of free-flowing money,

international mergers and an intense focus on "core com-petencies" and shareholder value, the Wallenberg family conglomerate, with its disparate and far-flung interests, has been looking increasingly like an anachronism. "Investor's traditional strategy — as a long-term dominant and active owner across a range of sectors based on a slowly

changing or ucchanging portfolio — is notenable," wrote Sweden's leading weekly business magazine, Affarsvarlden. But the Wallenbergs are hardly sitting idle while the economic ground shifts under their feet. Rather, they are restructuring key parts of their empire, particularly in forestry and pharmaceuticals, to make it more international. In a change from tradition, the head of the family business, Percy

Barnevik, is not a member of the family.

In 1997, the family patriarch, Peter Wallenberg, stepped down as chairman of Investor AB, though not as head of the Wallenberg family foundation that controls 35.6 percent of Investor's voting rights. The top jobs of chairman and chief executive of Investor went to Mr. Barnevik, 58, and Claes

In February, the company said that Mr. Dahlback, who has been the Wallenberg family's top nonfamily manager for years, would retire in April and be replaced by Marcus Wallenberg as chief executive.

Peter Wallenberg's departure opened the way for the beginnings of a rapid transformation under Mr. Barnevik, who made a name for himself with the success of the 1987 Swedish-Swiss merger that created ABB Asea Brown Boveri

Mr. Barnevik, who remains chairman of ABB hut is no longer chief executive there, seemed perfect for the joh of running Investor. Indeed, ABB, the engineering behemoth tricky one. Without the voting power to dominate manbased in Zurich, was acclaimed as one of the world's first truly borderless companies.

In his short period at the helm of Investor, Mr. Barnevik has instilled tighter corporate governance in clubby Sweden and loosened the Wallenbergs grip on Swedish industry.
For years, the Wallenbergs had solidified their power at

many Swedish companies not so much by acquiring majority equity stakes but by creating special voting rights for themselves that, in some cases, were as much as 1,000 times their

"More and more players in the capital market would say that peculiar capital structures make for peculiar decisions, Jacob Wallenberg said.

At some companies, Investor reduced its voting-power advantage to 10-fold, a more defensible level that nonetheless left the Wallenbergs in affective control even with a minority interest. The balance between stock and voting rights is a

Dynasty The Wallenberg family owns a holding company, investor AB, which controls an estimated 40 percent of the wealth In the Swedish stock market. COMPANY INVESTOR AB's As of Dec. MAIN INTERESTS 31, 1998 VOTING RIGHTS Engineering Engineering ASTRA 15% ATLAS COPCO Construction and industrial equipment ELECTROLUX appliances 22% Medical Technology 11% SAAR and aerospace 19% Bankino Heavy trucks 13% 1888 10% STORA ENSO 11% Forestry products WW-DATA Data Services

agement teams, the holding company finds its ability to run the companies in its portfolio greatly diminished. Investor's low equity stakes mean, though, that the com-

pany does not necessarily benefit as much from successful Meanwhile, with dizzying speed over the past two years, Investor has made deals in forestry, pharmaceuticals and

aerospace that produced waves far beyond Sweden. In December, Zeneca Group PLC of Britain announced a \$34.6 billion stock-only agreement to acquire the Investorowned company Astra AB to create a pharmaceutical powerhouse with its corporate headquarters in London, its research and development unit in Sweden and Mr. Barnevik as chair-

Saab Aircraft AB, also owned by Investor, sold a 35 percent

See WALLENBERG, Page 15

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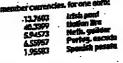
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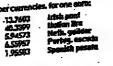
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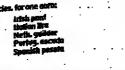
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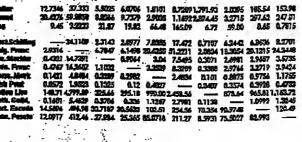
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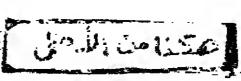
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International Small-Cap Funds Rebound

By Rick Gladstone New York Times Service

EW YORK - South Korean beer Japanese pinball A globe trotting British cybergame adventuress who wears tight T-shirts and packs two pistols.

The companies that make these products are small and diverse, off the radar screens of many investors. But the forces behind the atroog gains in their shares help explain why international small-capitalization funds were an outstanding global fund category in the first three months of the year.

Among portfolio managers who specialize in buying shares of non-U.S. companies, the most successful in the first quarter were those who researched and cherry-picked their way through lesser-known equities. especially the stocks hurt by the leader. Its shares have quadrupled in persistence of the Asian ecocomic crisis and Japan's deep recession.

While international stock funds as a group rose 2.5 percent in the Giordano International Ltd., a leadquarter, many small-cap interna-tional funds had double-digit gains. These funds are volatile by

nature, and are not for everyone. Many suffered large losses when the Asian crisis began in mid-1997, and it is unclear, of course, whether the the seven analysis oo his team spend advances in the most recent quarter about half their time in Asia, re-

At the Oakmark International heavily invested in Asia, Australia swings in Asian markets. and New Zealand. He said he began

to build op his positions during the third quarter of 1997; although the is 100 percent invested in Japan, a en 47 percent. fund fell nearly 20 percent that year, country struggling with heavy bank it rose 9.2 percent in 1998 and 24.6 debts and the worst recession since percent in the first three months of

"We use a style that tries to buy good-quality businesses with goodquality management at burnt-out prices," he said. When markets were dropping in Hong Kong, Sonth Korea and Thailand, he added, "most managers, to be frank, chickened out."

INVESTING

"We thought this was a unique opportunity," he said. "Rarely do you get a chance to buy something at 10 to 15 cents on the dollar." One of his favorite picks is Hite

value since he bought them and are up 80 percent so far this year.

ing retailer of casual clothing in Asia. The stock rose 65 percent in the first quarter. Buying up Giordano shares, he said, "was just a no-

Mr. Herro, based in Chicago, says searching and visiting companies. Unlike many of his competitors, Mr. Small Cap fued, David Herro is Herro said, he is not afraid of wild

debts and the worst recession since companies that are ventur-World War II. Although that may ing onto the Internet, which sound like a recipe for disappointment and disaster, the fund's results of development in Japan. suggest otherwise. While the fund fell I.1 percent in stocks in the sector, Jap-

1995, its first year, and lost 13 per- anese Internet share prices cent in 1996, and 25 percent in 1997. it gained more than 12 percent last February, when he bought year and rose 35.8 percent in the first shares of JAC Co., which quarter of 1999.

that perhaps Japan has turned the stock is up 30 percent. corner, that the government has its hands around the key issues, that fund's associate portfolio manager. "This has set the stage, once the economy has stabilized, for exponential growth."

Shares in a diverse range of small Japanese companies already have benefited from this expectation, he said, partly because many started moving some time ago to cut costs and become more efficient. · Among his favorites in this cat-

egory are makers of pachinko machines, a version of pinball that is as Mr. Jacobson said he liked Aruze percent by the end of the quarter. Corp., Heiwa Corp. and Sankyo shares have riseo 27 percent since not fall much further.

Mr. Jacobson also likes is in relatively early stages Unlike many American

appear reasonable. Since sells used cars over the In-There is increasing excitement ternet, the company's

ternational Discovery fund, perhaps the economy is near bot- Justin Thomson also sees enormous the fund rose more than 6 percent last said Todd Jacobson, the potential value in small Japanese companies that have been battered by the country's slump. His fund, which has about half its investments in Europe, began increasing its Jap-

anese holdings last October, to 25 percent from 15 percent. Among his picks in Japan are Nidec Corp., a provider of hard disk drives for personal computers, and Nemic-Lambda K.K., a maker of switches and power components. After hitting bottom in early October, Nidec rose 64 percent and common in Japan as the sushi bar. Nemic-Lambda had climbed 140

Part of the reason for increasing Company-Gunna, which are replacing many aging pachiako machines thronghout the country. Aruze's feet' — some of these stocks could



Mr. Herro says investors who can stand At the T. Rowe Price In-risk can find attractive Asian shares.

year, and was up 15 percent in the first three months of 1999.

Mr. Jacobsoo, based in London, said he saw a similar turnaround trend among small British companies whose stocks fell sharply in the third and fourth quarters of 1998. In his view, that was a good time to be huying them. Among his favorite British picks is Eidos PLC, the company that created the best-selling Tomh Raider series and its action heroine, Lara Croft, Since his fund bought Eidos shares in the third quarter, they have nearly tripled.

"This is a fantastic growth in-dustry." he said. With the surge in ownership of personal computers, the popularity of Nintendo Co. and Sony Corp.'s Playstation and the excitement over its Playstatioo II, he swings in Asian markets.

Mr. Jacobson began buying them in

As its name implies, the Warburg

Mr. Jacobson began buying them in

The bet on Japan has paid off. said, "demand for high-quality

After falling nearly 6 percent in 1997, games is very, very high."

China's Rules on Overseas Listings

support of a walkout.

newspaper report.

BELIING (Reuters) - China has tightened rules on 43 of its companies listed overseas to protect the interests of foreign investors, state media reported.

SHORT COVER

News Shipbuilding Inc., a maker of nuclear aircraft carriers.

said 9,000 hourly workers - about half its work force -

might strike Monday after a union voice vote Sunday in

Steelworkers of America's Local 8888 after two months of

negotiating a contract to replace one that expired at midnight

FRANKFURT (Reuters) - A key supervisory board mem-

ber of HypoVereinsbank AG will resign this week over a

hoardroom dispute that has overshadowed Germany's biggest

bank merger since World War II, according to a weekend

Eberhard Martini, the former chief executive of Hypo-

Bank, which merged with rival Vereinsbank last year, will

announce his departure during the week, Welt am Sonntag

said in a report released abead of its publication Sunday.

Hypo-Bank Executive to Resign

The company said it had made a final offer to the United

Shipbuilder Braces for Walkout NEWPORT NEWS, Virginia (Bloomberg) - Newport

The rules, consisting of 11 articles, require the companies to improve transparency and har government shareholders from meddling in the operations of companies, the Xinhua press agency said Saturday.

FCC Chief Offers Merger Guidance

WASHINGTON (NYT) - In a rare public step, the chairman of the Federal Communications Commission has encouraged Ameritech Corp. and SBC Communications Inc. to help draw up terms that would promote competition so that the commission can approve the companies' pending \$62

William Kennard, the chairman, said in a letter to the chairmen of the two local telephone companies that "at this stage, I have serious concerns" about whether the deal would serve the public interest.

He said the commission's staff wanted assurances that the merger would not interfere with the companies' ability to open their networks to competitors.

Perhaps the most surprising aspect of the letter was that it was made public at all. People close to the commission said Friday that the FCC traditionally had tried to shield its talks with companies whose mergers it is considering from the light of publicity, believing that privacy fosters candor.

WALLENBERG: Facing Global Rivalry, Swedish Family Empire Embraces Need to Restructure AB, the Wallenberg-controlled outside forces and internal stresses. and thus its control of them, stands other Investor interests, including

Continued from Page 13

stake in its aerospace division to British Aerospace PLC for \$454 million. Saah also announced plans to close a civilian regional aircraft unit at the end of this year.

Late last year, Stora AB, Investor's forest-products group, anoounced a \$6.9 hillioo merger with its Finnish rival, Enso Oy, to produce a giant based in Helsinki, oot

Those deals were intended to give the company a competitive edge in increasingly global businesses. Investor insiders say the wave of restructuring is far from over. At the same time, Investor's ramparts no ford a costly cradie-to-grave social looger seem as immune to assaolt as

not a Wallenberg company but is plummeted to No. 17 in the world run by a former Wallenberg manfrom No. 3 over the past two deager, Leif Johansson, bought a 12.85 cades, and its welfare-state cocoon percent chunk of stock in Scania has unraveled under assault from

truck company. Such a challenge to the Wallenbergs, once unthinkable, could only have been undertaken with the help of key institutional

investors But the once improbable has become commonplace all across the that once kept Swedish businesses in Swedish hands crumble. For most of the century, entrepreneurs have ventured oot from Stockholm in search of profitable opportunities to enhance their sheltered home base. That business energy enabled Sweden to become one of the world's richest countries and to af-

safety oet. Now, the trend has been reversed. In January, Volvo AB, which is Sweden's per-capita income has Corporate executives and college to be reduced. raduates have been seeking jobs in

Sweden's punishing personal tax trust, leaves Investor few options rates, which go up to 60 percent. but to shed its equity stake in some corporate landscape as the barriers mobile-phone maker that is under regards as essential husinesses. Its

the exodus. A big element of the Investor portfolio, Ericsson will move its European headquarters and corporate finance department to London in Angust There, the argument runs, exec-

utives prefer to pay lower taxes and live closer to Europe's higgest cap-In the past, the very breadth of Investor's holdings underpinned the

Wallenbergs' dominance in Swedish business. But as it confronts pressure for restructuring, its stake in the companies in its stable, empire has led to speculation that do the job.

Moreover, Swedish analysts say Britain and the United States, flee- that the structure of the family foring in record numbers from tune, which is held in a tax-exempt but to shed its equity stake in some . LM Ericssoo AB, the Swedish companies to concentrate on those it severe competitive pressure from further challeoge will be to catch the Nokia Corp. of Finland, has joined wave of new high-technology businesses that younger Swedes see as the future.

> corporate magician, now faces unaccustomed criticism from Swedish commentators questioning his touch and directors and draws on the readever since Investor took a hig hit from the ecocomic tailspin in Asia and Russia last year.

Mr. Barnevik, once viewed as a

down from a high of 479.50 krooer last July 2.

parts of its original 19th-century base, SEB, may be on the block.

"It is increasingly difficult to play the part of an active owner ooce control of commercial enterprises is diluted," Mr. Dahlback told Affarsvariden early this year.

'And if we cannot perform as

Others argue that the future of the Wallenberg dynasty depends on a broader alchemy that permits Investor to exercise control through the appointment of key managers iness of institutional investors to fol-

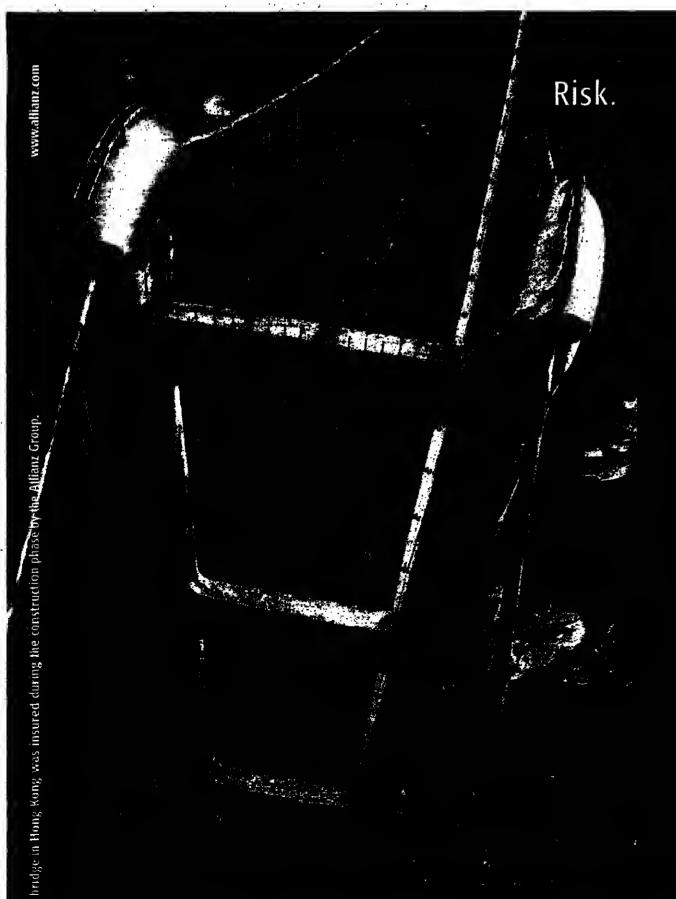
low the holding company's lead. "It's oot just a oumbers game," Investor shares ended last week in Mr. Barnevik said. "It's a game of Stockholm at 362 kroner (\$44.05). confidence from the institutions that yoo are a good owner whether you own X perceot or two times X per-The erosioo of the Wallenberg cent. It's a question of how well you

Day-Trade Adviser's Challenge

WASHINGTON - The founder of the Day Traders On-Line Internet stock-tip site has reinstated a \$1 millioo reward challenging anyone to prove in court that the Weh operator took payments from compenies to recommend

The \$1 million offer, made on the Day Traders On-Line Web site by Ray Johns, followed a report that the site was being investigated by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Mr. Johns removed the offer for a few hours Friday, saying he meant it as a joke but then reinstated it.

The SEC inquiry focuses on whether Mr. Johns or any of his employees received compensation in connection with their stock tips, the Wall Street Journal reported, citing unnamed sources. Neither Mr. Johns nor the SEC would confirm or deny the existence of an investigation.



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your side. To us risk management means thinking the unthinkable to prevent risk turning into loss. As one of the world's leading insurers our financial strength and technical expertise combine to make Allianz Group the partner you can trust whenever and wherever you need us. Allianz. The Power On Your Side.

Allianz Group. Europe's leading global insurer and provider of financial services

Allianz (III)

CAPITAL MARKETS ON MONDAY

Wall Street's Blind Hope?

Investors Ignore War and Earnings Slowdown

By Gretcheo Morgenson New York Times Service

NEW YORK - It was the subject of considerable head-scratching among investors last week that even as the Dow Jones industrial average was closing their highs. face of horrors overseas seemed oddly disconnected, at best.

nomically. That may be so, but this wishful thinking is but one example of how cavalier investors are today. Only when trouble hits them in the face do they react and dump stocks.

Consider the data oo Wednesday from the Commerce Department, which showed a growing economy producing smaller corporate profits. While the economy grew almost 4 perceot last year, profits fell 2.2 percent.

One might think that with the overall market trading at a rich 34 times earnings, pluoging profits would frighten investors. But the Dow only hiccuped, falling 1.3 percent oo the day of the news.

then recovering a bit the next day. Unfailing optimism is a splendid and very American trait. It is also a result of a long bull market. If stocks rise inexorably, many believe, there's no oeed to swest the details.

Bot what many investors have forgotten is that attention to detail can sometimes signal a timely exit, before

An example? Dell Computer, until recently a member of the stocks-thatonly-go-up clab. Now, after two disappointing quarters, investors are starting to question Dell's prospects. The shares are down almost 25 percent from

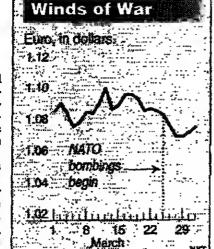
above 10,000 for the first time, an already grim situation in Kosovo was getting worse. While the euro tumbled Watchful investors have known for getting worse. While the euro tumbled Watchful investors have known for on bulletins from the front, the Dow months that Dell's dominance in the ended the week up 10 points, at mail-order personal computer business 9,832.51. Its relative ebullience in the is under attack from Compaq and IBM, face of horrors overseas seemed oddly which have begun selling their products directly to customers as well. And it is no Investors seem happy to shrug off the Kosovo conflict as one that will be consales today is among computers that sell Kosovo conflict as one that will be consailed, both geographically and ecofor \$1,000 or less. Dell's products carry much higher prices — on average more than \$2,000.

Another case of investors with their heads in the sand involved Coca-Cola, B former highflier that is 19 percent off its recent peak

The company shocked Wall Street when it warned on Monday that first-quarter global sales would drop 1 perceot to 2 percent. In the days following the news, Coca-Cola's shares fell 6.7 percent. With most of the world's ecocomies contracting, why a sales decline surprised investors is a cooundrum indeed.

What would it take to make investors pay closer heed to the various straws in wind? A series of scandals, said Richard Sylla, professor of financial and economic history at New York University's Stern School of Business. "If you get several Sunbeams and Cendants, then people may begin to say, 'This is oot real,' 'he said.

In the meantime, investors who have kept buying stocks in the face of troubling fundamentals are likely to do some stitute.



damage to the overall market when they finally head for the exits. As the handful of popular companies that are still moving up gets smaller, it grows less likely that these stocks can hold up the market averages. And unless the former favorites are replaced by other stocks with fabulous prospects, the indexes could be in for a tumble.

■ Lindsey Predicts Dow Retreat

A former governor of the Federal Reserve Board was quoted on Sunday as predicting a fall in U.S. share prices and saying that the Dow Jones industrials at 6,000 to 7,000 points would be a realistic level, Reuters reported from Frankfurt.

Lawrence Lindsey told the German newspaper Euro am Sonntag that corporate earnings could not possibly continue to ontpace gross domestic product growth as they had done throughout the

"I expect a slowdown in earnings this ear. That means that share prices will fall," said Mr. Lindsey, oow with the conservative American Enterprise In-

Bright Outlook for High-Yield Bonds

NEW YORK - High-yield corporate

debt and mortgage securities, among the worst performers in the U.S. bond market last year, rebounded in the first quarter and may have further to gain, according to bond investors.

Non-government bonds beat Treasuries in the first three months of the year as returning stability in financial markets, growth in the U.S. economy and dimming prospects for a fourth cut in interest rates by the Federal Reserve Board boosted the appeal of riskier se-curities that offer higher yields than gov-

emment debt. With the economy still humming along and the Fed seen holding interest rates steady for months to come, investors said the chances of big gains in Treasuries are slim. That may mean that what worked in the first quarter may prove to be the recipe for gains in the

second quarter as well. While the extra yield these securities for the broader market — made returns to the best-performing bonds less pace as in February.

New International Bond Issues

changed for the week. bonds improved as the Fed's three growth in the fourth quarter of last year. quarter-point rate cuts since September

helped settle financial markets. Differences in yield, or spreads, between junk bonds and Treasuries narrowed in the quarter to 5.35 percentage

points from as wide as 6.80 percentage U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

poiots last year. Still, spreads are almost double their level at the start of 1998.

In addition to calming fears about a surge in manufacturing, the jobs report showed once again that the ecocomy seems to be able to grow strongly without generating inflationary pressures. offer helped boost returns, the decline in One of the key measures of wage ingovernment securities - the benchmark flation, hourly earnings, rose just two-

than stellar.

Treasuries soared Friday after a report showing a smaller-than-expected gain in jobs and wages in March eased coocern omist at Chase Manhattan Bank. "But jobs and wages in March eased coocern that the economy's strength might push prices higher. The government said 46.000 jobs were added to the economy world growing sloggishly or worse, ignormalized in the economy world growing sloggishly or worse, ignormalized in the economy world growing sloggishly or worse, ignorance in the first quarter.

in March, marking the slowest growth in competition is preventing U.S. compamore than three years, while average nies from making price increases stick hourly earnings rose a less-than-expected 0.2 percent. The yield on the 30-year Treasury bond tumbled 8 basis points Friday to 5.59 percent, leaving it anchanged for the week This year, demand for high-yield slowing much from the 6 percent pace of

Because of this uncertainty, interest rates are likely to remain in their recent trading range, with long-term rates, centered around 5.5 percent. They first a jumped to this level in February after it became clear that the economy entered 1999 at a much stronger pace than expected and would not slow down quickly, as many Wall street economists

had forecast at the end of last year. There are elements of moderation coming through, but it is not very com-pelling yet." said Mr. Glassman, whose forecast for the year is one of the slower predictions on Wall Street.

Some investors and analysts predict Treasuries may be ripe for a rebound in the second quarter. This will come as slowing worldwide growth and stepped. up competition reduces pricing power, crimps corporate profits and prompts companies to cut back on business investment. Others said further improve-

Most Active International Bonds

Rak	Name	Cpn	Molurity	Price	Crt Yo
Bri	tish Pour	ıd			
	annie Mae Injaue Pub Fm	6%		104,7500	6.5600
	nique Fin	Zero		99.6001 58.3959	6.1000
234 R	5LFINI	644	03/31/38	124,6236	5.3200
237 E		-6		113,4429	5.2900 5.9100
	ressex Water	57/1	03/30/09	99.3750	3.9100

Danish Kro	ne			
35 Denmark	6	11/15/09	113,7300	5.2800
52 Denmark	7	11/15/07	119,5300	5.8600
54 Degmark	7	12/15/04	115.9700	6.0400
55 Denmark	9	11/15/00	108,8200	8.2700
73 Denmark	8	03/15/06	123,1900	6,4900
74 Denmark	4	02/15/01	101.3233	3.9500
78 Nykredit	6	10/01/29	98.5467	4.0900
80 Denmark	8	05/15/03	116,4200	6.8700
81 Denmark	6	12/10/99	101,7300	5.9000
85 Denmark	8	11/15/01	111,3600	7,1800
105 Demmark	6	11/15/02	108.1600	5.5500
141 Nykredit	7	10/01/29	101,6000	6.8900
158 Qenmark Tbill	zero	11/01/99	98.1383	3,2300
160 Denmark	5	08/15/05	105,8000	4,7300
176 Denmark	5	11/10/24	125,7400	5.5700
183 Reollgedil	7	10/01/29	101,7500	6,8800
200 Unikredit	6	10/01/29	97.3500	6,1600
221 Dearnark	4		100,5800	3,9800
223 Realkredit	6	10/01/29		6.1700
250 Unlikredit	Ž		101.5000	6.9000

Doutsche M	ark			
146 Germany Tbills 156 EIB 232 TVA	5	04/15/08	100,1825 105,7500 114,5000	4,7300
Euro				

Euro		
1 Germany	314	01/04/09 98.2595 3.8200
2 Germany	514	01/04/08 109.0124 4.8200
3 Germany	6	07/04/07 113.9700 5.2600
4 Germony	474	07/04/08 105.8513 4.4900
5 Germany	448	07/04/08 101.1274 4.0800
6 Germony	4	07/04/09 100.1186 4.0000
7 Germany	3	03/16/01 100.3492 2.9900
8 Germany	554	01/04/28 109.6000 5.1300
9 Germany	6	01/04/07 113.7100 5.2800
10 Germany	3₩	11/11/03 100.6409 3.4800
11 Germany	8	01/21/02 113.0025 7.0800
12 Germany	74	12/20/02 113.5554 6.2700
13 Germany	374	08/26/03 102,0704 3,6700
14 Germony	44	07/04/28 95.3832 4.9800
15 Germany	642	07/04/27 122.7017 5.3000
17 Germony	3	12/15/00 100.2250 2.9900
18 Trevhond	734	10/01/02 114.6750 6.7600
19 Germony	41/2	05/19/03 104.8714 4.2900
20 France BTAN	31/2	97/12/04 100,7000 3,4800
21 Timuhand	67/8	06/11/03 113.9071 6.0400
22 Germany	414	08/19/02 104.3900 4.3100
23 Germany	6	01/05/06 113.2333 5.3000
24 Germany	744	01/03/05 119,4650 6.1700
25 Treuhand	74	01,29/03 113,7711 6.2600
26 Germony	9	10/20/00 109.0050 B.2600
27 Germany	612	04/26/06 115.0400 5.4300
29 Germany	51/4	08/22/00 103.8400 5.5400
31 Germany	673	05/12/05 117.5557 5.8500
32 Germany	8%	12/20/00 109,7900 8.0800
33 Treunand	647	04/23/03 112,2461 5,7900
34 FranceOAT	4	04/25/09 99.1800 4.0300
36 Germany	442	02/18/03 104.6131 4.3000
37 Germany	74	10/21/02 113.4457 6.3900
38 Germany thái	zero	07/16/97 99.2095 2.7700
39 Germany	4	06/16/00 101.3200 3.9500
41 Germany	8	07/22/02 114.9850 6.9600
42 Germany 94	64	01/04/24 118,4929 5,2700
43 Germany	614	10/14/05 116.0671 5.6000
44 Germany	5	11/12/02 105.9939 4.7200
45 Germany	61/2	07/15/03 112.6700 5.7700
46 Germany	834	08/20/01 113.0000 7.7400
47 Germony	644	04/22/03 112.9871 5.9700
48 Germany	64	07/15/04 115.6221 5.8400
49 Germany	6	02/16/06 113.3417 5.2900
50 Germany	4	09/17/99 100.4900 3.9800
51 Germony	417	02/22/02 104.0050 4,3300

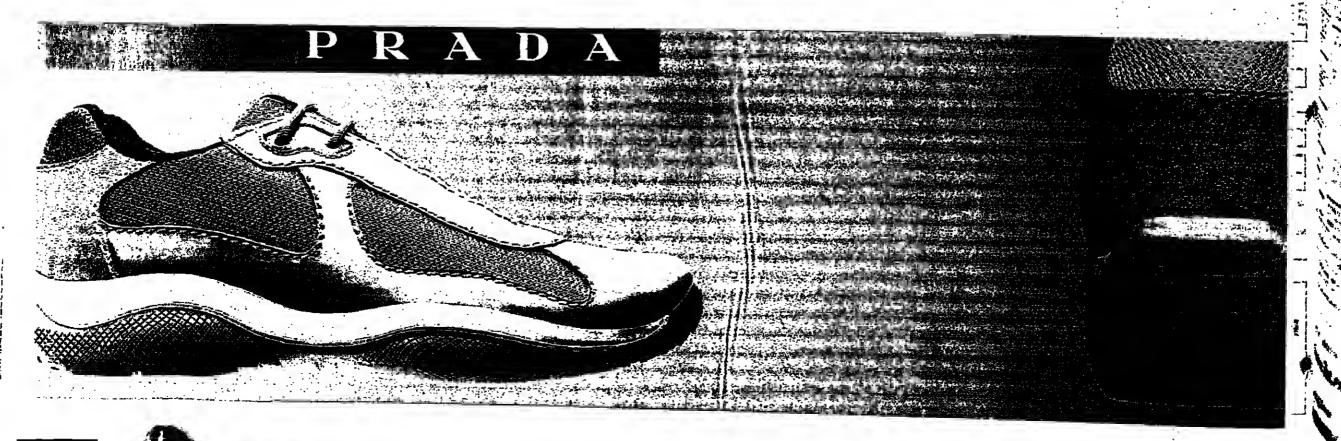
	56 Treunana	734	12/02/02	114.1700	6.4600	Ī
1	57 Germany 58 Germany	5 814	08/20/01	104.5917	4.7900 7.3500	2
•	59 Netherlands	3	02/15/02	99,8500	3,0000	
-	60 Germany 61 Germany	814 314	05/21/01 09/15/00	100 4900	7.5400 3.2300	3
3	62 Germany 63 Treuhand	7%	11/20/01	104,3814 119_5400	4.5500	1
•	64 Accor	1	03/29/02	100.5000 104.0367	1.0000	1.
	65 Germany 66 Germany	41/2 61/2	05/17/02 03/15/00	104.0367 103.3450	4.3300 6.2900	1
)	47 Germany	71/2	11/11/04 01/22/01	119.9800	6.2500	- 2
	69 Germany 70 Germany	5	05/21/01	110,4975 104,2308 103,2450	8.1400 4.8000	2
•	71 Germany 72 Germany	57% 834	05/15/00	103.2450	5.6900 a.1500	2
	72 Germany 75 Depta FRN	2,964	03/26/01	107.3250 97.7260	3,0300	-
	77 Netherlands	644 344	07/15/09	113,0414 96,9000	5.8600 3.8700	Ī
	79 Germany 83 Depta FRN	á zero	09/15/03	111,1302 100,0194	5.4000	
	84 Germony	414	12/17/99	100,9800	4.2100	-
	88 Germany 90 Germany	4		117,4850 107,0606	5,1100 3,9600	- 2
	93 Spoin	5.15	07/30/09	106.0300	4.8600	
	94 France BTAN 95 Germany	3	07/12/01	100,1600 103,4650	3,0000 4,9500	-
	97 Germony FRN		09/30/04	99,4800	2,8000	
	100 Treuhand 103 Germany	814	08/21/00	112.6000 107.4520	5.5500 7.9100	5
	106 Germany 107 Germany		03/18/99 02/21/01	100,1100	3_5000 5,0400	5
	108 Spain	1214	03/25/00	108.7900	11.2600	5
	110 Flot Fin Trade 112 Treubond	674	03/31/04	99,2500 100,7800	3.7800 6.3300	10
	113 Treuhand	6%	05/13/04	115,1187	5,8600	- 10
	114 Depfo 118 Hypobonk Ess	SELO	01/15/09 01/28/00	96.0923 100.3100	3.4900	10
1	120 Germany 121 Germany	874	05/22/00	106 4400	8.2200 6.6400	11
	122 Treutiand	514	09/15/99 04/29/99	100.1700	5 740VI	11
	123 Letwirt Rentenbk 125 Netherlands	32rd	03/12/01 01/15/28	87.6001	6,9400 5.1200	11
	127 Sweden	31/4	04/20/06	98 RZZU	3.3400	1
	128 Treuhond 129 Austria	7	11/25/99 07/15/09	102.5620 98.8000	4.0500	13
	130 Netherlands 132 Ford Motor	374	04/30/99	99.8179	2,3200 3,7800	13
•	133 Burmah Castrol	4%	03/31/09	99,2500 100,0000	4.8800	14
	134 Asso NAmer fm 136 Germony	zero 7Va	06/30/03	99.3700	6,9200	14
	138 Robobonk Neth	374	07/12/04	100,3000	3.6100	14
	140 Germany 145 Spain	81/2	80/IE/10	110.0344	7.7200 5.2900	14
	153 Germany 157 CADES	374	06/21/99 07/12/04	100.7600 99.4900	6.7000 3.3900	15
	161 Belglum	814	10/01/07	131.0600	6.4800	į,
	162 Takyo Elec Pwr 163 Argentaria	44		101.1250 99.8400	3.9000 4.3800	15
	168 Belgium 169 EIB	714	04/29/04 04/15/09	98.2500 52.6000	4.3800 6.1800 4.0700 4.4300	. 14
	171 France OAT	2 CT O	10/25/13	52.6000	4.4300	12
	172 Germany 175 Belgium	74 74	44/2 I/UU	104.2206 107.9000	7.4400 7.1800	- 17
	179 Elf Aquitaine	41/2	03/23/09	99.6250 100.0000	4.5200	17
	180 BMW Britain 182 Austria	3% 5%	07/05/01	105,4000	3.8800 5.2200	18 18
	185 BNG 187 Hypobank Ess	344	04/05/04	101.4000 97.4443	3.7000 4.1000	18
	173 CIBC W G FKN	zero	09/16/00	98.4707	0.0000	19 19 19
	194 France B.T.F. 195 Belgium	2970 614	06/24/99 03/28/07	99.3350	2.8700 5.4400	19
	196 Austria	3.90	10/20/05	101 1600	3.8600 4.7100	19
	197 Austria 204 Belgium	5 574	03/28/08	111_5100	5.1600	20 20 20
	205 EIB 206 KFW	5	04/15/08	104.6500	4.7800	20 20
	207 Spain	6	01/31/29	113.40	4,7400 5,2900 4,1300	20
	212 Austria 215 Italy	4.30	01/31/29 07/15/03 02/15/02 12/14/00	99.7700	3.0100	21 21
	216 Austria 217 Cost Telecom	5%	12/14/00	99.1250	5.4000	21
ı	219 Germany SC	ZETO	03/29/06 07/04/22	30.4300	2,0200 5,2400	21
	220 haly 222 Germany SC	5 zero		106.0000 32.2600	4.7200 5.2100	22
	224 Margan Gty 225 Parmator Fin	444	03/12/09	32.2600 98.5000	4,4400	23
1	226 Austrio	64	03/30/09	99.7500 117.5000	5.5100 5.3200	24
	231 DSL 233 Finland	356	04/25/09		3.5900 4.7000	24
	235 France OAT	zero	04/25/20	33,4200	5.3400	24
	238 GMAC FRN 239 Austrig	514	05/20/03 03/15/01	99,4000 104,2500	3.2200 5.0400	24

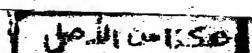
Сря	Maturity		CHYd	Rnk Name	Cpn	Medurity	Price	C+Y4
746	12/02/02	111,1950	6.4600	Italian Lira				—
5 8¼ 3		104.5917 112.1793 99.8500	7,3500	210 EIB	5	04/15/08	104,7000	4.7800
874 314	05/21/01	111,0400	7.5400	Swedish Kr	ona	•		_
4%	11/20/01	104,3814	4,5500	139 Sweden	1014	05MS/00	107,5300	9.5300
1	03/29/02	100.5000	1.0000	152 Swaden	5	01/15/04	106.0100	4.7200
41/2 61/2	03/15/00	104.0367 103.3450		164 Sweden	514	04/12/02	106.3700	5.1700
71/2		119,9800 110,4975		Swiss Franc				
5 57%		104.2308		and the same of th		020004	67 5000	0.6700
834	07/20/00	107.3250	a.1500	230 Swatch Group	0.50	03/29/06	Y7.3000	02100
2,964 644 344	03/26/01 07/09/03 07/15/09	97.7260 113.0414 96.9000	5.8600	U.S. Dollar				
6	09/15/03	111,1302	5.4000	16 Brazil	5	04/15/14	75.7562	6.6000
7970 414	12/17/99	100.0194 100.9800	4.2100	28 Brazii L. FRN 30 Argenting FRN	6Vs		71.0907 77.4937	8.6200 0.0000
4	04/20/16	117,4850	5.1100	40 Brozh FRN	61/4	01/02/01	64.1813	9.4500
5.15	07/30/09	106.0300	4.8600	68 AT & T 82 Medco	าเช็น	03/15/09	111,5000	6.0500
51/4	11/21/00	100,1600 103,4650	3,0000 4,9500	86 Venezuelo FRN 87 Brossi	544	12/18/07	68.2500	8,7000 6,7600
	09/30/04	99,4800	2,8000	89 AT & T	5¥4	04/15/14	73.9636 101.8594	5.5200
814	08/21/00	112.6000 107.4520	7,9100	91 Brazil FRN 92 Argentina	67±	04/15/12	59,0438 85,0000	11,4700 .
31/2 514	03/18/99	100,1100	3,5000 5,0400	95 Argenting L	514	03/31/23	69.5000 78.9095	0.0000
124	03/25/00	108,7900	11.2600	99 Brazil FRN	674.	04/15/24	61.1397	0.0200
674	07/01/99		3,7800 6,3300	101 Brazii L. FRN 102 Argentina	1139	04/15/06	70.8100 94.7500	8.6500 12.0100
6% 285	05/13/04 01/15/09	115,1187 96,0923	5.8600	104 Mexico O FRN 109 Mexico	6.098	12/28/19	85,0000	7,1700 9,7800
314	01/28/00	100.3100	3.4900	111 Brazil ZI	514	04/15/24	61,5000	8,9400
8%	09/15/99	106,4400	8.2200 6.6400	115 KFW Intl Fin 116 Credit Local Fm	594 Zero	03/10/04 02/11/02	99,8300 99,7400	5.6300 0.0000
SPA Dero	04/29/99	87,6001	5.7400	117 Wootwich FRN 119 Desjordins FRN	5,083	03/01/02	99,7900	5,0900
514	01/15/28	107,4500	5.1200	124 E1B	514	09/14/08	96,1250	5.5900
31/4 7	04/20/06	98,8220 102,5620	3.5400 6.8300	126 Kored 131 Medico C FRN	6.201	12/31/19	106.8843 85.1150	7.2900
200	07/15/09	98,8000	4,0500	135 Russia 137 Belgium toll	12%	06/23/28	31.0000 A	(1.1300
374	07/12/04	99,2500	3.7800	142 Medico A FRN		12/28/19	85,2600	4.9900 7.1700
4 % Zero	06/30/03	99.3700	4.8800	143 Medco B FRN 144 Ford Motor	614s	04/28/03	79.0000 100,6250	6.0900
7% 3%	12/20/99	102,9400	6.9200 3.6100	147 Credit Local 148 E18	51/2 51/4	01/21/09	94,8750	5,8000 5,7100
852	02/20/01	110.0344	7.7200	149 Argenting FRN	2510	09/01/02	07.9559	0.0000
674		113.3500 100.7600	5.2900 6.7000	150 Den Danske Bk 151 Russia	17	06/23/99	98.8850 24,0000	4.9900
314	07/12/04 10/01/07	99.4900	3.3900 6.4800	154 Poland 155 Yenezwela	5 914	10/27/14 09/15/27	92.5000 59.5000 1	5.4700
4	03/24/04	101.1250	D0002.E	159 Offigroup	6.20	03/15/09	99.5625 99.7500	6.2300
41/4 714	03/30/09	99.8400 117 <u>.2</u> 300	4.3800	165 Penama 166 Lehman Bres	644	04/01/29	99,8750	9.4000 6.6300
4 zero	04/15/09 10/25/13	98.2500 52.6000	4.0700 4.4300	167 Argenting FRN 170 Brazil	6% 6%	03/31/23 05/15/27	99,8750 72,2500 73,6500	8.3900
7% 7%	02/21/00	104,2206	7,4400	173 Ford Motor FRN	51/8	02/13/03	99.55000 95.5000	5.1500
443	12/22/00	99.6250	7.1800 4.5200	174 Medico 177 Chrysler Fin Fin	5.117	03/12/08 04/27/05	99.5000	9.0300 5.1400
51/4	12/30/04	100.0000	3.8800 5.2200	181 Medco & FRN 188 World Bonk	6.037	12/31/19	85.2600	7.0800 5.5900
34	04/05/04	101,4000	3.7000	189 AT & T	61/2	03/15/29	97.7560	6.6500
Zero	07/19/09	97.4443 98.4707	4.1000	190 Vneshecon FRN 191 Bulgaria FRN	571	07/28/11		8.8500
29ro	06/24/99	99.3350 114.9600	2.8700 5.4400	192 Italy 198 Argentina	11	09/27/23 1 10/09/06	95.7500 1	6.5300 1.4900
3.90	10/20/05	101,1500	3.8600 4.7100	199 Morgan Stan fra	51/4	03/11/03	99.6300	5.2100
574	03/28/08	111.5100	5.1600	201 Ford Motor FRN 202 Brazil FRN	5.130 6¥a	04/15/09 02/18/04	99.5700 63.4975	5.1800 9.7400
5 5	04/15/08 01/04/09	104,6500	4.7800	203 Lawirt Rentenbk 208 Abbey Nati TS	514	02/18/04 03/05/02		5.4700 5.5300
4.30	01/31/29 07/15/03	113.40	5.2900	209 Millenin Am fitt	DETO	2/25/06	00.0000	0.0000
3	02/15/02	99.7700	3.0100	211 Citigroup 213 Argenting	11	03/15/04 1 12/04/05	95.2500 1	5.7700 1.5500
574	12/14/00 03/29/06	99.1250	5.4000 2.0200	214 Mexico 218 EIB	1144	09/15/16 1 01/12/04	09,0000 1	0.4400 5.1100
zero 5	07/04/22 05/01/08	30.4300	5.2400 4.7200	227 J.L.S. FRN	zero	09/30/00 1	00.6874	0.0000
Zero	07/04/21	32.2600	5.2100	228 Brazil 229 Canada	554	04/07/08 02/19/03 1		5.6200
51/2	03/12/09	98.5000 99.7500	5.5100	236 Italy 240 Argentina FRN	5 zero	11/20/03		5.1300 0.0000
314	07/15/27	117.5000	5.3200 3.5900	241 Bot Deservi fm 242 Ecuador	zero	Q6/14/D8		0.0000
5	04/25/09	106.3500	4.7000	243 Brozil FRN	6¥4	04/15/12	59,0625 1	0.4800
	04/25/20 05/20/03	33.4200 99.4000	5.3400 3.2200	245 Mobil Oli Cda 246 Peru	442	03/07/17	96.5000 63.8750	5.1800 7.0500
514	03/15/01			247 Medco 248 Ins Credto Offici	10%	02/17/09 1	03.25 00 1	0.0500
	-4-4-4			T-A III- CAMIN CINC		441700		.,,,,,,,,

lasoer	Amount (millions)	₩at.	Coup.	Price	Price and week	Terms
Floating Rate Notes						
Banca Popolare di Verona	\$300	2004	0.15	99.757	_	Over 3-month Libor. Noncollable. Fees 0.20%. Denominations \$10,000. (ABM—AMRO House Govets.)
General Motors Acceptance Corp.	\$1,000	2004	14	99.825	_	Over 3-month Libor. Noncolloble. Fees 0.225%. (Barclays Capital.)
Halifax	\$500	2009	0.35	99.78		Over 3-month Liber. Callable of per in 2004. Pees 0.35%. Denominations \$10,000. (Barclays Capital.)
Achmea Hypotheekbank	EUR500	2004	0.20	99.77		Over 3-mortin Euritor. Noncollable. Fees 0.15% (ABN AMRO House Goverts)
Bança del Salento	EUR200	2001	0.40	100.00		Over 6-morth Euribor, Noncollable, Feet 0.20%. (Deutsche Bank.)
Banca Popolere di Novara	EUR25	2002	14	99.855	_	Over 3-month Euribor. Noncollable. Fungible with outstanding Issue, raising total amount to 225 million euros. Fees 0.10%. (Lehmon Brothers Lnt.)
Banco di Nopoli	EUR100	2004	0.30	99.725		Over 3-month Euribor, Noncollishie. Fengliste with outstanding issue, raising total amount to 400 million euros. Fees 0.25%, (Morgan Stanley Dean Witter.)
BCP Finance Bank	EUR100	2001	1/4	99.9276		Over 3-month Euritor. Noncollable. Fees 0.05%, Denominations 100.000 euros. (Bank Austria.)
Depfa	EUR250	2002	0.02	100.10		Below 3-month Euritor. Noncalitatio. Fees 0.10%. Fungible with obtaining issue, raising total amount to 1 billion euros. (Galdman Sochs Infl.)
Dexia Hypobank	EUR500	2001	euribo	r100.12	-	Interest will be the 6-month Euribor. Noncollable. Also 50 million ears due 2003 and paying a fixed 2.60%. Fees 0.10%. (Salamon Brothers Infl.)
Fixed						
Argenfina	\$1,000	2009	114	97.636		Semionaughy, Noncallable, Peas 0.75%, (Chase Securities.)
Banco HSBC Barrennous	\$250	1999	10%	100.00		Noncollable private placement, Fees not disclosed, (HSBC Markets.)
General Motors Acceptance Corp.	\$1,100	2007	6.15	99.663		Over 3-month Libor. Noncollable. Fees 0.425%. (Warburg Dillon Rand.)
PDVSA Finance	\$400	2004	874	99.657	=	Average life 3 years, Fees 0.50%, Also \$250 million due 2007 paying 94%, \$250 million due 2000 paying 94% and \$100 million due 2020 paying 9.95%. (Goldman Sachs Infl.)
Robobank Nederland	5100	2001	5	100.2375		Reoffered of 99.05. Noncodiciale, Fungible with outstanding issue, raising total amount to \$450 million. Fees 134%, (Warburg Dillion Read.)
Telewest Communication	\$500	2009	zero	63.62B -	~	. There will be no internat until 2004, thereafter 9555. Callable of 1044; in 2004, Proceeds \$318,1 mission, Pees 2446. (Donoldson Latkin, Jernaffe.)
Cregem Finance	EUR 325;	2009		100.80	-	Interest British to a basinet of shapes. Noncollable, Feet 2%. (Deda Copital Markets.)
DSL	EUR1,000	2002	3	99.172	_	Reoffered at 99.817, Noncollable, Fees 0.225%, (Deviathe Bonk.)
Enron	EUR400	2005	434	99.613		Noncestoble, Fres 0.525%. (Lehmon Brothers Infl.)
Fortis Finance .	EUR1,250	2009	454	99.10		Noncellable, Fees 0.40%, (Lehman Brothers Infl.)
lozztel	EUR110	2009	14	100.00	=	Custoble of 107 in 2004. Fees 3%. (CS First Boston.)
PDVSA Finance	EUR200	2006	614	98.655		Nancatlable, Fees 0.55%, (Goldman Sachs Infl.)
Sonera Group	EUR300	2009	45/8	99.272		Noncaliable, Fees 0.40%, U.P. Morgan Securities.)
elecom Argentina-Stet- rance Telecom	EUR25	2004	814	99%		Noncellable, Fungible with outstanding issue, raising total amount to 175 million euros. Fines 0.75%, U.P. Morgon Securities.)
BNG	£50	2021	514	101.079	-	Noncellatrie. Fungible with substanding issue, raising total amount to ETS0 million. Fees 0.45%. Overdoor (Dehreunt Benson.)
owergen	£200	2024	614	97.864		Semionwolly, Noncollobia, Fees 0.625%, (HSBC Holdings.)
leseau Ferre de France	£200	2028	514	98.72	-	NonceRable, Fees 0.45%, (Warburg Dillon Read.)
Spain	£200	2029	514	98.602		Noncollable, Fees 0.45%. (Bardays Group.)
Equity linked						
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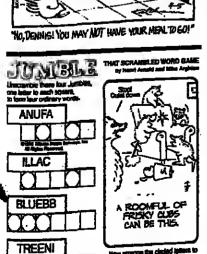
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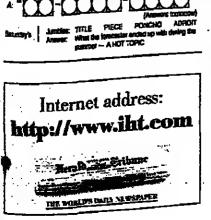
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DENNIS THE MENACE No, Dennis! You may NOT have your meal to go!





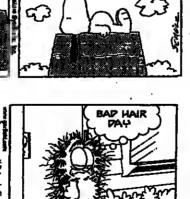


BEETLE BAILEY

BEETLE!







Signification of the control of the







CALVIN AND HOBBES CAN YOU BELIEVE THIS? I'VE GOT TO ASSEMBLE MY BEAMIE PROPELLER AND MOTOR MYSELF!

MHAT DO THEY THINK I AM, AM ENGINEER? LOOK, I'VE GOT TO INSERT THESE WIRES AND THIS PLASTIC SMITCH! I CAN'T DO THIS!















COULD WE TALK OUT HETE? YOU 24-HOUR ALEX-CAM FREAKS ME OUT...

OH, DADPY, DONT BE SUCH A BA-BY! I HAVE NO SECRETS FROM MY RAN BASE!

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and the profession

Braves Look Good Again, **But Pitching** Isn't Enough

By Richard Justice
Washington Past Service

How the teams in the National League East ore expected to fare this season. Teams are listed in predicted order of

Attanta Braves Winners of seven di-vision titles in the 1990s but only one World Series crown, the Braves are beginning to realize that stellar pitching

NL EAST

only gets you so far in the playoffs, where a three-man rotation and potent offense are key.

Using that reasoning, the offseason trade of the 16-game winner Denny Neagle to the Reds for second-baseman Bret Boone, a gold glover, was smart, as the Braves still have three of the game's best burlers in Greg Maddux, Tom Glavine and John Smoltz. Bonne, along with the addition of the free ageot Brian Jordan, will help make up for the sea-son-loog loss of Andres Galarraga, who

New York Mets This might be the Mets' best and last chance to unseat the Braves. Veterans such as Rickey Heoderson, Bobby Bonilla, John Franco and John Olerud aren't getting any younger. The Mets' minor league taleot has been depleted by a series of trades, so the time is now. The rejuvenated Hendersoo (66 steals led the majors in '98) will add much-needed speed. But after Al Leiter and Rick Reed (33 combined victories in

98), the Mets' starting pitching is thin. iladelphia Phillies Curt Schilling is ooe of the few experienced players on a young team. He is just the fifth pitcher to register 300 strikeoots in consecutive years and led the majors with 15 complete games a year ago. The Phillies bolstered their rotation with the acquisition of Chad Ogea from Cleveland, but the staff's quality drops off sharply

At third base, Scott Rolen (31 HRs) is drawing comparisons to Mike Schmidt. Bobby Ahreu led the majors with a .427 average with runners in scoring po-sition. The veterans Roo Gant and Rico Brogna will help, but the team is in the middle of the top-heavy NL East.

reduced to having one of the lowest payrolls in the league just two years after their World Series triumph. The good news: Alex Fernandez returns after missing 1998 with a rotator cuff injury. Bad news: He has three years and \$21 million left on his contract. If Fernandez returns to form, he'll probably be traded for prospects by midseason. Good news: Livan Hernandez pitched a career-best Livan Hernandez pitched a career-best 2341/3 innings last season. Bad news: His ERA jumped from 4.20 to 5.37 after the All-Star break. Good news: Cliff Flood and Starting pitchers, including kandy John-Larry Walker, Dante Bichette and Vinny two managers the previous four decades, the Dodgers are on their third in two years: Davey Johnson, the American off solid rookie seasons. knee ligament that will keep him out at the start of the season, and Lee finished 1998 by going 0 for 27.

Montreal Expos Montreal's financial ager, Kevin Malone, the Orioles' asproblems have drawn attention away from the fact that the Expos are a young team on the rise. Mootreal's top three starters — Dustin Hermanson, Carl \$105 million contract. Pavano and Javier Vazquez — all have

team with Rondell White in left and Vladimir Guerrero in right, they could be dangerous. It would also help if White can stay bealthy, as he haso't played 100 games in two of the last three seasons. Shane Andrews hit 25 HRs last season



PLAY BALL - Children playing at a baseball fair in Monterrey, Mexico, over the weekend. The U.S. major league season was apening there Sunday with a game between the San Diego Padres and the Calorada Rockies.

Reshuffled Astros Could Be Dangerous

How the teams in the Notional League Centrol ore expected to fare this year: Houston Astros The Astros lost Randy Johnson, failed in a trade bid for Roger Clemens and lost Moises Alou for at least five mooths while be rehabs his surgically repaired left knee. So don't

NL CENTRAL

expect to see Houston back in the play-

offs, right? Not necessarily.

Houston brought back the former Astro Keo Caminiti. The combination of Caminiti, Jeff Bagwell and Craig Biggio makes for one of the most powerful infields in baseball. This team could be scary at the plate, if Alou can make a full recovery by the end of the seasoo and aminiti can stay healthy.

Houston will oot lack strong outfielders even with Alou oot, since Derek Bell and Carl Everett combined for 37 home runs. The Astros' rotadon will win with Shane Reynolds, Mike Hampton, Jose Lima and Sean Bergman.

St. Louis Cardinals While all the at-

Matt Morris is lost for the season, and Andy Benes is out, probably until midseason. That leaves Donovan Osborne, who has had just one fully bealthy season since 1993, as the Cardinals' go-to guy on the mound.

Edgar Renteria (.347 on-base percentage) and a rejuvenated Eric Davis (28 home runs) should aid in run produc-

Cincinnati Reds A promising season for Cincinnati took a turn for the worse March 24, when the Reds put their newly acquired No. 1 starter, Danny Neagle, on the disabled list along with starter Scott Winchester and reliever Stan Belinda and removed the No. 2 starter, Pete Harnisch, from the rotation with back spasms.

The newly acquired Greg Vaughn (50 home runs in '98) will make up for the losses of Brett Boone and Paul Kon-

Chiesgo Cobe The Cuhs' entire starting lineup is over 30, as are the No. 1 starter, Kevin Tapani, No. 3 starter, Terry Mulholland and the closer Rod Beck. It will be interesting to see wheth-Florida Marlina It could be a good tention was on Mark McGwire last sea-news-bad news year for the Marlins, son, pitching injories killed St. Louis. effect on his performance.

Jose Hernandez hit 23 bome runs last season but will platooo at sbortstop with Jeff Blauser. Chicago's postseason hopes took a hit when starting pitcher

Pittsburgh Pirates Until last season, the Pirates seemed to be on their way back to contendoo by 2001, the target date set hy the organization. But last year's squad flopped late in the season. Pittsburgh added Ed Sprague. Brian Giles and Mike Beojamin to complement the young sluggers Jason Keodall, who led the team in batting last season (.327), and Kevin Young, who led the team in home runs (27).

The pitching staff oeeds run support. bave posted six straight losing records. Management stayed out of the freeagent market, so the Brewers will have to play with basically the same team that finished fifth in the division last year.

Jeromy Burnitz is the only returning player who hit more than 20 home runs. Dave Nilssoo and Sean Berry are capable of hitting for power. Fernando Vina was an all-star last season, but the Brewers desperately need pitching, so Vina may

To the Corporate Devil Ads on Uniforms Would Shame the Game. they could try the predictably short By George Vecsey New York Times Service

shrimp-and-wine canui. TEW YORK - Everybody was

woodering just how baseball might respond to its epic 1998 season. Now we know. The weasels are thinking of reoting out the uniforms to advertisers.

What a grand idea. The glorious Redbirds that have festooned the St. Louis

VANTAGE POINT

The dignified stripes (not pinstripes, by the way) that grace the Yankee uniform will be cheapened by advertisements for

video games. Or whatever.

They need the money, baseball executives said last week. Those dreadful players have held them up so much that they must recoup their losses any way

Just wheo we wanted to see if Mark McGwire could match his 70 bome runs or maybe grow a second head, if the andro goes bonkers — we have to brood over Major League Baseball's lack of

self-respect.

They are willing to turn their players into walking hillboards next year. They say it would be done tastefully. Of course it would. As tasteful as stadiums being named for corporations that will probably be swallowed up or out of Kerry Wood went down for the season.

existence in a few years.

The advertising blitz on uniforms would be as tasteful as the shameless pressure on cities to build luxury boxes for people who actually hate baseball but love to ingest shrimp and wine in trendy

Just when I was working it over in my mind which team to cast a hex upon this year - I was waffling among the Padres, Orioles, Red Sox and Yankees, for reasons I shall explain later — we have to confront baseball's own crass penchant for uglification.

Just when uniforms were edging back toward tradioonalism, along comes the grubby marketing gang, hellbent oo making Cal Ripken Jr. look like Michael

One argument I have heard is that European soccer teams have made a pracoce of selling space to the highest bidder. This is true. World-renowned athletes run around with the logos of pasta makers and electronics companies obliterating the team name.

Funny, but I had oever previously heard American sports officials citing soccer as their role model. If they really want to emulate something about soccer, games - under two hours and you're on games — under two house to develop your way home, with no time to develop

The baseball geniuses could also emulate the spontaneous creativity of soccer, which has no overt coaching and no timeouts.

Meanwhile, baseball is looking to put a sandwich board on Sammy Sosa's shoulders. But discreetly, of course, As uniforms for much of this century will discreet as the shrewd performance by compete for space with pizza parlors. the San Diego Padres' management in recent mooths.

When last we saw the Padres, they were getting thumped by the Yankees, four straight, in the World Series, which was oo disgrace. This is the way baseball is going to be in the next century, with big-market teams beating moderate-

Baseball has paid lip service to equity by initiating a luxury tax, but the concept of sharing television revenue, the way the National Football League does, is beyond these jokers.

Meanwhile, the San Diego officials had a plan for competing. They had already tossed out the old name for the stadium — Jack Murphy, a beloved sports columnist — to accept mocey from some corporation with a geeky name. Now they decided they needed a wbole new stadium.

Following the eupboria of a pennant run, San Diego voters went for the full monty two weeks after the World Series. As soon as the votes for a new stadium were verified, the team was gutted. The Padres could not afford to keep Keving Brown after all. Greg Vaughn was traded to Cincinnati. Ken Caminiti went back to Houston. Joey Hamilton and Steve Fin ley departed. The other day, the city

a team fully committed to mediocrity.

The Padres' sins are not oearly as grievous as those of Wayne Huizenga:

who demolished the Florida Marlins. weeks after they won the 1997 World; Series and then sold the franchise for big bocks. It was a distinct pleasure to roof," the Marlins into the cellar last year. ..

There are other candidates for negative rooting this year, three in the same division — the Red Sox for driving Mo Vaughn away, the Orioles for importing the troubled Albert Belle and the Yankees for messing with Mother Nature bytrading away their perfect biker, David . Wells.

But for sheer flimflammery, the Padres deserve a patch on their uniform; with No. 30 oo it — dead last. They can put that patch next to the advertisement. for the moving van. That threat usually,"

HISTERIAL

Bires.

Dodgers Add Talent and New Manager

How the teams in the Notional Leogue West are expected to fore this year:

and Derrek Lee combined to hit 39 HRs League manager of the year with Ballast season. Bad news: Flowd sprained a timore in 1997. The new general man

sistant GM the last three years, gave Johnsoo some high-priced help when he signed Kevin Brown to a seven-year,

The Dodgers had hoped their offense strong arms and can last looger than most major league starters, and the closer Ugueth Urbina could be the best in the league in a few years. Mootreal runs into major trouble, however, at the bottom of the rotation and in middle relief.

Would be the surgically repaired right elbow remains sore. Centerfielder Devon White was signed to bat leadoff. All-star Gary Sheffield has an ailing shoulder. He left the team briefly this spring and said he was considering re-

Colorado Rockies The Rockies' big off-season acquisioon was manager Jim Leyland, who left Florida following the Marlins' dismantling of their 1997 World starting pitching is still suspect. Series champion team. Colorado hopes

year's team lacked under Don Baylor.

ing pitchers. The right-hander Darryl Kile was a free-agent bust after coming from Houston before last season, and right-hander Pedro Astacio was incoosistent. Leyland's team also lacks a proveo closer.

San Francisco Giants While division rivals Arizona and Los Angeles added star players and Colorado added Ley-land, the Giants largely stood pat. But the Giants still have the left-fielder Barry Bonds, who at 34 is still one of the best all-around players in baseball. The Giants also bave second baseman Jeff Kent, who put up career-best numbers last year (.297 average, 31 HRs, 128 RBI). Along with Kent, the infield is probably the team's strength, with J.T. Snow at first, Rich Aurilia at short and Bill Mueller at third. But the Giants'

Arizona Diamondbacks During the but needs to cut down on his strikeouts. that be will infuse an intensity it felt last club's hrief existence, the Diamond-

backs have not shied away from spend-The Rockies bring back perhaps the ing money. This winter they added three best 3-4-5 combination in basehall in starting pitchers, including Randy John-

Leylandwill have to draw strong per-ormances from at least two of his start-a certainty. Third baseman Matt Wil-The Diamoodbacks' offense is less of liams (.267, 71 RBI) and shortstop Jay Bell (.251, 67 RBI) were disappointments last season. San Diego Padres The defending NL

champion Padres have been compared by some to the 1998 Florida Marlins, who dumped most of the stars from their defending World Series championship team. But unlike the Marlins, the Padres tried to keep their players. Kevin Brown weot to Los Angeles for

a record contract, peoding free agent Greg Vaughn was traded to Cincinnati and the third baseman Ken Caminiti chose to return to Houston The Padres also lost Steve Finley to

Arizona and traded starter Joey Hamilton to Toronto for Woody Williams. One face that has not changed is right-fielder Tony Gwynn, who needs 72 hits to reach 3,000 for his career. But after Andy Ashby, the starting rotation is

Zimmer Stands Up to Owner

dling of the pitcher Hideki Irabu, the said, 'I am the one Yankee who is in 'New York Yankees' interim manager, Irabu's corner.' Like oobody else is. I Don Zimmer, chastised the owner. asserted his intention to run the team the way be wanted and all but challenged Steinbrenner to fire him.

After Irabu failed to cover first base in a game Thursday, Steinbrenner called Irabu a "fat pussy toad" and ordered the pitcher to remain in Florida. On Saturday, Steinhrenner reversed himself. He sent Irabu to rejoin the team in Los Angeles and then said that while Zimmer was indeed the manager, "it would be my hope" that Irabu would start Wednesday. Zimmer had already announced that Ramiro

Mendoza would start that day. Steinbrenner also said he was the one persoo in the organization who supported Irabu. This comment

angered Zimmer. Who called him a fat pig, or a fat

New York Times Service kees' exhibition game against the LOS ANGELES — Fed up with Dodgers on Saturday. "Who called him that? Who started it all? When he think that stunk."

Zimmer said Mendoza woold start Wednesday no matter what Steinbrenner said. "Ordinarily, if an owner told me he wanted so-and-so to pitch, 99 times ont of 100 I would say, yeah.". charged into the Yankees' cluhhouse, Zimmer said. "But to me, this situation was different.'

Zimmer called Steinbrenner a friend "who has done a lot of good things for me."

He added: "He's been good to me, but I always tried to do the right thing working for George Steinbrenner, too. I can't sit bere and be a little wimp. If I'm the manager, I'll do what I think is right for our ball club, and I'll try to do what's right for our team."

Zimmer, who is 68, was asked. whether he would resign if Steinbren-

ner gave him an ultimatum.
''It won't be resigning if something plum?" Zimmer said before the Yan- happens," he said. 'I'll quit.'

Boston Advances As Bates Scores 2

Shawn Bates scored two Sakic had a goal and two as-goals and Byron Dafoe got his sists and Theo Fleury added ninth shutout this season as four assists as Colorado beat Boston hlanked Philadelphia Edmootoo in a game of mile-3-0 to move into a tie with stooes. Sakic reached 600 as-Buffalo for the seveoth spot in the Eastern Conference. sists with a pair; Fleury played his 800th game, his ninth as a

The Associated Press

playing without Eric Lindros, during which he has had eight who is probably out for the goals and 11 assists. rest of the regular season with

NHL ROUNDUP

a collapsed lung, John Le-Clair (injured back), Mark mitra had two goals and two Recchi (post-concussion syn-assists as the Blues beat Daldrome) and Eric Desjardins (torn left knee).

ently injured Thursday after with Dallas, scored the Stars' being cross-checked during first goal. The sellout crowd the Flyers' victory at greeted Hull with a mixture of Nashville. Television replays boos and cheers. showed Lindros falling on his

stick in the first period. Lindros spoke with reportappear to be in pain. He awoke Friday morning with chest pain and went to the hospital. cent Damphousse scored three Nearly three quarts of bloody fluid filled the space goals as the Sharks beat vis-

where the lung collapsed. He

will probably miss the rest of

the regular season.

Visiting Philadelphia was member of the Avalanche Patrick Roy stopped 30

shots to move past Glenn Hall for fourth place on the regular-season victory list. Blues 5, Stars 2 Pavol De-

las in St. Louis. Brett Hull, making his first Lindros, 26, was appar- visit to St. Louis since signing

Devils 4, Penguins 2 Dave Andreychuk scored twice as New Jersey stretched its uners after the victory and did not beaten streak to six games with a victory in Pittsburgh.

> iting Vancouver for the second time in as many nights. Blackhawks 2. Hurris

Sharks 5, Canucks 2 Vin-



Ken Daneyko of New Jersey sending Martin Sonnenberg of Pittsburgh to the ice.

edge of the crease with 4:30 third period as Nashville beat remaining in the third period. visiting Los Angeles. straight at home.

Maple Leafs 5, Flames 1 extend its unbeaten streak to em Conference.

five games.

goals and added two assists as Kevin Hodson made 31 saves Ottawa won its fifth straight as Tampa won at home in Mats Sundin and Sergei road game and moved four Jacques Demers' 1,000th Berezin each scored twice as points ahead of New Jersey game as a coach. Toronto woo in Calgary to for the best record in the East-

Islanders 2, Mighty Ducks 2 dators 3, Kings 2 Rook- Matt Cullen's goal with 2:26 ie Rob Valicevic scored on a left in the third period gave Ana- his first victory of the sea-1 Bob Probert scored from the rehound with 8:31 left in the beim a tie with Long Island.

Stephane Richer and Rob Eric Daze also scored for Senators 6, Panthers 4 Zamuner scored third-period Chicago, which has won five Alexei Yashin scored two goals 37 seconds apart and Zamuner scored third-period

Canadiens 2, Sabres 1 Fred Chabot, Mootreal's backup goalie, made 31 saves as the Canadiens beat Buffalo for

Nets on a Streak: 3 Straight

Defense Leads New Jersey to Victory Over the Celtics

winning streak of the season — a modest three games - because of their defense.

On Sunday, they forced Boston into 23 turnovers and held the host Celtics to .375 percent shooting from the field in winning,

The energy that they're displaying at the defensive end is as good as any team in the league," the Nets' coach, Doo Casey, said. They're helping each other out. It's a

solid defensive effort. Kendall Gill has been the leader of that defensive effort with 18 steals in the past two games. He got seven steals and scored 19 points Suoday. Keith Van Horn scored 25 points, and Stephon Marbury added 20 for the Nets.

Antoine Walker led the Celtics with 32 points and 11 rebounds, but it wasn't enough to keep Boston from losing its sixth straight "I thought we had good effort," the Celt-

beeo nights where I have been disappointed, but tonight we played hard." Hawks 85, Homets 83 In Atlanta, Mookie Blaylock scored seven points late in the fourth

quarter and Grant Long hit a baseline jumper with 2.6 secoods left, carrying the Hawks to victory over Charlotte.

The Homets, who have lost six straight to the Hawks, had a chance to win at the end, but Eddie Jones's 3-point attempt was wide. Alan Hendersoo led the Hawks with 18 points and Tyrone Corbin added 15. Jones led Worke Charlotte with 16 points and Derrick Coleman gift."

The Associated Press bad 18 rebounds and 14 points. Chucky
The New Jersey Nets are on their longest Brown and Elden Campbell scored 14 points

Blaylock became the 216th player in NBA history to score 10,000 career points when his 19-foot jumper put the Hawks up, 76-73, with

4:52 to play Rodman Dubs Himself Team Leader

Dennis Rodman says the Los Angeles Lakers need him to succeed, hut some of his. teammates aren't so sure, The Associated . Press reported from New York "We can't afford another distraction from

the current edition of Newsweek magazine. "I'm not management, but if it happened again, that would be it." Rodman has been late for practices and has squabbled with Coach Kurt Rambis. He also,

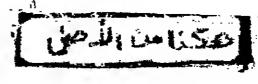
him," the Laker guard Derek Harper said in

missed four games on a recent road trip be-cause of undisclosed personal reasons. He was ejected Saturday night in the Lakers' 81-76 loss to Golden State, and his

ics' coach, Rick Pitino, said. "There have two technical fouls increased his season total to 11. The rest of the team has 12 technicals. Rodman told the magazine he was the onlyone who could lead Los Angeles to the NBA

championship. The Lakers (22-12) are second to Portland in the Pacific Division. They depend on me to keep this ship? afloat," he said. "It's amazing to me that a person who doesn't score, doesn't make Michael Jordan-type moves, is expected to coming in and win a championship for a team in total f disarray. Am I a genius? Am I a miracle! worker? Am I God? No — but I have





SPORTS

Why Are Ticket Prices High? Conomists Blame the Fans The line of the Prices High? Economists Blame the Fans

LOS ANGELES - Kevin Brown is not an idiot, but you hight have thought otherwise from the gasps and snickers that greeted his answer.

As the Los Angeles Dodgers un-wrapped their \$105 million purchase before the local media last chase before the local media last prices are going up 19 percent next year, someone asked Brown how be year because you'll pay it.'" first about signing one of the con-tracts that could force ticket prices beyond the reach of many fans. players' salaries are directly related to ticket prices," Brown said. Not related? Salaries go up, so

team revenues must go up, so tick-et prices must go up, right? Wrong, according to econo-mists. Teams that blame escalating salaries for escalating ticket prices are simply using players as a scapegoat, a University of Chicago economist, Allen Sanderson, says. How does Sanderson evaluate Brown's assessment? "He's bawho lectures and writes on the

economics of professional sports. Player salaries have virtually oo impact on ticket prices. Ticket salaries, not vice versa. prices are set by what the market will bear. After that, it's a matter of who gets the money, Ropert Murdocb or Kevin Brown." Murdoch is the Dodgers' owner.

A team would raise ticket pay so much is because their rev-Sanderson said.

justify this to my season-ticket enters Yankee Stadium. But the holders, I have to blame some next five highest payrolls belong body," Sanderson said. "I can't to teams with new stadiums that stand up and say, 'The ticket double as virtual cash registers.

During a winter in which the Anaheim Angels signed Mo Vangim for \$80 million, the team "I have never believed that raised ticket prices and included this statement in its announcement: the best product we can, which is a consistent, championship-caliber baseball team. To do that in this day and age makes it necessary to expand the payroll. One of the only erage ticket price 16 percent this ways to help offset that increase is year, to \$23.84.

suggest the Angels and other teams confuse cause and effect. To stated the old reserve clause," the extent that one may cause the Noll said, citing the rule that reother - and economists debate stricted player movement and dethat - higher prices lead to higher pressed salaries before free

After all, the Angels raised ticket prices before they signed Vaughn. The Dodgers raised prices before they signed prices before they signed Parties answer is no." Noll added the prices before they signed Brown.

fans were not willing to pay a lot,
"The reason teams are willing to
salaries would out be so high."

prices, regardless of player sal-aries, only if it believed that fans

The New York Yankees receiv The New York Yankees receive

would pay the higher prices, nearly \$50 million a year in cable television revenue, covering much "If I'm an owner and I have to of their payroll before a single fan

If higher salaries indeed produced higher ticket prices, then the Yankees or Baltimore Orioles and their \$74 million payrolls should have charged the most for their seats last year. The highest We are committed to providing to the Boston Red Sox, driven by high demand (intense local interest) and low supply (the smallest stadium in the major leagues). The Red Sox increased their av-

through ticket pricing."

Consider the opposite: If higher salaries truly drove ticket prices versity economist, Roger Noll, ac-knowledge the correlation but drive ticket prices lower.

"Suppose right now you rein-



ORANGE CRUSH - Maarten Snijder, left, of the Netherlands, helping tackle Kim Jae Hyun of South Korea in a rughy World Cup qualifier Sunday in Seoul. The Koreans won, 78-14, and will face Tonga for a place in the finals.

Bayern Fights Back

Down by 2, It Earns Draw at Dortmund

streak, but it could not beat the roads for the first official game Bundesliga leader even after hav-ing the advantage of a two-goal ital since a bomb killed more than lead and one extra player.

Bayern fought back to draw, 2-

2 at Dortmund on Saturday. the first half for Bornssia. The market,

SOCCIR ROUNDUP

Munich defender Sammy Kuffour was sent off in the 36th minute. The momentum changed after Stefan Reuter, a Dortmund defender, was ejected in the 51st Italian league leader Lazio, drew minute. Seven minotes later, loud applause from the crowd as Carsten Jancker passed into the

The victory moved Bayern 15 points ahead of Kaiserslautern, which started the day in second place but then lost, 1-0, at home to Bayer Leverkusen, which took over the No. 2 spot.

FRANCE Bordeaux beat Toulouse, 3-0, to reclaim first place in the French first division from Marseille oo Saturday. Marseille won, 2-1, at Monaco on Friday to

move temporarily into first.
RUSSIA Spartak Moscow began the defense of its Russian League crown by beating the 1995 title-holder, Alania, 1-0, amid tight security in Vladikavkaz

About 5,000 soldiers and se-Borussia Dortmund ended Bay- curity forces patroled the area em Munich's eight-match victory around the stadium and major 50 people there in March. Both teams observed a minute's silence before the match for those who Heiko Herrlich scored twice in died when the bomb tore through a

Andrei Tikhonov of Spartak scored the only goal, in the 48th (AP, Reuters)

Yugoslav Players Protest

Sinisa Mihajlovic and Dejan Stankovic, the Serbian stars of the they entered the field at Olympic goalmouth for Alexander Zickler stadium wearing a mourning band to score for Bayern. Jancker then leveled for Munich.

stadium wearing a mourning band to protest NATO raids on Yugoslavia, The Associated Press

reported from Rome. The two Serbian players embraced before the kickoff of the crucial league match Saturday against AC Milan and displayed a white T-shirt under their team jer-

seys reading "Peace No War. Other Lazio players wore the Tshirt but oot the armband.

Some Lazio supporters burned a U.S. flag and displayed swastikas and a banner reading "Kill Private Ryan," a reference to the Steven Spielberg film "Saving Private Ryan" which depicted American heroism in World War II.

SCOREBOARD

BASEBALL

EXHIBITION BASEBALL Temple 8. Konsos City 3 Cleveland 12. Philodelphia 4 Detroit 4. Philodelphia 3 Mignesoto 7. Cincinnali 3 Attente 9, Bettimore 1
- James 4, Houston 5
- Attente 8, Chicago White Sox 4
- Los Angeles 8, Anothelin 1
- Allewoukee 8, Son Diogo 5
- Outpand 4, Son Francisco 0

SATURDAY RESULTS orbido 17, Konson City 7 Tostina Bay & Pithburgh 4
Florida 12. Calgary (AAA) B
Indianapolis (AAA) Q. Cincinnati Q. 7 Innings Indianopolis (AAA) 0, Cinci Atlanta 4, Cleveland 2 St. Louis 2, Montreol 1 Chicago Cubs 6, Minnesota New York Mets 6, Teans 4 New York Mets 6, Teans 2 hiladelphio 8, Baltimore 7

claco 3, 516 tranlaga, rata

BASKETBALL **NBA STANDINGS** ZASTERN COMPUNISCE GB

706. 633 563 516 419 333 726 .656 .613 .406 .406 .548 .500 .400 .281 Pci 542 688 696 594 333 273 Houston San Antonio Minnesoto .813

ACROSS

1 Big first for a

8 Burns's "sweet Stream

14 Louisville's river

#Fly high

18Years ago

16 Skiing locale

18 Game with

streights and dushes

20 Be in the red

21 Best selec's

22 Scholarship

- 24 "Watting for Lefty" playwright

27 Wyoming city

30 Crowd-pleasing

as Control knob

Stanley Gardner

36 Palindromic time

Describe groud es

49 Detrained, e.g.

41 Apothecary's

weight

42 ---- vera

28 Hans of Dadaism

55 Throbs

tand 21 (Sara G), Philodelphia 16 (Snow 6), Vancouver 15 21 24 21— \$1 Affents 22 26 12 30— 84 V: Abdur-Rohim 16-224-624, Bibby 7-14-6-626: 9: Mislombo 9-11 4-624, Long 4-7-6-614, Carber 6-11 0-0 14. Rebounds: Vancouver 52 (Parks 9), Atlanta S) (Mutemba 15), Resiste: Vancouver 18 (Abdur-Rohim, Bibby 5), Atlanta 11 (Johnson 5),

Vancouver 18: (Abdor-Renkin, Bibby 5), Atlanta 11 (Johnson 5), 18 19 29—87 (Charlotte 24 22 9:25—81 1: R,Alliller 5-14 8-8 18, Sants 6-10 5-4 17; C Colemon 6-15 2-2 19, Jones 5-15 7-8 17, Rebautels: Indiana 42 (Sants, R, Miller, D, Davis 7), Charlotte 46 (Colemon 1-9, Amister, Indiana 25 (Jackson 1-9, Amister, Indiana 27, Amister, Indiana 27, Amister, Indiana 28, Ami

bat 25 Cinchana 10), Charlotte 27 (Jones 8).

Desiver 27 23 18 28-80

Minnestota 20 22 29 24-407

D: Billiops 9-16 5-7 30, Fortson 6-11 3-4 15:
Mr. Gansett 14-23 0-271, Rebespois: Denver 45

(Fortson 13), Minnestota 44 (Brandon 8).

Assiste Denver 16 (Van Em) 6), Minnestota 35 (Brandon 15).

Assistate Denver 16 (Van Emil 6), Minnenoto 35 (Brayadon 15), L.A. Lubars 21 22 26 21—91 Phomph 40 00 18 33 19—90 Lifteett Rico 10-16-00 22, Civico 10-16-3-521, Rubanadit Lun Angelen 51 (Rodunan 15), Phomph 20 (Guylioth 19), Assistat Lukers 21 (Hopper 16), Phomph 20 (Guylioth 19), Assistat Lukers 21 (Hopper 16), Phomph 22 22 37 24—115 Cikeran 16 22 13 17—44 Cikeran 16 25 17 (Civinc 6-12 1-2 13, Bandh 29 1-2 11), Releasengh Cikeranda 56 (D. Millides 9), Cikerand 17 (Stampfors 6), Assistat Cotomol 31 (Stampfors 6), Assistat Cotomol 31 (Stampfors 6), Assistat Cotomol 31

(Storry 5).

Souther 27 21 20 21—95

Perfland 26 34 26 31—167

S: Poylou 10-23 4-5 27, Schwampf 0-12 4-6

Z2; P; Richer 8-17 6-6 23, Withlight 6-9 4-5 74,

Rubosuds: Southe 43 (Polysica 11), Portland

5: Peyron 2: Pr. Rider 9-17 e-0 Ambounder: Sentitle 43 (Polyrica 55: Sobonia 128. Austrite: Sentitle 25 (Poyron 120. Pertional 36 (Sobonia 7), 22 21 29 19-92 14 24 28 27-95 14 28 27-95 17 Russell 0-183-4 25 Georgian Sauria
U.: Mailone 8-167-17 22, Russell 8-18-3-405
G.S.: Jookson 9-12.5-6-23, MRs 7-10-2-3 17.
Rebeaunds: Urbit 40 (Cohering 7), Golden
State 52 (Complete 13), Austicia: Utail 26
(Stackbor 7), Golden State 18 (Cohes, Bogues,
Starts 4).

Misses 24 14 14 25—77 New Jersey 16 28 17 27—98 Mc Mostelog 7-13 9-11 23, Porter 5-10 2-2 17; N.J.: Von Horn 6-24 15-15 27, Mortony 5-16 4571 Physician Misses 23 (Marylon 17) 15.4-521. Rehowatis: Misent 58 (Mourning 17).
R.J. 53 (Vom Horn, Gill, Felick 10). Ambris:
Mismal 15 (Gradower & N.J. 8 (Gill 3).
Watchington 15 27 77: 24—45
Tornello 26 28 14 27—27 Tornete 24 28 14 27—87 W. Richmond 8-21 10-11 28. Shrickland 5-12 6-10 14; T. Willis 7-148-8 22, V. Center 0-172-4 18, Resease: Worshington 58 (Thorpe U), Tornete 55 (Wills III), Assists: Worthington 20 (Hosente, Strickland S), Tornete 22 (Christie, Ooldey, V. Center 0. Crissie, Ooldey, Ooldey, Ooldey, Ooldey, Ooldey, Ooldey, Ooldey,

Defrail 22 18 12 18 17 C: Handway 11-77-730, D.Armstrong 6-72-2-14 0: Dele 9-15-2-20, HB7-14-5-6 19. Raisecedis: Orlando 43 (Grout, Herping 6). Detroil 36 (Berecitier 9). Assists: Orlando 21 (D.Armstrong 10), Defrail 24 (Dele 5). Socremento 28 18 17 22 36 Minnesolu 29 18 17 22 36 36 Minnesolu 29 18 17 20 36 Minnesolu 20 18 17 20 36 Minnesolu 20 18 17 20 36 Minnesolu 51 18 14 3 23. Reisecuties Socremento 50 (Webber 1-2), Minnesolu 57 Georgett 10). Assists: Socremento 57 (Orocci 77) (Minnesolu 57 Georgett 10). Assists: Socremento 27 (Ofrect aer 10), Minneson ber 10), Minneson ber 10), Minneson

Secremento SD (Webber 10), Aminiscan SJ (Germett 10), Aminiscan SJ (Germeton 10).

L.A. Clappers 17 20 22 14—82 Sen Aminiscan SJ (Germeton 10).

L.A. Clappers 17 20 22 14—82 Sen Aminiscan 28 27 22 26—183 Clappers Taylor 10-19 5-25, Olowokundi 6-12 1-4 72; S.A. D. Robinson 9-13 1-3 19, Dupcon 5-10 7-10 17. Rubasada: Clappers Angeles & (Divrocional 10), Sen Assistas Clappers 15: C. Robinson 139, Amisistas Clappers 15: C. Robinson 139, Amisistas Clappers 15: C. Robinson 139, Amisistas Clappers 15: C. Robinson 150, Aministas Angeles 46 (Olowokand: 1u), Seriation (D. Robinson 13). Assists: Clippers 15 (Deogles 4), San Asisonic 21 (Johnson 8). Phoesis 22 29 22—93 27 25 29 26—96 27 25 29 26—96

P: Wolleca 7-13 6-6 20, Artifrony 7-10 6-1 17.

Rebestuds: Phoenix 40 (Longley 7), Portland
54 (Catio 9), Assists: Phoenix 20 (Kidd 7),
Portland 16 (Rider, Augment, Stoedense 3),
Andreychok 14 (Shoriffanov) Shots on goes:
N.L. 14-18-40, P. 3-4-11--18, Goesse:
N.L. 14-18-40, P. 3-4-11--18, Goesse:
L.A. Lellers 15 21 17 23-74 P: Women's Pioent's 40 (Longley 7), Perfand 54 (Cato 9), Assists: Phoents 20 (Kidd 7), Portland 16 (Rider, Augment, Stoedambe 3), Getten Shrie 22 25 18 16—81 LA. Leiters 15 21 17 23—74 G.S.: Morsholl 5-14 4-7 14, Coles 6-14 1-2 13 Leiters 20 (see 8.17.5-127), Permet 5-15-7.

G.2: PNOVERIOR 3-14 4-7 1-4 CINES 0-1-1-12 13) Lollers: O'Meni 8-175-13-21, Bryunt-5-157-9 17, Robbounder, Golden Stude 62 (Morshed 8), Lollers 60 (Rodiner 13), Assists: Golden Stude 19 (Chies, Mills S), Lollers 14 (Rice S),

NHL STANDINGS EASTERN COMPRESSION LARTIC DIVISION
W 1, T Ph GF GA
47 22 11 93 224 182
36 26 14 86 231 207
36 24 14 86 70 183
31 34 10 72 207 208
21 45 10 52 174 226

MORTIBEAST DIVISION

42 21 11 97 226 164

42 28 6 90 247 210

34 28 13 81 196 168

22 26 15 81 189 163

30 35 10 70 172 190 33 29 16 78 194 194 27 30 18 72 195 204 30 39 6 46 192 201 18 51 6 42 163 273

N.Y. Rongies

1 0 6—7

1st Petioth. A-Scionne 44, 2. A-Green 13
(Traino, McCirnik) 3, N.Y.- Stevens 22 (Torner)
24 Petioth A-Scionne 45 (Korlyo, Olousson)
(pp.), 5. A-Korlyo 35 (Scionne, Trepraise) 34
Perioth. Osbots on gent-A-10-10-6—28. N.Y.3-5-3-13. Gentler: A-Hebert. N.Y.- Richter,
Chicagio
1st Perioth. D-Kazlov 27. (Tectorov,
Larientov) (pp.), 2. D-Cark 31 (Brown,
Murphy) 3, D.- Murphy 10 (Fedorov,
Larientov) (pp.), 2. D-Cark 31 (Brown,
Murphy) 3, D.- Murphy 10 (Fedorov,
Yezmorn) (pp.), 24 Perioth. D-Lapatrile 16
(Kazlov, Larientov) 5, C-Datte 16 (Zmolek,
Monson) 6, D-Shemiston 29 (Holinsthon,
Yezmorn) 24 Perioth. C-Duroont 5 (Dozse,
Zmolek) 8, C-Simpson 5 (Amontha) (pp.).
Saots on pact C-12-10-8—30, D-18-8-5—31.
Gentler: C-Fitzpatrick, D-Ranierd.
San Jose
Yeaconner
18 Perioth. S.L.-Marphy 20 (Morten, Domphousten) 4, S.L.-Danghouser 16 (Friesen,
Murphy) 24 Perioth. S.L.-Marchouse 16 (Friesen,
Murphy) 25 Perioth. V-Snow, Weekers.
SATURDAY RESPIRED.

SATUEDAY RESULTS

New Jacsey 0 3 1—4
Phiborgh 0 1 1—2
1st Period: None. 2d Period: N.J.-Arnott 25
(Elles, Sylano) 2 N.J.-Arnott 25
(Blogs Sylano) 2 N.J.-Arnott 25
(Brytort Hollid 2. P., Bewen 11 (Logs. Stroke)

CROSSWORD

Have hopes

10 Like a hound

11 Cigarette pull

suggestions

13 Dilbert, e.g.

12---- to

23 Add up

24 Gaping

25 Swabbies

29 Sand bar

locale

tabric

27 Seebees' motto

28 Squimel's prize

31 Weter-skiling

32 Wrinkle-resistant

33 Martini gamish

Road Not -

--- and the

M.L. Terreri, P. Aubin, Skretra.
Pidiosiciphia
Bestea
13 Period: B-Someonov 23 (Khristich,
Sweeney) 2d Period: B-Botes 4 (Khristich)
Puriod: B-Botes 5 (Carler, Gill) Shorts on gent
P- 13-47-24, B- 7-7-4-24, Gentles: PVerstielt-burde B-Projec.

P- 13-47—24. B- 7-7-4—20. Geetles: PVorbleshrock B-Desine.
Desiles:

0 1 1—2
St. Laois:
11 3—5
197 Period: S.L.-Pronger 12 (Dernitro.
Mackinshi) (pp). 2d Period: D-Hnili 29
(Zubov) 2. S.L.-Pronger 12 (Mayora,
Tergeon) 2d Period: D-Hnili 21 (Mayora,
Tergeon) 2d Period: Sharts on goot: D- 3-7
6—21, S.L.- Louis, Denitro: 35 (Pronger) 6
S.L.-Fuhr.
Mynshington
1 1 1—3
Tompo: Bay, Tucker 19 (Swoboda, Nylander)
(pp). 2d Period: W-Mikalishin 8 (Black). 2
Tompo: Bay, Tucker 19 (Swoboda, Nylander)
(pp). 2d Period: W-Mikalishin 8 (Black). 2
Tompo: Bay, Tucker 19 (Swoboda, Nylander)
(pp). 2d Period: W-Rick 15 (Zechnic,
Nikalishin) 4, T-Coltinare 5 (Zennuner,
Grottbon) (sh). 2d Period: T-Richer 11
(Grottbon, Gusser) (pp). 4, T-Zennuner 5
(Tocker, Stilinger) 7, W-Bellows 16
(Mikalishin, Osira) (pp). Sharks on goot: W11-13-19—34, T. 8-8-3—25, Goodless: WTaboracci, T-Hodana.

Maybeke 9 1 1 8—2
N.Y, Islanders 9 1 1 8—2
N.Y,

155 Perfect N.T. Linder 15, 2, N.Y.
139 30 6 84 225 190 Clotswon 15 (Selamo, Karlyol Qel), 3d
33 31 11 77 216 193
77 42 7 61 177 238 gast A 3-13-9-2-2a, N.Y.-12-12-9-33.
24 41 13 60 183 239 Gestless A-Roussel, N.Y.-Floherly.

Geoffect A. Roussel, N.Y. Flohenty.
Beffele

Geoffect A. Roussel, N.Y. Flohenty.
Beffele

10 1—1

Merithred

10 1—2

1st Period: M.-Scrooge 12 (Kohrst, Weinrich)

(pd), 2d Period: More, 2d Period: M.-Dowe 5

(Stevenson) 3, B.- Sonderson 12 (Pecco)
Shelt on goel: B.- 9-0-14-32, M.- 14-7-3-24.
Geoffect B.-Hosek, M.-Chahot.
Terrants

10 9—1

1st Period: C-Domenichell 4 (Bure, Ighila)

(pp), 20 Period: T-Sundin 27 (Modin, Thomas) 3, T-Korpoview 5 (Perreset) 4, T-Sundin 28 (Korpoview, Kobetis) 3d Period:
T-Borech 33 (Perreset) 6, T-Berezin 34 (Perreset), Kobetis) 3d Period:
T-Borech 33 (Perreset) 6, T-Berezin 34 (Perreset), Kobetis) 3d (Period), C-Wregget.

7—23. C- 9-8-11—28. Goalies: T-Joseph, C-Wregget.
Oriewa 5 9 3—6
Floride 5 9 3—6
Floride 13 1 3—4
Floride F-Gorpenlav 6 (Lindsay, Weilin)
2. O-Yoshin 42 (Lowktomen, Dockell) 3. O-Dockell 14 (Donata, Prespond 4. O-Yoshin 43 (Kravchok, Saida (pp.), 3al Partelet F-Drarok
18. (Malicoby, Writney) 3d Partelet O-Alfredson 10 (Arvedon, Yoshin), 7, F-Writney 24 (Dvorat), 8. O-Prosped 9 (Dockell, Pillicob), 9-Floride on Yoshin (so.), Shets on goals O-12-11-13—36. F-7-11—
3-8. Gealles: O-Rhodes, F-Burts.
Les Angeles 1 1 0—2
Restedille: 11 1—3
Floride: Nosbelle, Romaing 20 (Walker, 15)
Floride: Nosbelle, Romaing 20 (Walker, 15)

8—26. Gesiles: O-Rhodes. F-Borks.
Les Angeles
1 1 1—2
Hestholde
1 1 1—1
tet Period: Nossbelle, Romaing 20 (Wolker,
Krivetrusov) 2. L.A.-Rohifeille 25 (ShumpelBalde) 20 Period: L.A.-Jokinen 9 (Audelin,
C.Johnson) 4. Nosbrelle. Beschowsky 3
(Wolker, Romaing) 30 Period: Nosbrelle,
Velicavic 2 (Bordeloru, Filzgerald) Shots on
gest L.A.-15-11-10—36. Nostrolle 12-89—29.
Geoffess L.A.-Fiset. Nosbrelle Vokuun.
Carolina
Calcogo
1 1—1
tet Period: 8. 2d Period: Carolina, O'Nosli
14 (Kovalenia, Bottoglia), 2. C-Dazz 19
14 control Thermood (and 3d Berried: Carolina

1st Period: 0. 2d Period: Caralina, O'Nelli 14 (Kovalenka, Bohopila), 2. C-Daze 19 (Letous, Zhazanov) (ppl. 3d Period: C-Probert 6 (Olazyi, Americ) Shets on geal: Caralina 18-9-6-25, C-2-109-25, Geatless Carolina, Irbe, C-Talhauti. Editaetes 2 0 6-2 Cataredo 1 2 2-5 1st Period: E-Murroy 17 (Grier, Berunet) (ppl. 2, E-Smyth 11 (Gueria, Pott) (ppl. 3, C-, Forsberg 25 (Fleury) 26 Period: C-Hejdek 13

Sep Jose

1 2 —6

1st Period: S.L.-Domphousse 17 (Ricci, Marphy) (pp). 2d Pariod: V.-Aucoin 23 (Healund, McCarbe) (pp). 3, S.J.-Murphy 22 (Domphousse, Friesen) 4, V.-Holden 2 (Jovrnowski) (pp). 3d Period: S.J.-Domphousse 18 (Friesen) (pp). 6, S.J.-Sturn 16, 7, S.J.-Domphousse 19 (Friesen) (ep). 6, S.J.-Sturn 16, 7, S.J.-Domphousse 19 (Friesen) (ep). Stats as good: V.-S.19-8—22, S.J.-12-8-9—28. Geoffee: V.-Snow, S.J.-Shields.

CRICKET

RIDIA YS PAKIETAM SUNDAY IN BANGALORE, BIOLA Pokiston: 291-8 in 50 overs. India: 168 oil out in 42.1 overs. Pokiston won by 123 runs.

WEST DIDES VS. AUSTRALIA ATH TEST, 20 DAY AT LUNCH SUNDAY IN STJOHN'R, ANTHRIA Irollo: 303 of out.

CYCLING

WORLD CUP

1. Peter Von Petegeen, Beiglum, TVM 6 hrs 15

mins 00 secs 2. Frank Vundenbroocke, Beig., Colidis, s.t. 2. Frank Vanderbroocks, Belg., Colidis, s.t.

1. Johan Moscavw, Belgium, Mopel of Isoc.

4. Michel Barbal, Irbly, Mapel 8 secs.

5. Zbignins Sprach, Poland, Lorspra, s.t.

6. Morkus Zberg, Switz, Robobonk, s.t.

7. Andrel Tchmil, Belgium, Lotto, s.t.

8. Tristum Hoffman, Nethorlands, TVM, s.t.

9. Denis Zbosto, Holy, Polit, s.t.

10. Lars Micholiser, Dennsork, Francoise des Jess, s.t.

WORLD CUP STANDISSES Jedies 2 reseas; 1. Van Petagen 129 polets; 2. Tchmil 128; 3. Spruch 86; 4. Erik Zabel, Ger, Devische Teleiom 74; 5. Vendenbroucke 70; 6. Museew 59; 7. Espray 45; 8. Bertali 48; 9. Stefano Gozzelli, It., Mercatone Una 40; 10. Lout Aus, Ed., Cosina 36.

GOLF

MUNSBIGWEAR CUP Final scores Sunday in 67.5 million year (\$562,000) Descerte Classic Municipared Cup at 6,769-yard (6,160-meted, par-72 Tothelyo Club (chihara Cause in Ichihara,

Topon Copenses unless specification 69-69-67-205
71-67-67-705
71-66-68-705
70-69-67-206
70-68-68-706
71-65-70-206
71-65-70-208
68-72-70-65-208
68-72-70-208
68-72-708
68-72-708 EIJ Mizoguchi Saleshi Higoshi Yasuharu Imano

RUGBYUNION

WORLD CUP QUALIFYDIO REFECUACIO

SUREDAY IN SECUL. South Korea 7E. Netherlands 14 NATURDAY IN LISEON Portugal 24, Unigory 33
Uniguay and Zenatch series 2-9 and meets
Morocos . for a piece World Cup.

SUPER 12 FRET LOUND

ACT 21, Corderbury 28 New South Wales 20, Auckland 21 Welkerto 16, Otogo 27 Constat Shorks 18, Wellington 34 xmers 35, Co Golden Cots 57, Northern Buils 24 STANDBIGS: Ofpop 22 points: Queen tond 18: New South Wales 18: Western Stormers 17: Confectury 15: Coastal Sharks 15: Golden Cats 15: ACT 13: Wellington 13: Audkland 12: Wallada 2: Northern Bells 1.

SOCCER

DUTCH PREST DIVERON RKC Westwijk 0 Vilesse Amtern 2 AZ Alkanour 0 Foyenoord 2 Sports Rollerdom 2 Doelinchem 3 spora American 2 Doesnoem 3
Fortung Sitterd 1 Heerenneem 6
NEC Nijmegen 1 Combust Leetworden 0
PSV Eindhoven 3 Ajax Amsterdess 1
3TANDROSS Feyerload 61 points;
Ambern 55; Eindhoven 49; Tibung 46;
Kerkrade 45; Ajax 44; Enschede 43; Heerenven 45; Ajax 44; Enschede 43; Heerenven 45; Ajax 46; Enschede 43; Heerenven 45; Ajax 46; Enschede 45; Unoch 32;
Millionen 25; Doddos Henri 26; Unoch 32;

Nilmegen 32: Doctinchem 26: Leerwa 25: Manstricht 23: Sparta Rotterdam Woohelik 15: Breds 14. DIOUSH PRINCE LEAGUE Charitan Q Cheisea 3

Liverpool 3, Everlon 2 Sheffield Wednesday 1, Covertry 2 Stretment Weatherstory I, Covernly 2
Southermpton (II, Arsenst (II, the
Tottenhern (II, Leicaster 3)
Withholdon II, Manchester United 1
STANDINGON III, U. 64 points; Arsenal
60 Chelson 59; Leeds 57; West Harn 47; Vilia

30: Charlion 28; Nort. Ferest 20. RC Lens 0 Le Hovre 1 Clymplane Lyon 2 Metz 0 Hontes 2 A.I Aussire 2

Manaco 1 Olympique STANDONOS: Bor

Lorlers 26: Toulouse 26: Sochess 21.

Genhala M tetrateurs 21.

Bor, Moenchengladbach 2, Hertin Berlin 4
Einfrischt Frankfurt 1, Vill. Bockrum 0
1866 Musich 1, FC Muterscherg 2
Schoftle 2, Vill. Wellsburg 0
Horsburger SV 2, 5C Frailburg 1
Werder Remen 0, Horsen Rostock 3
Borussko Derfinsed 2, Beyern Mursich 3
VIE Stuttgart 2, MSV Dulsharg 0
FC Kontestionhern 0, Boyer Levenkusen 1

**TANDENSAME BOYET MUNICH & ORDERSAMEN STANDENSAME BOYET MUNICH & Deiffung August Munich & & Bertin All Leverhusen & Kottesskurlern & Bertin All Deifsburg 25: Striftgert 21; Heenburger 21; Deisburg 30: Freiburg 27; Schaffer 27; Bremen 25; Bachum 24: Frontiert 28: Nerenberg 27: Rossock 20; Möenchengischbech 15.

PERLIAM PRIOR PRYSTON

Bort 1 AS Ronga 4

Empol 1 Juventus 0

Inter Milon 2 Florentine 0

Lagie 0 AC Milon 0

Porma 1 Capitan 1

Privagia 0 Balogno 0

Plocenza 4 Udinase 3

Veneda Saderellana G Vicurus I Sampdoria G SATANI I Sampdoria G SE Millan 49; Perrus 48; Ponta 42; Udinesa 42; Joventus 41; Inter Millan 19; Balogna 39; Cagliari J3; Veneda 12; Pontgia 32; Bari 31; Plocerus 28: Vicerus 26: So. Salemiliana 24: Empoli 19. SCOTTISK PREMIER LEADER

Aberdeen 3, Duntermilee 1 Cettic 5, Dundee 0 Dundee United 0, Motherwelt 3 Hearts 2, Kirmanneck 2 SPANUEL PIRT DIVISION Barcelona 5 Oviedo 1

Real Betts & Espertvol 1 Real Zaragues 2 Solomanca 0 Villarreal 0 Mariorca 2 Athletic Bilbao 0 Real Sociedad D Real Modrid 5 Aleves 2 Racing Sentender 0 Valencia 1 Departive Caruna 1 Alfetico Madrid 1

Deportive Corune 1 Affetto Modrid 1
arTAINDRESSED AND ANTERIOR SE POINTS, Volencia St. Reed Modrid 49; Vigo 48; Corune 48; Mollocra 48; Bibbo 43; Vigo 48; Corune 48; Mollocra 49; Selbon 47; Vigo 48; Corune 48; Mollocra 49; Selbon 47; Vigo 48; Corune 48; Societted 37; Exponyol 36; Astello Modrid 34; Sentender 32; Vigoria 13; Astello Modrid 34; Sentender 32; Vigoria 13; Astello Modrid 34; Sentender 32; Astello 14; Selbon 22; Astello 14; Selbon 22; Chicago 4; Alizard 1
New England 1 Konson CRy 0
San Jane 2; Las Angeles 1
art Allettaleone Centra Centerance D.C. 6
points: KY-NL 4; Columbus 3; Mess England 3; Alizard 1; Tompa Bry 0. Western Contended 3; Alizard 1; Tompa Bry 0. Western Contended 2; San Jone 2; Colorado 6; Konson CRy 0.

Wichell D Y CALITM

Wichell D Y CALITM

WORLD YOUTH

PREST BOOM Germany 4. Postgody 6 Nigeria 1. Code Rica 1 STANDBOOM: GATE ETAMORIOS: German Casta Rica 1; Nigeris 1; Pi GROUP Ghana 1, Croatia 1

Apetrodic 3, Scoot Arobic COPA LIBERTADORES

PREST ROUSED
GROUP 1
Nocionel, Uruguay, 2. Estudiantes, Ven. 1
PTIMAL STANEONINGS A-Nacional 10
points; x-Estudiantes 9; x-Bella Visits, Uruguay, 7; Monterny, Max. 7.
x-anabilist for second muscl.

TENNIS **PAVIS CUP**

FERST ROUND Dominik Hrbdy, Slovelda, del. Thomas Engykt, Sweden, 7-5, 4-6, 2-6, 6-2, 6-4, Janes Bjartman and Nickins Kuiti. Swe-def, Dominik Hrbdy and Karal Kuena, Slov-cida, 4-6, 7-6, 112-113, 6-7, (6-3), 6-1, 6-2.

Marat Safia. Russia. del. Nicolas Kintos Germany, 7-6 (11-2), 6-4, 6-4 BHITAN S, UNITED STATES 2 Todd Mortin, United States, def. Greg deal Britain 6-4-6-4-6-2

Work Philippoussis, Aug. def. Wayne Block

FRANCE 4, METHERS ANDS 1
Cedric Pfoline and Guilloume Room, Pr., del. Paul Hearings and Jan Slemerinis, Neth., 6-4, 5-7, 7-6 (7-8, 6-7 (4-7), 6-2.

BELBRIM A CZECH REPUBLIC 2 Slovo Dosedel, Czech Republic, def, Filip DeWolf, Belgium, 7-5, 6-3, 6-2 Jid Novak and David Riki, Czech R., def. Filip DelWulf and Johan van Herck, Beig., 7-6

Filip DeWhitt and Johan van Herct, Beig, 7-6
(7-3), 6-2, 6-0.
Christophe Van Garuse, Beighum, det, Bohdan Ultimoch, Casch R. 6-0 6-3 6-4.
Xavian Medisse, Beighum, det, Dosedel 3-6.
6-4, 6-0, 7-6 (7-3).
BailTrzeis Anna 2, ITAL v 2
Rager Federer, Switzentend, det, Dovide
Sangainetti, Italy, 6-4, 6-7 (3-7), 6-3, 6-4.
Marc Rosset und Lateraca Monte, Switzerkend, det, Stefano Pescassidio und Lateraca
Tieleman, Italy, 7-6 (7-0, 4-6, 7-5, 6-3,
Sanguinetti dei, No Heuberger, Switzerland, 6-3, 3-4, 7-6 (10-8).
Guntaca Pazzi, It, det. Federer 6-4, 7-6 (7-0,
ARRAGE-GEARER, Zenere ASIA-OCEANEA ZORE

New Zeeland 1. South Korea 2 PLAYOFFS on 3, Pukislan 0

PLAYOFFE

Romania 3, Creatia 2 Austria 4, Partugal 1 Finland 3, Israel 2 South Africa 4, Belanus 1 ANIERICA ZONE

OROUP 2

FAMILY CIRCLE CO IN HELTON HEAD ISLAND, BOUTH CAROLIN CMARTESPINALS

A. Kournitowe D7. Rue, def. Andreo Grass, Gr., 6-2, 2-1, ret. injury J. Novoina CD. Cz def. Herntels Megyevo (16), Slovalda, 6-2, 6-4.
P. Schmyder (6), Seritz, def. E. Likhovisevo (14), Rus., 6-3, 4-6, 7-6 (7-3); M. Hingts (1), Sw.,, def. N. Zverevo (11), Bel., 6-0, 7-6 (7-0). SEMETHALS
Hingis def. Novotro 6-2, 6-3,
Koumitous def. Scheyder 6-1 (5-7), 6-0, 6-1.

blic 0. Peru 2

TRANSITIONS

BASEBALL AMERICAN LEAGU BALTIMORE—Acquired 18-OF Jeft Conine from the Konsos Cily for RHP Chels Fuesell. Put C-18 Chris Holles on wolvers for purpose of gluing him his unconditional release. Assigned OF Lyte Moolon outright to Rochester, III. Bength controls of RHP ARRE-Fetters and INF Jesse Garciel from Rochester. Put 28 Deline DeShteids and RHP Scatt Komientecti on 15-day discolated list rehooding to March 26.

80570H—Bought the contracts of LHP Rheel Commerced 18 Brien Devolucin from Pourtucket III. EALTONORS - Accounted 18-OF Jeff Coning

CHICAGO WHITE SOX—Pot OF Brien Sim-mons on 15-day disabled list, retroactive to CLEVELAND—Released LHP Ron Visione.
KANSAS CITY—Recoiled OF Scatt Pose
ton Omate PLC.
N.Y. YANKES—Agraed to terms with LHP

TAMPA BAYPOT RHP Rick Gorecki on 15day discoled list, Optioned LHP Tyrei Wode
and LHP Alam Newmon to Durham, IL. Put
INF Agron Ledestra and OF Rich Butler on
15-day discoled list. Recalled LHP Mike
Duvoit from Durham.

TEXAS—Claimed 38 Torn Evens off walvers
from Toronto. Bought contracts of RHP Mark.

TEXAS—County of the Park of the Park of the Texas of the Tex

RHP Bobby Choulmord to Tucson-PCL
ATLANTA—Signed RHP More Picciolis to
continuo with Richmond. IL. Bought confincts
of INF Brian, Hunter and RHP Kevin
McGlinchey from Richmond. Optioned INF
Marty Modiory and RHP Justin Speler to Richmond. Put 1B Andres Geturnage, RHP Kerry
Lighenberg, RHP Russ Springer and LHP
Domiton Moose on 15-doy disobled list and
INF Wea Helms on 60-day disobled list.
CHICAGO—Put RHP Terry Adams on 15doy disobled list, retroocted the Controct of
RHP Scott Williamson from Indianapolis. IL.
FLORIDA—Put 38 Mike Lowel] on disobled.
FLORIDA—Put 38 Mike Lowel] on disobled.

league advance sout for 1999 season and Pa Kelly manager of Syracuse, IL. Signed RHF Doug Bockfier to minor-league contract. NATIONAL LEAGUE

HP Scott Williamson from Indiana; FLORIDA—Put 38 Mike Lowell on t Fibriba—Put 38 Mitte Lowell on disobled led. Bought Contract of RHP Dennis Springer from Catgory, PCL. Wasked 18-OF Trun Jockson, Bought contracts at 18-OF Trun Hyers and OF Brace Aven from Catgory, PCL. Houston—Optioned INF Daryle Word to New Orteons, PCL. Bought contract of RHP Brion Williams. Transferred contract of RHP Dean Crow to New Orteons.

LOS ANGELES—Put OF Todd Hollandsworth and 15-day Risphaled Ind.

ANVELES—Put OF Todd Holiondsworth on 15-day disabled list.

M.Y. METS—Optioned INF Shane Hotter and LHP Ripo Betten to Norfolk IL Designated RHP Densk Wallace for asskancent Research.

Bought contract of RHP Jo from Norfolk. PITTSBURGH---Recoiled St ez from Nuchville, PCL. EAN DISCO—Bought contracts of RHP Cor-los Reyes, INF Carlos Gorcle and OF Eric Owens from Las Vegas PCL, Assigned LHP Roberto Rivera and RHP Matt Whiteside to Las Vegas Park The Corp. Los Vegas. Put C Phil Nevin on 15-day dis-obled list refronctive to April 1. Transferred

NATIONAL BASICETAALL ASSOCIATION CLEVELAND—Signed G Earl Boykins for the remainder of season.

DENVER—Put F Keon Clark on Injuried Est. LA CLIPPERS—Signed G Trey Hud second 10-day controck: sted F Jamel Mas Injured list. Put F Terry Milts on injured list. NEW JERSEY—Signed F Jornie Feick to second 10-day controct.

FOOTBALL NATIONAL FOOTBALL LEAGUE BUFFALO-Signed OL Ethan Alb TE Eric Stock.
CAROLINA—Released WR Mark Carrier und
CR Steve Laffor.

CAROLINA—Released WR Mark Center and LB Ray Former. Re-signed CB Sixve Lafton, No-early RATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE ANAHEMA—Agreed to ferms with G Gregg Noumenko on musti-year controct.

COLLINOIS STATE—Named Jenny Yopp women's basketball coach.

INDIANA—Indefinitely suspended WR Tyrone Browning. S Kyle Moffort and DT Domion Gregory after mistermeanor disorderly. MICHIGAN STATE THROUGH CO.A.

MISSOURI ANNOUNCED THE PERFECTION STEWART MEN'S DOSKETORI CO.A.

MORTH CAROLINA-GREENSBORD—

ed Kristy Skns-Curty womn's posketbull cooch, SAYANNAH STATE—Nomed Sleven Wilks

football coech.

TEXAS—Announced that QB Adom Dunn, FB Josh Soperi and RB Eric Tosby are learning football team.

YARDERINIT—Named Kevin Statilings men's basks/boil coach.

VIRENNIA TECH—Announced a commoc extension for Boante Henrickson, women's baskeflad coach, through 2003-2004 secson.

WASHINGTON STATE—Named Jenny Przekwas women's baskefball coach, through 2013-2014 secson.

WILLIAM 2 MARY—Announced the resignation of Tring Patterson, women's baskef-ball coach. rzekwas women's basketh WILLIAM & MARY—Anno ration of Tring Patterson,

Est Martinard

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Solution to Puzzle of April 2

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43 Had control of the wheel 46 Junior high 47 French article as Not be fruga so Klamet 34 Capone and Capp 55 "Steady as

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Wolf es Coin toss cati. as Broad valley es German mister se Frost's 'The 43 Crowded Manhattan area 2 Take out of the

45 Gazpacho ingredients 46 Person who handles bills 49 "On call" device so Potluck choice et Newmiomen Magnus se Gilbert of "Rossenne" sa "lih-huh".

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4: Bisckburn 31; Everton 31; Sou PLENCK PIEST DIVISION

AS; Derby 44; Liverpool 45; Newcastle 47; Wimbledon 41; Middlesbrough 48; Toffenhorn 26; Leicester 37; Sheffield Wed, 35; Coventy

Thomas Johansson, Sweden, def. Hittoth Karol Kucara, Slovaida, def. Enqvist 6-1, GERMANY 2, RUBSIA S GENERANT Z. PURSON S.

Boris Becker and David Princell, Germany, def. Yevgeny Kofeliflow and Andrel Ci-hovski, Russia, 6-7 (4-7), 6-2, 6-3, 4-6, 10-8.

Kofetnitov def. Tomany Hous, Germany, 6-36462

> Thin Hermion and Grog Rusedsid, Britishdet. Todd Hartin and Alex O'Brien, United States, 3-6, 7-5, 6-3, 6-7 (7-5), 6-3. Hereman del. Martin 44, 7-5, 6-3, 7-6, 17-0. PRINTING OS. MORTH 44 - 0-5 -6 0 49.
>
> ZIBERSWE 1, RISTRALIA 6
>
> Todd Weedbridge and Mark Weedforde.
> Austrolia, del. Byron Black and Wayne Black.
> Zimbohwe, 44, 24, 6-3, 6-8.
>
> Pat Rotter, Australia, del. Byron Black, 6-4. 7-6 (7-2).6-2

Pioline del. Richard Kroßcek, Netherlands, 6-3, 3-4, 7-5, 7-6 (7-5). Jerome Golmand, Fr. del. Siemerink 6-4, 7-5. EPAN 2, BRAZIL 9 del. Alex Correta and Albert Costs, Spots, 6-2, 5-7, 4-6, 6-4, 6-3.

Belgian Sprints To Flanders Victory

CYCLING Peter Van Petegem of the TVM team outsprinted two other Belgian riders Sunday to win the

Tour of Flanders World Cup race. Van Petegem and Johan Museeuw, who rides for Mapei, broke clear at the start of the steep Wall of Geraardsbergen, the peo-ultimate climb, after Markus Zberg skidded away oo a sharp bend and blocked the other riders' path. Frank Vandenbroucke of Cofidis

closed the gap with the two leaders on the final climb, 12 kilometers (7 miles) from the line, but paid dearly for the effort during the sprint finish in which he could out match Van Petegern. Van Petegern leads the overall World Cup standings after two races.

Records for Relay Teams

SWIMMING Australia and Japan dominated the final day of the world short-course championships in Hong Koog on Suoday, claiming

another world record apiece.
The Australian men's 400-meter medley relay team set a pounding pace and feoded off a fierce last-minute challenge from Sweden to clock a world record in three minutes, 29.88 secoods.

The team broke Australia's own world record of 3:30.66 set in

Gothenburg in April 1997. The Japanese women's team set a record in the 400-meter medley relay with 3:57.62, beating the previous best of 3:57.73 set by China in 1993. Japan brought only five swimmers but woo second place in the medal table with six gold, two silver and one bronze. They also set two world records. (Reuters)

Tail Wags for Australia

CRICKET Colin Miller, a specialist bowler batting at number 10 for Australia, hit 43 Suoday to belp his team add 61 runs for its last two first-innings wickets. Miller hit two sixes off Curtly Ambrose. Aostralia was all out for 303 just before

FBI Investigates Films

WRESTLING The Federal Bureau of Investigation is investigating hidden-camera videotapes showing U.S. college wrestlers uodressing. showering and ucclothed in weigh-in areas at meets, including at a oational tournament at Northwestern University, the Chicago Tribune reported Sunday.

Images from the tapes are included in "hiddeo camera" poroographic material that is being marketed via the Internet and by mail, the oewspaper said.
Those familiar with the tapes,

including officials at Northwestern and at the University of Pennsylvania, believe the tapes were made using cameras con-cealed inside gym bags. (AP)

WORLD ROUNDUP The Unpredictable Rules In Davis Cup First Round

Sweden Is Dethroned as Kucera Leads Slovaks to Victory

By Christopher Clarey International Herald Tribune

BIRMINGHAM, England — The Davis Cup began with an upset in 1900 when the United States gave a tennis lesson to Great Britain, the natioo which codified the modern game.

So it seems appropriate that in the 100th year of this oow-venerable competition, the unpredictable remains the rule. Rankings count for less than they sbould; the small can threateo the big; champions can very quickly become candidates for releg-

Consider Sweden. With its rotating cast of cobesive pranksters, it won the Davis Cup the last two years, but in this year's first round, which con-cluded oo Sunday, the Swedes lost, 3-2, at bome to Karol Kucera and the Slovak Repoblic.

Consider Italy. In December, it was playing bost to the Swedes in the Davis Cup final in Milan, but by Sunday it was playing dead rubbers in Neuchatel, Switzerland, after the Swiss with their veteran Marc Rosset and their gifted newcomer Roger

Federer bad takeo an insurmountable 3-0 lead.

Above all, coosider Spain. It had Carlos Moya, the No. 2 player in the world, and Alex Corretja, the No. 6. It bad the bomecourt advantage and bad cbosen Moya's and Corretja's favorite surface: red clay. Bot the Spaniards were still beaten, 3-2, by the Brazilians, or more accurately, by Gustavo Kuer-

"The result of the match was Kuerteo 3 and Spain 2," said the Spanish captain, Manuel Santana, whose nation remains the strongest tennis oadoo never to have woo the Davis Cup.

When Kuerteo is in form, he is perhaps the finest claycourter in the world, as anyone can attest wbo watched his stirring run from obscurity to the 1997 French Open title. He has yet to come close to repeating that performance.

Last mooth, Moya bad beateo him to become

(very temporarily) No. 1 in the world. But Kuerten has traditionally dominated the tall, long-haired Spaniard, and he has never dominated him as thoroughly as he did Sunday. Kuerten needed only and he has never to needed only and he had a sunday of the had a sunday one hour and 39 minotes to win 6-2, 6-4, 6-1 and exact a measure of reveoge for Spain's victory in last year's first round in Brazil.

"This is the best thing that has ever happened to this team," Kuerten said. "I'm going to be playing in the second round of the Davis Cup for the first time in my life."

It was an Easter weekend for surprises, and a reassuring weekend for this competition even without world No. 1 Pete Sampras, who again declined
to play for the United States because he prefers to
save his energy for more personal goals. Sampras
turned out to be the only member of the top 10 who
did not take part in the opening round.

"If he doeso't want to be part of it, if anything,
it's his loss," said Tim Henman of Britain, who
avened his country's historic conarch with the

evened his country's historic remarch with the Americans at 2-2 on Sunday after defeating Todd Martin 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 7-6 (7-4) in the first reverse

Henman's teammate, Greg Rusedski, and the American Jim Courier played later in the evening to decide the tie, and whichever team won was going to play in the quarterfinals against Australia, which emerged victorious from a taxing and occasionally chaotic road trip to Zimbabwe with a 4-1 victory. A year ago in the Australian country town of

Mildura, the Australians bad imploded against the Zimhabweans as Mark Philippoussis openly feuded with Captain John Newcombe and Coach Tony Roche and declined to play. Philippoussis was back in the lineup for this year's remaich, but Philippoussis was beaten in the opening rubber by Zimbabwe's quick and combative Byron Black.

The credit for the Australian victory goes to Todd Woodbridge and Mark Woodforde, who de-feated Byroo and his brother Wayne in four sets in



Gustavo Kuerten of Brazil keeping his eye on the ball as he defeated Carlos Moya of Spain.

Saturday's doubles, and above all, to Patrick Rafter, the two-time United States Opeo champioo. Rafter won both his singles matches and beat Byron in straight sets oo Sunday to give the Australians an insurmountable 3-1 lead.

In Joly's other quarterfinals, Russia will bost the Slovak Republic, France will bost Brazil and Belgium will host Switzerland.

Before Czecboslovakia split amicably into two balves on Jan. 1, 1993, the Czecb half was always the stronger half, producing champions like Ivan Leodl, Jan Kodes, Martina Navratilova and Hana Mandlikova. But the Slovaks have become the stronger half since independence and after letting a

2-0 lead slip away against the Swedes last year, they did oot let a 2-0 lead slip away this year.

Although Jonas Bjorkman and Nicklas Kulti

managed to defeat Kucera and Dominik Hrbaty in five sets in Saturday's doubles to make it 2-1, Kucera put an end to the suspense in the first reverse singles oo Suoday by defeating Thomas Enqvist, the Australian Open finalist, 1-6, 6-3, 6-2,

6-4.
The suspense in Frankfurt, where the Germans were bosting the Russians, would take considerably longer to dissipate. On Saturday, in what was probably his final Davis Cup match, Boris Becker and his partner David Prinosil defeated Yevgeni Kafelnikov and Andrei Olhovskiy, 10-8, in the fifth

It was stirring stuff, but the quality of the line-judging was maddening to Kafelnikov, who walked off court after the match without shaking Becker's and Prinosil's hands.

and Prinosil's hands.

"It was a great match, bot the linesmen spoiled the play," said the Russian captain Shamil Tarpischev. "All of them were German, and they will oot decide in Russia's favor. It was outrageous."

Said Becker: "Both sides suffered from the calls."

They didn't decide the match."

But Kafelnikov, the world's No. 3, quickly took matters into his owo gifted bands oo Sunday, defeating Tommy Haas in straight sets to even the

That left the cooclusion to Marat Safin, Kafelnikov's power-stroking 19-year-old teammate. In his Davis Cup debut last year, Safin lost the de-cisive match to Courier in the first round against the United States, but his game and psyche have evolved considerably since then, and against Nic-olas Kiefer of Germany, he triumphed 7-6 (11-9),

An even younger man, Xavier Malisse, was the decisive figure in Belgium's 3-2 victory over the Czechs. Malisse, an 18-year-old with oo shortage of flair or self-assurance, defeated Slava Dosedel 3-6, 6-4, 6-0, 7-6 (9-7) in the final match to put Belgium into the quarterfinals for the second

for France under its new captain, Guy Forget, who etc.

buens:

E.

After spending nearly five hours on court on his moch-applauded show by hitting the bar with a Saturday with his partner, Guillaume Raoux, in a five-set defeat of Paul Haarhuis and Jan Siemerink, The Brazilian striker did oot look entirely fit, but Pioline returned to the court on Sunday and

Rivaldo's Hat Trick Propels Barcelona, 3-1

Rivaldo scored a hat trick Sunday as Barcelona beat Oviedo, 3-1, to stay atop the Spanish first division, while Real Madrid rose to third place with a hard-fought victory over Alaves.

The Brazilian's first goal came on a left-footed

blast from outside the penalty area in the 23d minute at Barcelona's Camp Nou stadium.

Dely Valdes of Panama tied the game three minutes later. But Rivaldo quickly put the Catalans back oo top, cooverting a penalty in the 31st minute after Jose Manuel Menendez was called for fouling Luis Figo. Rivaldo added another penalty in the 86th. The victory gave Barcelooa 56 points, six more than Valencia.

Beani McCarthy gave Ajax the lead in the 13th minute but theo saw Waterreus turn back a string of

Real Madrid, struggling to salvage a disappointing seasoo, chalked up its fourth straight triumph uoder its new coach. John Toshack, coming from behind twice to beat 17th-place Alaves by a score of 3-2. Real Madrid rose from fifth to third place with 3-2. Real Madrid rose from fifth to third place with 49 points, pending the results of a late game between Celta, which has 48, and Extremadura.

In other games Mallorga best Villageral 2-0:

In the out flee saw wateries turn oack a string of the second both goals oo penalties, improving his seasoo total to eight in 12 league proving hi

In other games, Mallorca beat Villarreal, 2-0; Valladolid defeated Tenerife, 2-1; Athletic Bilbao and Real Sociedad played to a scoreless tie; Espanyol beat Betis, 1-0, and Zaragoza beat Salamanca, 2-0. In matches played Saturday, Deportivo la Coruna tied Atletico Madrid, 1-1, and Valencia beat Racing Santander, 1-0.

METHERLANDS PSV Eindhoven came back from beat Nottingham Forest, 3-1.

goal down Sunday to beat Ajax Amsterdam, 3-1.

Roberto Di Matteo scored the Chelsea goal after a goal down Sunday to beat Ajax Amsterdam, 3-1. in the battle between two of Dutch soccer's most

Although Loc Nilis and Ruud van Nistelrooij scored the goals. PSV's here was Ronald Wa-

German, French and Russian soccer. Page 19.

hoth held to draws Saturday, allowing Chelsea and

Leeds United to gain ground in the English Premier United occded a David Beckham goal to draw, 1-1, at Wimbledoo in South London: Arsenal drew, 0-

0. at Southampton; Chelsea won an all-London

14 minutes. The Charlton goalkeeper, Sasa Ilic, parried a cross straight at Di Matten, and the Italian seot the ball straight past him into the net.

Ilic protested against the NATO bombing of

Yogoslavia earlier in the week, and Alan Curbishley, the Charlton manager, refused to fault his bishley, the Charlton manager, refused to fault his play in goal. "Sasa was very upset at the start of the week," Curbishley said. "If you take the goal out, be has made some fine saves and played well."

ITALY Ronaldo scored his first goals in nearly three mooths as Inter Milan beat visiting Fiorentina, 2-0, on Sanarday to help push Lazio six points atop the Italian Serie A standings.

Ronaldo scored both goals on penalties, improving his season total to eight in 12 league matches. Fiorentina's defeat meant that Lazio increased its lead even though it could only draw the

minute and capped an outstanding performance What is clear is that Cedric I that ended Inter's 10-match winless streak. He for Forget as he did for Noah. made it two with seveo minutes left and completed

powerful drive in the closing minutes. he troohled Fiorentina's defense every time he got clinched the victory hy upsetting Richard Krajicek match, 1-0, at Charlton Athletic and Leeds United the ball. (AP, AFP, Reuters) in four sets.



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